Secondary stroke prevention through pathway management

Submission date 08/03/2021	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
, Registration date	Overall study status	 Statistical analysis plan 		
15/03/2021	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 17/07/2024	Condition category Circulatory System	Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Every year, more than 795,000 people in the United States have a stroke. Stroke-related costs in the United States came to nearly \$46 billion between 2014 and 2015. This total includes the cost of health care services, medicines to treat stroke, and missed days of work. Stroke is a leading cause of serious long-term disability and reduces mobility in more than half of stroke survivors aged 65 and over. In February 2020, the Global Research Report looked at ICM adoption barriers for cryptogenic stroke. Over 100 cardiologists/electrophysiologists and neurologists in the United States reported 70% have significant care pathway challenges; 50% reported no existing care pathway. A clinical need for care pathway creation exists. This study is designed to evaluate the care pathway for patients with a cryptogenic (unknown origin) stroke, large artery atherosclerosis, and small vessel occlusion events in the hospital setting. The intention is to use the results to design another study to further research potential solutions and evaluate the impact on both clinical and economic stroke outcomes.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years or over with a cryptogenic stroke or large artery atherosclerosis or small vessel occlusion hospitalization between 2017 – 2019

What does the study involve?

The study is collecting de-identified data on all subjects who meet the inclusion criteria at participating sites in the United States. Economic and clinical data from initial patient assessment until 180 days after hospitalization will be used to assess cryptogenic stroke, large artery atherosclerosis, and small vessel occlusion hospitalizations to identify potential areas for improvement.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The study is classified as an observational, non-significant risk study. Because this is a retrospective study in which de-identified data will be collected from participating sites, there are no known or foreseeable risks. The information gained from this study could result in improved cryptogenic stroke care pathways in the future.

Where is this study run from? Medtronic (USA)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? June 2020 to March 2024

Who is funding the study? Medtronic (USA)

Who is the main contact? Jessica Mikacevich, jessica.m.mikacevich@medtronic.com

Contact information

Type(s) Public

Contact name Ms Jessica Mikacevich

Contact details 8200 Coral Sea Street NE Mounds View United States of America 55112 +1 (0)952 242 8907 jessica.m.mikacevich@medtronic.com

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number 316927

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers MDT20034, IRAS 316927

Study information

Scientific Title SeconDary Stroke PreVEntion ThRough Pathway ManagemenT (DiVERT Stroke)

Acronym DiVERT Stroke

Study objectives

Current hypothesis as of 29/12/2021:

Medtronic will conduct a qualitative and quantitative assessment of cryptogenic stroke, large artery atherosclerosis, and small vessel occlusion hospitalizations at the participating clinical study sites to baseline the current short-term clinical and economic outcomes and identify potential areas for improvement.

The intention is to use the results of the Phase I research to design a DiVERT Stroke Phase II study to further investigate and propose potential stroke care pathway solutions that may impact both clinical and economic stroke outcomes.

Previous hypothesis:

Medtronic will conduct a qualitative and quantitative assessment of cryptogenic stroke hospitalizations at the participating clinical study sites to baseline current short-term clinical and economic outcomes and identify potential areas for improvement.

The intention is to use the results of the Phase I research to design a DiVERT Stroke Phase II study to further research potential solutions and evaluate the impact on both clinical and economic stroke outcomes.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 27/12/2020, WCG Institutional Review Board (IRB) (1019 39th Ave SE, Suite 120, Puyallup, WA, Puyallup, 98374, United States of America; +1 (0)855 818 2289 ; clientservices@wcgirb.com), ref: 20203787

Current ethics approval as of 04/10/2022:

1. Approved 01/09/2022, HRA and Health and Care Research Wales (HCRW) (Castlebridge 4, 15-19 Cowbridge Rd E, Cardiff, CF11 9AB, Wales, UK; +44 (0)2920 230457; approvals@hra.nhs.uk, HCRW.approvals@wales.nhs.uk), ref: 22/HRA/3471

2. Approved 27/12/2020, renewed 11/11/2021, WCG Institutional Review Board (IRB) (1019 39th Ave SE, Suite 120, Puyallup, WA 98374, USA; +1 (0)855 818 2289; clientservices@wcgirb.com), ref: 20203787

All centres will seek ethics approval before performing any study-related activities. Site ethics approval may be ceded to WCG Institutional Review Board (IRB).

