

# A randomised controlled trial to investigate the effectiveness of two commonly-used lifestyle-based weight-loss programmes across three countries

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<b>Registration date</b> 08/08/2007	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 06/07/2018	<b>Condition category</b> Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

## Secondary identifying numbers

6202

# Study information

## Scientific Title

A randomised controlled trial to investigate the effectiveness of two commonly-used lifestyle-based weight-loss programmes across three countries

## Acronym

WW Global Effectiveness Trial

## Study objectives

The purpose of the study is to compare the effectiveness of WeightWatchers (WW), a commercial weight-loss programme, with current standard General Practitioner (GP) weight-loss treatment for overweight adults, as informed by national guidelines in three countries (the UK, Australia and Germany).

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

1. UK: Nottingham Research Ethics Committee 2, 30/04/2007, ref: 07/Q2404/40
2. Australia: Sydney SW Area Health Service (RPAH Zone), 14/05/2007, ref. X07-0089
3. Germany: Ethics Committee of Fakultät (Ethikkommission der Fakultät für Medizin der TUM), 18/05/2007, ref. 1812/07

## Study design

12-month multi-centre randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Other

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Overweight and obesity

## Interventions

GP referral to WW for 12 months versus standard GP management for weight loss for 12 months.

## **Intervention Type**

Behavioural

## **Primary outcome measure**

To examine the differences in weight loss at 12 months between the WW programme and standard GP management for weight loss (as informed by national guidelines) across three countries.

## **Secondary outcome measures**

1. To investigate numbers of subjects losing 5% and 10% of baseline weight in each group
2. To investigate changes in a number of indicators of metabolic disease in both groups - to include body composition (bio-impedance analysis), simple indices of insulin sensitivity (HOMA-IR), lipid profile, liver function and inflammatory markers, measured at baseline and at 6 and 12 months
3. To explore the impact of the treatments on eating behaviour (Three Factor Eating Questionnaire [TFEQ-R21]), physical activity (International Physical Activity Questionnaire short version [IPAQ-short]) and quality of life (Impact of Weight on Quality Of Life [IWQOL-lite]), assessed at baseline and at 6 and 12 months
4. To examine cost of the WW programme vs standard GP care for weight loss
5. To investigate the temporal pattern of change in body weight over all measured time points
6. To qualitatively explore participants' experiences of the two weight-loss programmes (focus groups), assessed at baseline and at 6 and 12 months

## **Overall study start date**

01/07/2007

## **Completion date**

31/12/2009

# **Eligibility**

## **Key inclusion criteria**

Men and women who are overweight and with evidence of some increased risk of obesity-related disease will be eligible for the trial. Participants will be male and female adults aged 18+ years, with a body mass index of 27 - 35 kg/m<sup>2</sup> and one or more of the following risk factors:

1. Family history of diabetes mellitus
2. Controlled type 2 diabetes mellitus not treated with insulin\*
3. Previous gestational diabetes mellitus
4. Impaired glucose tolerance/impaired fasting glycaemia
5. Mild-moderate dyslipidaemia, or treatment for dyslipidaemia
6. Treatment for hypertension
7. Central adiposity (waist circumference greater than 88 cm in women or greater than 102 cm in men)
8. Polycystic ovary syndrome/infertility without apparent cause other than weight
9. Lower limb osteoarthritis
10. Abdominal hernia

\* Patients with type 2 diabetes treated with sulphonylureas will be eligible for inclusion but GPs will be advised to instruct them to closely monitor their glucose levels due to the additional risk

of hypoglycaemia during weight loss, and to regularly review their medication. The number of people with diabetes recruited to the study will be limited to a maximum of 50% of the total sample.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 Years

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

804 (268 per country)

**Key exclusion criteria**

Factors which may affect weight:

1. Recent weight loss of greater than 5 kg in the previous 3 months
2. History of clinically-diagnosed eating disorder
3. Orthopaedic limitations preventing participation in regular physical activity
4. Untreated thyroid disease or greater than one change in thyroid medication over previous 6 months
5. Taking any prescription medication with known effects on appetite or weight (according to National Medicines Formulary)
6. Taking oral steroids
7. Chronic/inflammatory gastrointestinal disorders (irritable bowel syndrome acceptable)
8. Previous surgical procedure for weight loss
9. Major surgery within previous 3 months
10. Pregnancy or lactation

Co-existing disease:

11. Insulin-treated diabetes mellitus
12. HbA1c greater than 9.0%
13. Diagnosis of type 2 diabetes within previous 6 months
14. Heart problems within previous 3 months (e.g. angina, myocardial infarction, stroke) or implanted cardiac defibrillator or pacemaker
15. Uncontrolled hypertension (greater than 160/95 mmHg)
16. Having started taking a new prescription medication within 3 months
17. Change in dosage of a prescription medication within 1 month
18. History or presence of cancer (completely resected basal or squamous cell carcinoma acceptable if treatment completed more than 6 months prior to enrolment)

Participants will also be excluded if they have participated in another clinical trial within 30 days prior to enrolment.

Participants must be willing to be involved in a lifestyle-based weight-loss programme for a 12-month period, and able to attend weekly meetings (free of charge) for the duration if required.

**Date of first enrolment**

01/07/2007

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2009

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

Australia

England

Germany

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**MRC Human Nutrition Research**

Cambridge

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## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

Medical Research Council Human Nutrition Research (UK)

**Sponsor details**

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**Sponsor type**

Government

**Website**

<http://www.mrc-hnr.cam.ac.uk/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/050pqs331>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Industry

### Funder Name

WeightWatchers International Inc. (UK)

## Results and Publications

### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

### Intention to publish date

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	22/10/2011		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	cost-effectiveness results	01/06/2013		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/06/2014		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	04/07/2018		Yes	No