

# A brief online psychosocial intervention to reduce binge drinking in new university students

<b>Submission date</b> 23/06/2014	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 02/07/2014	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 26/01/2018	<b>Condition category</b> Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Binge drinking is a common behaviour among university students that can result in both social and health problems is associated (e.g., physical violence, accidents, unsafe sex). Significant life changes, such as going to university, are teachable moments when people are more open to making changes to their behaviour. This study will test the effectiveness of three health behaviour change techniques in reducing binge drinking at university:

1. Encouraging people to reflect on their personal values to increase their openness to health messages
2. Targeting the key beliefs associated with binge drinking
3. Helping people to form specific plans to avoid binge drinking.

The intervention(s) will be assessed online (as young people are the main users of the internet) two weeks before students start at university. Students will complete measures immediately after receiving the intervention(s) and will also be followed-up one week, one month and six months after starting university to examine the impact of the intervention(s) on binge drinking beliefs and behaviour.

### Who can participate?

All incoming undergraduate students (in 2014) to the University of Sheffield.

### What does the study involve?

Students who decide to take part will be asked to complete an initial online questionnaire on their typical drinking behaviour approximately two weeks before starting university. They will then be randomly assigned to one of three experimental groups after which they will complete measures of their beliefs about binge drinking. All participants will be asked to complete further questionnaires one week, one month and six months after starting university to assess their binge drinking behaviour and beliefs. In order to encourage participation, participants will have the opportunity to be entered into draws to win £100 after completing each questionnaire. Participants completing all of the questionnaires will also be entered into an additional prize draw to win an iPad-mini.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Avoiding binge drinking can reduce the risk of both short-term and long-term negative social

and health outcomes. It is hoped that the intervention will help students to reduce their levels of alcohol consumption at university. No major risks or discomfort are anticipated.

Where is the study conducted?

University of Sheffield (UK)

When is study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

September 2014 to March 2015

Who is funding the study?

National Prevention Research Initiative (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Prof. Paul Norman

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## Contact information

**Type(s)**

Scientific

**Contact name**

Prof Paul Norman

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## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**

V1

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

A brief theory-based online intervention to reduce binge drinking in new university students: Targeting reception, motivation, and volition at a teachable moment

**Study objectives**

The project will assess the effect of different combinations of three health behaviour change techniques (i.e., self-affirmation, theory-based messages, implementation intentions), delivered

in an online intervention to young people shortly before they start university, on their binge drinking beliefs and behaviour over the first six months at university.

### **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

### **Ethics approval(s)**

University of Sheffield, Department of Psychology Research Ethics Committee, 22/03/2013, ref: 2013-628

### **Study design**

2 x 2 x 2 between-participants factorial design. Randomised controlled trial

### **Primary study design**

Interventional

### **Study type(s)**

Prevention

### **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Alcohol consumption

### **Interventions**

Participants will be randomised to condition in a 2 (self-affirmation: yes, no) × 2 (theory-based messages: yes, no) × 2 (implementation intention: yes, no) between-participants factorial design.

Participants allocated to the self-affirmation condition will complete an attributes questionnaire (Napper et al., 2009) that comprises items adapted from the Values in Action Strength Scale (Peterson & Seligman, 2004). Participants will be asked to rate the extent to which 32 positive values or characteristics (e.g., I always try to keep my word) apply to themselves.

Participants allocated to the theory-based messages condition will be presented with messages (i.e., text and videos) based on the theory of planned behaviour that target the key beliefs underlying binge drinking at university. The messages have been developed on the basis of formative work that identified the key beliefs associated with new students binge drinking intentions and behaviour at university (Epton et al., 2014).

Participants allocated to the implementation intention condition will be asked to form if-then plans to avoid binge drinking at university (Gollwitzer, 1999). Participants will be provided with examples of appropriate implementation intentions (Hagger et al., 2012) and then instructed to generate their own if-then plans.

### **Intervention Type**

Other

### **Phase**

Not Applicable

### **Primary outcome(s)**

The experimental groups will be compared on the following primary outcome measures at six-month follow-up (controlling for baseline measures):

1. Number of units of alcohol consumed in a typical week assessed using a retrospective seven-day alcohol diary (Gmel & Rehm, 2004).  
2. Number of binge drinking sessions in a typical week.  
The experimental groups will also be compared on these measures at one-week, one-month and six-month follow-ups.

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

The experimental groups will also be compared on the following secondary outcome measures:

1. AUDIT (Babor et al., 2001) scores (six-month follow-up)
2. Direct measures of the Theory of Planned Behaviour (Ajzen, 1988) constructs attitude, subjective norms, descriptive norms, self-efficacy, perceived control and intention (post-intervention, one month and six months)
3. Belief strength (Ajzen, 1988) beliefs targeted in the messages (post-intervention, one month and six months)

### **Completion date**

30/03/2015

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

All incoming undergraduate students (in 2014) to the University of Sheffield

### **Participant type(s)**

Healthy volunteer

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Sex**

All

### **Key exclusion criteria**

Not provided at time of registration

### **Date of first enrolment**

08/09/2014

### **Date of final enrolment**

30/03/2015

## **Locations**

### **Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**  
**University of Sheffield**  
Sheffield  
United Kingdom  
S10 2TP

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**  
University of Sheffield (UK)

**ROR**  
<https://ror.org/05krs5044>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**  
Research organisation

**Funder Name**  
Formative research to develop the intervention materials was, in part, funded by the National Prevention Research Initiative - Phase 4 (UK) ref: MR/J000450/1

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Prof. Paul Norman ([p.norman@sheffield.ac.uk](mailto:p.norman@sheffield.ac.uk)).

**IPD sharing plan summary**  
Available on request

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/02/2018		Yes	No
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes