# Short- and long-term effects of progressive resistance exercise on muscle and bone mass, physical and mental performance and balance compared to age-matched non-exercising middle-aged and older adults

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
17/02/2023	Recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
02/03/2023	Ongoing	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
02/03/2023	Musculoskeletal Diseases	<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Aging results in the loss of muscle, bone, strength, physical and mental performance, endurance, flexibility, and balance. These changes also affect one's ability to function in everyday life (for instance, to do yard work, or buy and transport groceries). Abundant research evidence demonstrates that, regardless of age, many of the harmful physical and mental of aging can be reduced, prevented, or even reversed with exercise. However, there are few multi-year experimental exercise studies in middle-aged and older adults. The current study investigates the short and long-term effects of progressive resistance exercise on muscle and bone mass, physical and mental function, and balance in aging.

## Who can participate?

People over the age of 40 years who are committed to completing a monitored exercise program three times per week

## What does the study involve?

Participants self-select into an experimental exercise or control non-exercising group. Physical function, cognitive performance, and balance data are collected every 14 weeks, and muscle and bone mass data are collected at the start of the study and after 42 weeks. Participants in the experimental group exercise three times per week. Once they complete the 42-week exercise program, they complete the cycle again with heavier loads. This pattern is completed as long as they stay enrolled in the study.

## What are the possible benefits and risks of participation?

There is a small risk of injury, muscle soreness or cramping, acute cardiovascular event, bruising, low blood sugar, motion sickness from VR cognitive testing, exposure to infectious disease, and radiation exposure (equal to living one day of life in Denver, CO). Overall, these risks are similar

to any individual who exercises, though they might be mitigated due to the constant monitoring of the exercise by the research investigators. Participants in the experimental group are expected to benefit by accruing new or maintaining current muscle and bone mass, improving or preserving physical and cognitive performance, and improving balance. Participants in the control group will benefit from the comprehensive assessments.

Where is the study run from? University of Houston - Clear Lake (USA)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2021 to August 2033

Who is funding the study? University of Houston - Clear Lake (USA)

Who is the main contact?

Dr William E. Amonette, amonette@uhcl.edu

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Principal Investigator

#### Contact name

Dr William Amonette

#### **ORCID ID**

http://orcid.org/0000-0002-6074-3573

#### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

## EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

## ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

## Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Longitudinal study of aging, health, and human performance: the skeletal muscle matters protocol

## **Study objectives**

Middle-aged and older adults engaging in long-term progressive resistance exercise will experience reduced muscle loss, less falls, improved cognition, balance and functional performance compared to age-matched controls who do not engage in formal strength training.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Approved 20/10/2021, the Committee for the Protection of Human Subjects at the University of Houston - Clear Lake (Bayou Building, 2531, 2700 Bay Area Blvd, Box 44, Houston, TX, 77058-1002, USA; +1 (0)281 283 3015; Sponsoredprograms@uhcl.edu), ref: 02-22-003

## Study design

Non-randomized controlled trial (between-within design)

### Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Non randomised study

## Study setting(s)

University/medical school/dental school

## Study type(s)

Prevention

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Aging and skeletal muscle loss

#### **Interventions**

Participants self-select into an experimental exercise or control non-exercising group. Physical function, cognitive performance, and balance data are collected every 14 weeks, and muscle and bone mass data are collected at the start of the study and after 42 weeks. Participants in the experimental group exercise three times per week. Once they complete the 42-week exercise program, they complete the cycle again with heavier loads. This pattern is completed as long as they stay enrolled in the study.

## Intervention Type

#### Other

## Primary outcome measure

Skeletal muscle mass and bone mineral density measured with dual x-ray absorptiometry every 42 weeks

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Force and power output measured with force plates during the sit-to-stand test every 14 weeks
- 2. Total time to complete the Timed-up-and-go test measured every 14 weeks
- 3. Time to complete and number of steps measured in the forward 10-meter walk test performed every 14 weeks
- 4. Time to complete and number of steps measured in the backward 10-meter walk test performed every 14 weeks
- 5. Sway magnitude measured with a computerized dynamic posturography device during a sensory organization text every 14 weeks
- 6. Total distance walked during the 6-minute walk test completed every 14 weeks
- 7. Cognitive function measured with Bell's test, mini-cognitive assessment, Trails A&B, the Digit-Symbol, and Navigation measured every 14 weeks
- 8. Daily workout volume-load measured using the weight lifted multiplied by the sets and repetitions
- 9. The number of falls documented monthly
- 10. Blood pressure measured monthly with a sphygmomanometer
- 11. Body weight measured monthly with a digital scale

## Overall study start date

01/08/2021

## Completion date

01/08/2033

## **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. At least 40 years of age
- 2. Have the ability to perform lower- and upper-body exercises
- 3. Commit to exercise 2-3 times per week (experimental group only)
- 4. Free from overt neurologic disease or injury

## Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

## Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

40 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

500

## Key exclusion criteria

Overt neurologic disease or inability to ambulate safely without assistance

#### Date of first enrolment

15/01/2022

#### Date of final enrolment

15/01/2032

## Locations

## Countries of recruitment

United States of America

## Study participating centre University of Houston - Clear Lake

Health and Human Performance Institute 2700 Bay Area Blvd Houston United States of America 77058

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

University of Houston - Clear Lake

#### Sponsor details

Office of Sponsored Research cc: Erin Noel Haynes University of Houston – Clear Lake 2700 Bay Area Blvd Houston United States of America 77058 +1 (0)281 283 3019 amonette@uhcl.edu

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

https://www.uhcl.edu/hhpi/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01t817z14

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

University/education

#### **Funder Name**

University of Houston

## Alternative Name(s)

The University of Houston, UH

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

### **Funding Body Subtype**

Universities (academic only)

#### Location

United States of America

## **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Short-term data will be published when a sufficient number of participants have completed 42 weeks of exercise (one full cycle). Long-term data will be published at the 2, 5, and 10-year mark with sufficient data.

### Intention to publish date

15/10/2032

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analyzed during the current study will be published as a supplement to the results publication. Upon signing the Informed Consent form approved by the Committee for the Protection of Human Subjects at the University of Houston - Clear Lake, each subject will be assigned a number from 1 –500. All data will be catalogued and stored with the use of this number. Data will be kept in a locked office, in a locked file cabinet, or on a password-protected computer in a password protected file. Only the principal investigator and co-investigators will have access to these data during the experiment. Every effort will be made to maintain the confidentiality of the study records. The data collected from the study will be used for educational and publication purposes. However, the data will be maintained such that

no data will be linked to an individual. In the event that any publications result from this evaluation, no personally identifiable information will be disclosed without prior consent. For federal audit purposes, subjects' documentation for this research project will be maintained and safeguarded by the principal investigator for a minimum of three years after completion of the study. After that time, the subjects' documentation may be destroyed.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Published as a supplement to the results publication