Visual distraction to reduce anxiety and pain during nerve block injection

Submission date	No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
17/12/2020		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
06/07/2021	Completed Condition category Other	Results		
Last Edited		Individual participant data		
08/07/2021		Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

A visit to the hospital for a medical procedure increases tension and emotion in many people. This is very understandable, which is why we are now investigating whether we can make a person's stay in the hospital more pleasant by using video glasses during the treatment. A nerve block is an injection of a local anaesthetic to numb the nerves supplying a particular part of the body, such as the hand, arm or leg.

How much fear/pain someone experiences during a nerve block differs per person. By using the video glasses, we hope to be able to provide sufficient distraction to experience less fear and/or pain during the treatment.

Who can participate?

Adults over 18 years, who are going to undergo a nerve block at the hospital

What does the study involve?

The video glasses are a kind of glasses with headphones that allow you to watch and listen to a video during the treatment.

Participants will be assigned at random (by the computer) to one of the three research groups. Group 1 standard treatment, with video glasses on during the treatment and a maximum of 5 minutes before the treatment to get used to the glasses and headphones.

Group 2 standard treatment, with video glasses on during the treatment but also 15 minutes before the treatment to completely unwind and relax.

Group 3 standard treatment, without using the video glasses (this is the current treatment currently being given in the hospital).

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Patients will not directly benefit from participating in this study, apart from a potential reduction in pain. Disadvantages to participation will be 10 mins taken to complete questionnaires and an additional 15 mins for one of the treatment groups before the start of the treatment.

Where is the study run from? Spaarne Gasthuis (Netherlands)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? From March 2018 to February 2019

Who is funding the study? Spaarne Gasthuis (Netherlands)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Karlijn van Stralen
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Contact information

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

Dr Karlijn van Stralen

ORCID ID

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

2018.273

Study information

Scientific Title

Effectiveness of an audio-visual device for anxiety and pain reduction during a nerve block procedure – a randomized controlled trial

Study objectives

The audio-visual device will influence the amount of experienced anxiety and pain during a pain relief procedure. In addition, we expect that patients will benefit when the distraction starts prior to treatment; by attenuating anxiety beforehand, affecting the perceived procedural pain. 21

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The Medical Ethics review committee of the VU University Medical Center (OHRP - IRB00002991 /FWA00017598) judged on June 5, 2018, that the medical research involving human subjects ACT (WMO) does not apply to this study as the intervention was not considered medical, as all patients received standard care and the intervention was the use of video glasses. They stated that this study did not require official approval by the committee. (2018.273).

Approved 05/07/2018, institutional review board of the spaarne gasthuis (Spaarne Poort 1, Hoofddorp, Netherlands 2134 TM; +31 (023) 22 42842; no email contact available), ref: 2018.0055.

Study design

Parallel group non-blinded randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised parallel trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Other

Participant information sheet

See additional file

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Pain and anxiety before and during a nerve block procedure

Interventions

Patients were randomly assigned (block size three) to one of the three intervention groups by computer program Research Manager, Deventer, The Netherlands, 2018. General preoperative characteristics were provided by the participants at home or in the waiting area of the clinic.

In the holding area room, all the participants scored their levels of anxiety and pain for that particular moment in time (T1).

After that, instructions on how to use the video glasses were provided for group 1 and 2.

Group 1 underwent the medical procedure with the glasses on.

Group 2 had an extra 15 min in the holding area 'to relax' with the video glasses on while watching their video of preference and continued watching the video during the medical procedure.

Group 3 underwent the medical procedure as usual, without video glasses.

Normal duration of the medical procedure was 10-12 min. After the medical procedure, all patients were moved to the recovery room where T2 was scored.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Video glasses

Primary outcome measure

Anxiety assessed with the Dutch State and Trait Anxiety Inventory (STAI) form before (T1) and after (T2) the medical procedure

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. The Numeric Rating Scale (NRS) was used for measuring pain on a 0 -10 scale at T1 and T2
- 2. Electrodermal activity (EDA) sensor PIP, Dublin, Ireland 2018, was placed during the medical treatment only, recording EDA in frames of 8 times per second to determine stress levels and stress events during the procedure
- 3. Experiences of the intervention measured using a novel questionnaire at T2
- 4. Side effects reported on the questionnaire by the patients or noted by the medical staff at T2

Overall study start date

06/03/2018

Completion date

02/02/2019

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Adults 18 years and older
- 2. Conditions that require nerve block intervention
- 3. Written informed consent
- 4. We allow re-enrolment in the randomisation procedure, as some patients will return for repeated treatment during the randomisation period. A new written informed consent is needed

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

195

Total final enrolment

99

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with difficulties in speaking and reading Dutch
- 2. Patients physically or mentally not able to consent
- 3. Patients with severe hearing loss or refraction errors making it impossible to wear the audiovisual device
- 4. Anxiety disorders, such as panic disorder, obsessive-compulsive disorder, posttraumatic stress disorder and others

5. ASA 4 - 5

Date of first enrolment

20/06/2018

Date of final enrolment

02/02/2019

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre Spaarne Gasthuis

Spaarnepoort 1 Hoofddorp Netherlands 2300RC

Sponsor information

Organisation

Spaarne Gasthuis

Sponsor details

Spaarne Poort 1 Hoofddorp Netherlands 2300 RC +31 22416444 wetenschapsbureau@spaarnegasthuis.nl

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Spaarne Gasthuis science fund

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

We aim to publish our paper in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal.

Intention to publish date

01/01/2021

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Karlijn van Stralen (wetenschapsbureau@spaarnegasthuis.nl). The R dataset will be available until December 2032. Approval for use of dataset is required from the local review board of the Spaarne Gasthuis, as well as the legal department to check if the data request falls within the consent of the participants. This depends on the required data, the country of the request, and the location of the analyses.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet		16/11/2020	08/07/2021	No	Yes
Protocol file		04/05/2018	08/07/2021	No	No