High dose Coenzyme Q10 and vitamin E therapy in Friedreich's ataxia

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
10/01/2007		☐ Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan	
01/02/2007		[X] Results	
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data	
27/09/2011	Nervous System Diseases		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers FAQES4

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

QES4

Study objectives

High doses of coenzyme Q10 and vitamin E given daily over two years will modify disease progression in patients with genetically proven Friedreich's ataxia.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The Royal Free Local Research Ethics Committee (UK), Ref 5405, approved 16/05/2001.

Study design

Randomised double blind controlled trial, involving 2 arms; high doses of coenzyme Q10 / vitamin E; low doses of coenzyme Q10 / vitamin E

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Friedreich's ataxia

Interventions

High doses of coenzyme Q10 / vitamin E vs Low doses of coenzyme Q10 / vitamin E

Intervention Type

Supplement

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

coenzyme Q10, vitamin E

Primary outcome measure

Significant improvement in the rate of change in the International Cooperative Ataxia Ratings Scale (ICARS) scores over two years of the trial in the high dose versus the low dose treatment groups

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Rate of change in the kinetic, posture and gait, speech, ocular subscores of the ICARS
- 2. Rate of change in the following:
- a. speech tests (PaTa repetition, speed of reading)
- b. upper limb coordination tests (hand clicker, modified peg board, hand target, BRAIN kinesia)
- c. lower limb coordination tests (foot target, box)
- d. cardiac tests (IVS, PWd and fraction shortening)
- e. activities of daily living scale

Overall study start date

01/09/2001

Completion date

01/05/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Homozygous for the GAA expansion in the FRDA gene characteristic of the disease
- 2. Able and willing to attend the assessments over the trial period
- 3. Over 10 years of age at the start of the trial

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

50

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Planned surgery during the trial period
- 2. An ICARS score greater than 80% of the maximum
- 3. Taking coenzyme Q10, vitamin E or other antioxidants
- 4. Planned pregnancy

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2001

Date of final enrolment

01/05/2004

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
Department of Clinical Neurosciences
London
United Kingdom
NW3 2PF

Sponsor information

Organisation

Royal Free Hospital Trust (UK)

Sponsor details

Royal Free Hospital Trust Pond Street London England United Kingdom NW3 2PF

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

https://ror.org/04rtdp853

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Ataxia UK (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

Ataxia

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/12/2008		Yes	No