The efficacy and safety of a Korean traditional medicine named 'Taeumjowi-tang' on obese patients

Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
No longer recruiting	[X] Protocol		
Overall study status	[] Statistical analysis plan		
Completed	[_] Results		
	[_] Individual participant data		
Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	[_] Record updated in last year		
	No longer recruiting Overall study status Completed Condition category		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Dr Seong-Gyu Ko

Contact details

Department of Preventive Medicine College of Oriental Medicine Kyung Hee University Hoegi-Dong Dongdaemun-Gu Seoul Korea, South 130-701 +82 (0)2 961 0329 khuksg@gmail.com

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers CCRG_08_02

Study information

Scientific Title

A double blind, randomised, multicentre, placebo-controlled trial to evaluate the efficacy and safety of TJ001 on obese patients

Study objectives

'Taeumjowi-tang' is more effective than placebo on obese patients

Please note as of 14/12/2012 anticipated end date has been modified from 30/06/2011 to 30/06 /2012.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

1. Institutional Review Board of the Catholic University of Korea Seoul St. Mary's Hospital approved on the 24th of February 2009 (ref: KC09MNME0032)

2. Institutional Review Board of the Dongguk University Ilsan Oriental Hospital approved on the 5th of February 2009 (ref: SR-09)

3. Institutional Review Board of the Semyung University Oriental Medicine Hospital approved on the 27th of March 2009 (ref: 2008-03)

4. Institutional Review Board of the Kyungwon Gil Oriental Medical Hospital approved on the 7th of August 2008 (ref: 08-101)

Study design

Multicentre double blind randomised placebo controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Obesity

Interventions

Treatment group: TJ001 (Taeumjowi-tang) 7g, 3 times/day, 4 weeks (28 days)/visit, total 12 weeks (visit 2 - visit 5)
Control group: placebo 7g, 3 times/day, 4 weeks (28 days)/visit, total 12 weeks (visit 2 - visit 5)

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Weight reduction (over 5%), measured at baseline and 12 weeks

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Weight reduction, measured at baseline, 4, 8 and 12 weeks
- 2. Lipid profile and C-reactive protein (CRP), measured at baseline and 12 weeks
- 3. Blood pressure, measured at baseline and 12 weeks
- 4. Blood glucose, measured at baseline and 12 weeks
- 5. Waist/hip ratio, measured at baseline, 4, 8 and 12 weeks
- 6. Waist circumference, measured at baseline, 4, 8 and 12 weeks
- 7. Abdominal computed tomography, measured at baseline and 12 weeks
- 8. Korean Obesity-related Quality of Life (QoL) scale, measured at baseline and 12 weeks
- 9. Korean version of Eating Attitudes Test-26, measured at baseline and 12 weeks

Overall study start date

08/04/2009

Completion date

30/06/2012

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Men or women aged 18-65 years old

2. Patients applying to one of the followings

2.1. BMI 30kg/m2 or over

2.2. BMI 27-30kg/m2 with hypertension in a proper treatment and blood pressure controlled 95-145mmHg

2.3. BMI 27-30kg/m2 with non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus and fasting blood glucose < 7.8mmol/L(140mg/dL)

- 2.4. BMI 27-30kg/m2 with hyperlipidemia in a proper treatment
- 2.5. BMI 27-30kg/m2 and Total cholesterol 236mg/dL or over or Triglyceride 150mg/dL or over at screening
- 3. Agreed to low-calorie diet during the trial
- 4. Written informed consent of the trial
- 5. Written informed consent of the genetic test

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Upper age limit

65 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

A total of 104 patients

Key exclusion criteria

1. Endocrine disease such as hypothyroidism, Cushing's syndrome, etc.

- 2. Heart disease (heart failure, angina pectoris, myocardial infarction)
- 3. Uncontrolled hypertension (SBP > 145 mmHg or DBP > 95 mmHg)
- 4. Malignant tumour or lung disease
- 5. Cholelithiasis
- 6. Severe renal disability (SCr > 2.0 mg/dL)

7. Severe liver disability (2.5 fold of normal high range value on Alanine Aminotransferase [ALT], Aspatate Aminotransferase [AST], alkaline phosphatase)

8. Non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus and fasting blood sugar 7.8mmol/L (140 mg/dL) or over

9. Narrow angle glaucoma

10. History or existence of neurological or psychological disease (schizophrenia, epilepsy, alcoholism, drug addiction, anorexia, bulimia, etc.)

11. History of stroke or temporary ischemic cardioplegia

12. History or existence of eating disorder such as anorexia nervosa or bulimia nervosa, etc.

13. Use of medication that could have effect on weight within last 3 months (appetite suppressant, laxative, oral steroid, thyroid hormone, amphetamine, cyproheptadine, phenothiazine or medication having effect on absorption, metabolism, excretion)

14. Use of B-blocker or diuretic as hypertension medication within last 3 months

15. Use of medication for central nervous system or central active weight reduction medication

16. Forbidden treatment (Insulin, hypoglycemic agent, antidepressant, antiserotonin agent, barbiturate, antipsychotic, medication concerns of abuse)

17. Difficult to measure anthropometric dimensions because of anatomical change such as resection

18. Surgical history for weight reduction; bariatric surgery, etc.

19. Unable to follow instructions of the trial as judged by investigator

20. Women who were pregnant, lactating, planning a pregnancy or women of childbearing age who do not agree to proper contraception (birth-control pill, hormone implant, IUD, spermicide, condom, abstinence, etc.) (Women of childbearing age indicate within 2 years of menopause who did not receive hysterectomy, bilateral tubal ligation, bilateral oophorectomy, etc.)

21. Use of other investigational product within last 1 month

22. Reduction over 10% of the previous weight within 6 months

23. Decided to stop smoking within last 3 months; however, keeping irregular smoking habit

Date of first enrolment

08/04/2009

Date of final enrolment 30/06/2012

Locations

Countries of recruitment Korea, South

Study participating centre Department of Preventive Medicine Seoul Korea, South 130-701

Sponsor information

Organisation Korea Health Industry Development Institute (South Korea)

Sponsor details

57-1 Noryangjin-Dong, Dongjak-Gu Seoul Korea, South 156-800 +82 (0)2 194 7300 webmaster@khidi.or.kr

Sponsor type Research organisation

Website http://www.khidi.or.kr

ROR https://ror.org/00fdzyk40

Funder(s)

Funder type Research organisation **Funder Name** Korea Health Industry Development Institute (South Korea)

Alternative Name(s) KHIDI

Funding Body Type Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype National government

Location Korea, South

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	07/04/2012		Yes	No