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Revlimid® Early Stage Poor prognosis Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) Trial

Submission date 31/03/2010	**Recruitment status** No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered [_] Protocol [_] Statistical analysis plan [X] Results [_] Individual participant data
Registration date 31/03/2010	**Overall study status** Completed	
Last Edited 19/05/2022	**Condition category** Cancer	

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number
2009-011078-14

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
7344

Study information

Scientific Title
A single arm phase II study to investigate the use of Lenalidomide in the treatment of patients with early stage chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) associated with poor prognostic factors

Acronym
RESPeCT

Study objectives
The majority of patients with chronic lymphocytic leukaemia (CLL) are diagnosed with early stage disease (Binet stage A or Rai stage 0/I). Standard management of such patients is observation, and with median age at diagnosis of 72 and median time to progression of greater than 5 - 10 years, many will never require treatment. In contrast, a proportion of patients have more aggressive disease, and over the last decade, a number of molecular factors have been identified that may be used to identify patients with poor prognosis disease. Each is associated with shortened time to treatment (typically less than 3 years in patients with two or more factors), reduced survival, with in the case of p53/ATM inactivation, resistance to treatment.

Whether it is possible to improve the outcome of patients with CLL and adverse prognostic factors by early intervention with treatment is unknown. Several trials in the 1980's demonstrated that treatment of stage A CLL with conventional chemotherapy (chlorambucil) did not alter the natural history of the disease, although none of these studies stratified patients according to risk. The choice of alternative potential therapeutic agents is limited; they should be effective in patients with adverse prognostic factors, have acceptable toxicity, be able to overcome the drug resistance associated with p53/ATM inactivation and ideally be orally administered.

Two recent phase II trials have demonstrated that Lenalidomide is effective in the treatment of relapsed/refractory disease. Importantly, both studies included a high proportion of patients with adverse prognostic factors including p53 inactivation. The principle objective of this study is to investigate the efficacy of Lenalidomide in achieving disease response (complete remission and clearance of minimal residual disease) in patients with poor risk early stage disease, together with assessment of safety and tolerability.

As of 02/05/2012, the anticipated end date of trial has been updated from 01/04/2012 to 24/11/2011.

Ethics approval required
Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)
North West 7 Research Ethics Committee approved on the 27th November 2009 (ref: 09/H1008/122)

Study design
Non-randomised multicentre interventional treatment trial

Primary study design
Interventional

Secondary study design
Non randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)
Other

Study type(s)
Treatment

Participant information sheet
Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied
Topic: National Cancer Research Network; Subtopic: Haematological Oncology; Disease: Leukaemia (chronic)

Interventions
Oral lenalidomide at escalating dose for 3 x 28 day cycles (2.5 mg daily, 5 mg daily, 10 mg daily), then maintenance phase at 10 mg (or maximum tolerated dose).

Intervention Type
Drug

Phase
Phase II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)
Lenalidomide

Primary outcome measure
Complete remission with clearance of minimal residual disease (MRD). Response to treatment to be assessed continually, with a more detailed assessment after 6 months of treatment (or earlier if clinically indicated). For patients in complete remission clearance of MRD is assessed every 6 months.

Secondary outcome measures
1. Safety and tolerability of treatment, assessed continually throughout treatment by collection of adverse event data, blood results, etc.
2. Event free survival, assessed each time patients are seen - at least once per month during treatment with study drug and then annually once off study drug and in long-term follow-up
3. Time to next treatment, assessed each time patients are seen - at least once per month during treatment with study drug and then annually once off study drug and in long-term follow-up

Overall study start date
01/04/2010

Completion date
24/11/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria
1. Binet stage A CLL
2. Two or more risk factors:
2.1. Unmutated IgVH locus (=98% homology to germline sequence)
2.2. CD38 expression (greater than 7%)
2.3. Deletion of chromosome 11q22 (greater than 20% by FISH)
2.4. Deletion of chromosome 17p13 (greater than 10% by FISH)
3. Over 18 years old, either sex
4. Capable to provide written informed consent
5. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status less than 2
6. Life expectancy greater than 2 years
7. Must agree to not share study lenalidomide with someone else
8. Must agree not to donate blood whilst taking the study drug and for one week after discontinuation of treatment
9. Female subjects of child bearing potential and all male subjects must agree to comply with the stipulations of the pregnancy prevention plan

Participant type(s)
Patient

Age group
Adult

Lower age limit
18 Years

Sex
Both

Target number of participants
Planned Sample Size: 40; UK Sample Size: 40

Key exclusion criteria
1. Current or recent (within the last 1 month) participation in another clinical trial investigation the action of an investigational medicinal product for the treatment of CLL
2. Pregnant or lactating
3. Known positivity for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) types 1 or 2
4. Prior history of malignancies, other than CLL, unless the subject was treated with curative intent and has been free of the disease for 3 years. Exceptions include the following:
4.1. Basal cell carcinoma of the skin
4.2. Squamous cell carcinoma of the skin
4.3. Carcinoma in situ of the cervix
4.4. Carcinoma in situ of the breast
5. Significantly abnormal renal or hepatic function:
5.1. Creatinine clearance less than 60 ml/min (measured or calculated)
5.2. Serum aspartate aminotransferase (AST) greater than 3 x upper limit of normal (ULN)
5.3. Serum bilirubin greater than 34 µmol/l
6. Laboratory tumour lysis syndrome according to the Cairo-Bishop classification. Subjects may be enrolled when these abnormalities have been corrected.
7. Peripheral neuropathy (grade = 2)
8. Previous treatment for CLL

9. Previous treatment with Thalidomide or immunomodulatory derivative drugs (including lenalidomide)
10. Treatment with corticosteroids (for CLL or other indications) less than 28 days from study entry
11. Evidence of Richter's transformation
12. Unsupported absolute neutrophil count less than 1 x 10^9/l or platelet count less than 50 x 10^9/l not due to CLL
13. Active autoimmune haemolytic anaemia or thrombocytopenia
14. Any other medical or psychological condition that in the view of the investigator would be likely to impact compliance with the protocol or interfere with trial treatment

Date of first enrolment
01/04/2010

Date of final enrolment
24/11/2011

Locations

Countries of recruitment
England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
The Christie NHS Foundation Trust
550 Wilmslow Road
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M20 4BX

Sponsor information

Organisation
Christie NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

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Wilmslow Road
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Sponsor type
Hospital/treatment centre

Website
http://www.christie.nhs.uk/

ROR
https://ror.org/03v9efr22

Funder(s)

Funder type
Industry

Funder Name
Celgene International Sàrl (Switzerland)

Funder Name
Leukaemia Research Fund (LRF) (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan
Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan
Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary
Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Basic results		04/03/2021	19/05/2022	No	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No