

International Trial of Antioxidant for the Prevention of Preeclampsia

Submission date 26/09/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 26/09/2005	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 17/11/2009	Condition category Pregnancy and Childbirth	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Study website

<http://www.gereq.net/intapp>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

MCT-62005

Study information

Scientific Title

Antioxidants for the prevention of preeclampsia: a randomised controlled trial

Acronym

INTAPP

Study objectives

To determine whether daily supplementation of vitamin C and vitamin E reduce the incidence of gestational hypertension (with or without proteinuria) and its adverse conditions.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Centre De Recherche De L'Hopital Sainte-Justine, Comité d'éthique de la recherche gave approval on the 1st December 2003.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Gestational hypertension with or without proteinuria (preeclampsia)

Interventions

Group One (Experimental): Daily supplementation with 1 g Vitamin C, 400 IU Vitamin E

Group Two (Control): Matching placebo

The duration of the follow-up varies for each participant. The woman is randomised between 12⁰/7 to 18⁶/7 weeks of pregnancy and she takes the medication daily until the date of delivery.

Trial details received: 12 Sept 2005

Intervention Type

Supplement

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Vitamin C, vitamin E

Primary outcome measure

Gestational hypertension, with or without proteinuria and adverse conditions. The data is recorded from the medical chart after post-partum hospital discharge. The period covered is: pregnancy, from randomisation to post-partum hospital discharge.

Secondary outcome measures

Outcome indicators are assessed from randomisation until post-partum hospital discharge. The following sources are used: prenatal record from treating MD, data recorded in CRF by study nurse at the three follow-up visits, postpartum and newborn hospital chart of mother and baby. The period covered is: pregnancy, from randomisation to postpartum hospital discharge.

1. Preeclampsia
2. Maternal death
3. Severe preeclampsia
4. Preterm delivery less than 32 and less than 37 weeks gestation (gestational age corrected by early ultrasound scan)
5. Intrauterine growth restriction (less than third centile)
6. Perinatal mortality
7. Spontaneous abortion
8. Premature rupture of membranes
9. Antenatal inpatient days
10. Neonatal mortality indicators

Overall study start date

15/01/2004

Completion date

30/06/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. The woman is pregnant between 12⁰/7 and 18⁶/7 completed weeks
2. At least 18 years of age
3. Speaks a language known by the medical staff
4. Plans to deliver in a participating hospital

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

10000 low risk; 2500 high risk

Key exclusion criteria

1. Daily Vitamin C intake equal or more than 200 mg
2. Daily Vitamin E intake equal or more than 50 IU
3. Uses warfarin (coumadin)
4. Known major foetal abnormalities, including chromosomal anomalies in the current pregnancy
5. Has one of the following conditions:
 - 5.1. Untreated hypo/hyperthyroidism
 - 5.2. Renal disease with altered renal function (creatinine more than two times the upper limit of the normal range value)
 - 5.3. Any collagen vascular disease (including lupus erythromatosus, scleroderma)
 - 5.4. Active or chronic hepatitis
 - 5.5. Epilepsy
 - 5.6. Cancer
 - 5.7. Threatened abortion (the woman had two or more miscarriages)
 - 5.8. Illicit drug use or alcohol abuse (more than or equal to two drinks a day during current pregnancy)

Date of first enrolment

15/01/2004

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2008

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Argentina

Belgium

Canada

China

Mexico

Study participating centre
Hôpital Sainte-Justine
Montréal
Canada
H3T 1C5

Sponsor information

Organisation
Hospital Sainte-Justine (Montréal) (Canada)

Sponsor details
3175 Chemin Côte Ste-Catherine
Montréal
Canada
H3T 1C5

Sponsor type
Hospital/treatment centre

Website
<http://www.chu-sainte-justine.org/Accueil/default.aspx>

ROR
<https://ror.org/01gv74p78>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Research organisation

Funder Name
Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) (Canada) - <http://www.cihr-irsc.gc.ca> (ref: MCT-62005)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan
Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Interim results article	interim results	01/06/2005		Yes	No