A randomised two arm trial of modestly accelerated radiotherapy with synchronous cisplatinum chemotherapy versus conventional radiotherapy with synchronous cisplatinum chemotherapy in the treatment of head and neck squamous cell carcinoma: a pilot study

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
30/09/2004		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
30/09/2004	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
01/10/2012	Cancer			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0063116003

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

To assess tolerability (absence of grade IV reactions) of synchronous chemotherapy and modestly accelerated radiotherapy.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised/Prospective Pilot Phase I/II clinical trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cancer: Head and neck

Interventions

Twelve eligible patients will receive accelerated radiotherapy (six fractions per week, over 5½ weeks to a total dose of 68 Gray). The extra fraction will be given on any day Monday to Friday (preferably Monday or Friday) and treatment will not normally be given at weekends. Cisplatinum chemotherapy will be given at a dose of 100 mg/m^2 on day one of chemotherapy and then again three weeks later. Acute and late radiation toxicities will be monitored using the

Danish Head and Neck Cancer Study Group (DAHANCA) Acute and Late Morbidity Scoring Criteria.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Phase I/II

Primary outcome measure

Primary end point: to assess tolerability of modestly accelerated radiotherapy with synchronous cisplatin chemotherapy

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Disease-free survival
- 2. Normal tissue toxicity

Overall study start date

05/07/2002

Completion date

31/12/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients with histologically proven squamous cell carcinoma of the oropharynx hypopharynx larynx or oral cavity (not nasopharynx/sinuses) and fully meet the criteria will be approached for consent. The study requires 12 patients.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

12

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

05/07/2002

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Clinical Oncology

Manchester United Kingdom M20 4BX

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health

Sponsor details

Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Christie Hospital NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/03/2011		Yes	No