

Heart failure revascularisation

Submission date 18/10/2000	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 18/10/2000	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 16/05/2011	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

G9900791

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

To determine whether coronary revascularisation, improves the survival of patients with heart failure due to coronary disease who have evidence of dysfunctional but viable myocardium or

stress-induced ischaemia (but who do not require revascularisation for the relief of angina) and who are receiving optimal medical treatment.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Heart failure with left ventricular systolic dysfunction

Interventions

Best medical therapy versus best medical therapy and revascularisation

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

All-cause mortality

Key secondary outcome(s))

1. All-cause mortality or myocardial infarction more than 72 hours from coronary revascularisation
2. All-cause mortality and all-cause hospitalisation
3. All-cause mortality and unplanned cardiovascular hospitalisation
4. Days alive and out of hospital
5. Death, non-fatal myocardial infarction or non-fatal stroke
6. Symptom scores for angina and heart failure
7. Quality of life (using EuroHeart Failure, EQ-5D and Minnesota Living with Heart Failure Questionnaires)
8. Mean cost of Therapy (a health economic outcome)

Completion date

30/09/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Heart failure (in the investigators' opinion) with left ventricular systolic dysfunction (ejection fraction less than 35%) requiring chronic diuretic therapy
2. Coronary disease as the cause of heart failure as evidenced by a history of previous myocardial infarction, previous revascularisation or previous angiography
3. Stress-induced myocardial ischaemia or evidence of myocardial hibernation/stunning affecting five or more left ventricular segments in a 16-segment model. The core laboratories will make the decision about whether the test identifies a sufficient volume of affected myocardium

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients who are not candidates for Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG) because of frailty or serious co-morbidity (eg:- severe lung disease, metastatic carcinoma)
2. Unstable angina, myocardial infarction or stroke within the preceding two months
3. Inability to give written informed consent
4. Unwilling to consent to being contacted directly by staff at the data centre or unwilling to allow their hospital notes to be copied and sent to the data centre
5. Patients being considered for revascularisation for the relief of chest pain (angina) or valve surgery
6. Patients involved in another randomised controlled trial

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2002

Date of final enrolment

30/09/2011

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Academic Unit of Cardiology
Kingston-upon-Hull
United Kingdom
HU16 5TX

Sponsor information

Organisation

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK)

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research council

Funder Name

Initial funding provided by the Medical Research Council (UK).

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/02/2011		Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	01/06/2003		Yes	No