Previous ethics approval:

1. Approved 27/12/2020, WCG Institutional Review Board (IRB) (1019 39th Ave SE, Suite 120, Puyallup, WA 98374, USA; +1 (0)855 818 2289; clientservices@wcgirb.com), ref: 20203787 2. Approved 26/10/2022, WCG Institutional Review Board (IRB) (1019 39th Ave SE, Suite 120, Puyallup, WA 98374, USA; +1 (0)855 818 2289; clientservices@wcgirb.com), ref: 20203787 3. Approved 21/03/2023, WCG Institutional Review Board (IRB) (1019 39th Ave SE, Suite 120, Puyallup, WA 98374, USA; +1 (0)855 818 2289; clientservices@wcgirb.com), ref: 20203787 4. Approved 19/10/2021, CommonSpirit Health Research Institute IRB (198 Inverness Drive West, Englewood, CO 80112, USA; +1 (0)844 626 2299; CHIRB@catholichealth.net) 5. Approved 11/11/2021, CommonSpirit Health Research Institute IRB (198 Inverness Drive West, Englewood, CO 80112, USA; +1 (0)844 626 2299; CHIRB@catholichealth.net) 6. Approved 09/02/2022, CommonSpirit Health Research Institute IRB (198 Inverness Drive West, Englewood, CO 80112, USA; +1 (0)844 626 2299; CHIRB@catholichealth.net)
7. Approved 25/04/2022, CommonSpirit Health Research Institute IRB (198 Inverness Drive West, Englewood, CO 80112, USA; +1 (0)844 626 2299; CHIRB@catholichealth.net)
8. Approved 26/10/2022, CommonSpirit Health Research Institute IRB (198 Inverness Drive West, Englewood, CO 80112, USA; +1 (0)844 626 2299; CHIRB@catholichealth.net)
9. Approved 08/03/2021, USA; +1 (0)844 626 2299; CHIRB@catholichealth.net)
9. Approved 08/03/2021, USF Research & Innovation - Research Integrity Compliance IRB (3702 Spectrum Blvd, Ste 155, Tampa, FL 33612, USA; +1 (0)813 974 5638; RSCH-arc@usf.edu)
10. Approved 01/09/2022, HRA and Health and Care Research Wales (4, 15 - 19 Cowbridge Rd E, Castlebridge, Cardiff CF11 9AB, UK; +44 (0)2920 230457; healthandcareresearch@wales.nhs.uk)

Study design

Retrospective non-randomized multi-center clinical study

Primary study design Observational

Secondary study design Longitudinal study

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

No participant information sheet available

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Stroke

Interventions

Current intervention as of 29/12/2021:

The DiVERT Stroke Phase I Clinical Study is a retrospective data collection study investigating hospital admissions of cryptogenic stroke, large artery atherosclerosis, and small vessel occlusion patients and the related care pathway. De-identified patient-level data, as outlined below, will be extracted from medical records and hospital cost/charge accounting. This data will be linked with patient-level data from the AHA® Get with the Guidelines® (GWTG) hospital-based quality improvement program to provide a longitudinal view of each patient's care, outcomes and costs. Additionally, sites will provide Medtronic with documentation of their current stroke care pathways, standard order sets, and other protocols related to stroke patient care.

Previous intervention as of 20/05/2021:

The DiVERT Stroke Phase I Clinical Study is a retrospective study with a specific focus on collecting data around the stroke and related care pathway. De-identified patient-level data, as

outlined below, will be extracted from medical records and hospital cost/charge accounting. This data will be linked with patient-level data from the AHA® Get with the Guidelines® (GWTG) hospital-based quality improvement program to provide a longitudinal view of each patient's care, outcomes and costs. Additionally, sites will provide Medtronic with documentation of their current stroke care pathways, standard order sets, and other protocols related to stroke patient care.

