Cost-effective use of BISphosphonates in metastatic bone disease - a comparison of bone MARKer directed zoledronic acid therapy to a standard schedule

	[X] Prospectively registered
Stopped	☐ Protocol
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
Stopped	[X] Results
Condition category	Individual participant data
• •	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

http://cancerhelp.cancerresearchuk.org/trials/a-trial-looking-at-zoledronic-acid-for-breast-cancer-that-has-spread-to-the-bones2

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Robert E Coleman

ORCID ID

http://orcid.org/0000-0002-4275-1043

Contact details

Cancer Research Centre
Academic Unit of Clinical Oncology
Weston Park Hospital
Whitham Road
Sheffield
United Kingdom
S10 2SJ

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number 2005-001376-12

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT00458796

Secondary identifying numbers

BISMARK 2005

Study information

Scientific Title

Cost-effective use of BISphosphonates in metastatic bone disease - a comparison of bone MARKer directed zoledronic acid therapy to a standard schedule

Acronym

BISMARK

Study objectives

It is the aim of this trial to determine whether a bone marker directed schedule of bisphosphonate therapy is comparable with a fixed 3-4 weekly strategy in preventing skeletal related events and maintaining quality of life.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Advanced breast cancer

Interventions

Standard schedule of zoledronic acid (4-weekly) versus marker-directed schedule of zoledronic acid (4, 8 or 16-weekly - variable - dependent on urinary Ntx/creatinine ratio measured every 4 months)

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Zoledronic acid

Primary outcome measure

Frequency and timing of all skeletal related events (SREs), defined as fractures, radiotherapy to bone, hypercalcaemia of malignancy, orthopaedic surgery and spinal cord compression.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Quality of life
- 2. Clinical burden of skeletal complications
- 3. Pain, performance status and analgesic use (PPA score)
- 4. The incidence of new bone metastases
- 5. Overall survival
- 6. Bisphosphonate use and expenditure on administration

Sub-studies in a sub-set of the study population will compare:

- 1. Health care utilisation
- 2. Evaluation of the clinical utility of the 'point of care' test for NTX excretion
- 3. Changes in serum markers of bone metabolism

Overall study start date

01/09/2005

Completion date

30/09/2013

Reason abandoned (if study stopped)

Participant recruitment issue

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with advanced breast cancer with radiographic confirmation of bone metastases
- 2. Men or women aged ≥18 years
- 3. World Health Organisation (WHO) (Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group [ECOG]) performance status 0-2
- 4. Women of child-bearing potential must be using a reliable and appropriate method of

contraception

5. Ability to read and complete the European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) and pain quality of life (QoL) questionnaires

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

1400

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Bisphosphonate treatment within the 4 weeks prior to planned first study treatment
- 2. Abnormal renal function as evidenced by a calculated creatinine clearance <30 ml/minute
- 3. Poor venous access
- 4. Metabolic bone disease (e.g. Paget's disease of bone)
- 5. Unable to comply with study procedures, especially the reliable collection of urine samples for bone resorption marker measurements
- 6. Estimated life expectancy of <6 months
- 7. Treatment with systemic bone seeking radioisotopes (e.g. strontium, samarium) within the 3 months prior to study entry
- 8. Wide field (hemi-body) radiotherapy within the 3 months prior to study entry
- 9. Concomitant medication with drugs known to affect bone metabolism
- 10. Pregnancy or breast-feeding
- 11. Current active dental problems including infection of the teeth or jawbone (maxilla or mandibular), or a current or prior diagnosis of osteonecrosis of the jaw (ONJ)
- 12. Recent (within 4 weeks of study entry) or planned dental or jaw surgery (e.g. extractions, implants)

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2005

Date of final enrolment

30/09/2013

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

Scotland

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Weston Park Hospital Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2SJ

Study participating centre Clinical Trials Research Unit University of Leeds Leeds United Kingdom LS2 9JT

Study participating centre
St Lukes Cancer Centre at the Royal Surrey
Guildford
United Kingdom
GU2 7XX

Study participating centre Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust Shrewsbury United Kingdom SY3 8XQ

Study participating centre Western General Hospital Edinburgh United Kingdom EH4 2XU

Study participating centre
Cancer Research UK Oncology Unit
Southampton General Hospital
Southampton
United Kingdom
SO16 6YD

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Sheffield (UK)

Sponsor details

Academic Division Research Office 85 Wilkinson Street Sheffield England United Kingdom S10 2GJ

Sponsor type

University/education

ROR

https://ror.org/05krs5044

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Clinical Trials Advisory and Awards Committee (CTAAC)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Final publication in preparation

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Plain English resultsNoYesAbstract resultsresults20/05/2012NoNo