Previous intervention:

The DiVERT Stroke Phase I Clinical Study is a retrospective study with a specific focus on collecting data around the cryptogenic stroke and related care pathway. De-identified patient-level data, as outlined below, will be extracted from medical records and hospital cost/charge accounting. This data will be linked with patient-level data from the AHA® Get with the Guidelines® (GWTG) hospital-based quality improvement program to provide a longitudinal view of each patient's care, outcomes and costs. Additionally, sites will provide Medtronic with documentation of their current stroke care pathways, standard order sets, and other protocols related to stroke patient care.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

Current primary outcome measures as of 29/12/2021:

The following data will be collected for all subjects within 12 months prior to the index stroke hospitalization through medical records review:

- 1. Medical history
- 2. Alcohol consumption
- 3. CHA2DS2 VASc Score (most recent within 12 months prior to index hospitalization)
- 4. Lab tests: CRP, BNP (most recent within 12 months prior to index hospitalization)

The following data will be collected for all subjects at index stroke hospitalization through medical records review:

- 1. Hospitalization dates (e.g., admission, discharge)
- 2. Neurology diagnostic testing
- 3. EP consultation
- 4. Short-term/external monitors, wearables, and/or ICM recommendation (if applicable)
- 5. Short-term/external monitors, wearables, and/or ICM use (if applicable)

The following data will be collected for all subjects at follow-up visits through 180 days postindex stroke hospitalization (i.e. discharge) through medical records review:

- 1. Discharge location (SNF, inpatient, home, etc.)
- 2. Prescribed stroke-related follow-up cadence (office and remote)
- 3. Stroke-related follow-up dates
- 4. Neurology diagnostic testing

The following economic data evaluated through medical records and hospital cost/charge accounting data for all subjects at 30-, 60-, 90-, 180-days post-hospital discharge:

1. Total cost of stroke diagnostic work-up for index hospitalization and through 180 days followup

2. Total cost of index stroke hospitalization

3. Total cost short-term/external monitoring

4. Total cost pre- and post-ICM insertion

5. Total cost of care 30, 60, 90, 180 days post-stroke, including cardiovascular disease and atrial fibrillation (AF) healthcare utilization costs

6. Total cost of stroke readmissions and stroke recurrences, including healthcare utilization

Previous primary outcome measures:

The following information will be collected through medical records and hospital cost/charge accounting data within 12 months prior to the index stroke hospitalization:

- 1. Medical history
- 2. Alcohol consumption
- 3. CHA2DS2 VASc Score (most recent within 12 months prior to index hospitalization)
- 4. Lab tests: CRP, BNP (most recent within 12 months prior to index hospitalization)

The following information will be collected through medical records and hospital cost/charge accounting data at index stroke hospitalization:

- 1. Hospitalization dates (e.g., admission, discharge)
- 2. Neurology diagnostic testing
- 3. EP consultation
- 4. Short-term/external monitors, wearables, and/or ICM recommendation (if applicable)
- 5. Short-term/external monitors, wearables, and/or ICM use (if applicable)

The following information will be collected through medical records and hospital cost/charge accounting data at follow-up visits through 180 days post-index stroke hospitalization (i.e. discharge):

- 1. Prescribed stroke-related follow-up cadence (office and remote)
- 2. Stroke-related follow-up dates
- 3. Neurology diagnostic testing

Secondary outcome measures

Current secondary outcome measures as of 29/12/2021:

The previous secondary outcome measures are now primary outcome measures, therefore there are currently no secondary outcome measures.

6. Total cost of stroke readmissions and stroke recurrences, including healthcare utilization

Overall study start date

15/06/2020

Completion date

Previous secondary outcome measures:

Evaluated through medical records and hospital cost/charge accounting data at 30-, 60-, 90-, 180days post-hospital discharge:

^{1.} Total cost of stroke diagnostic work-up for index hospitalization and through 180 days followup

^{2.} Total cost of index stroke hospitalization

^{3.} Total cost short-term/external monitoring

^{4.} Total cost pre- and post-ICM insertion

^{5.} Total cost of care 30, 60, 90, 180 days post-stroke, including cardiovascular disease and atrial fibrillation (AF) healthcare utilization costs

19/03/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria Current inclusion criteria as of 01/09/2022: US Inclusion Criteria: 1. Patients with a cryptogenic stroke or large artery atherosclerosis or small vessel occlusion hospitalization between 2017 – 2019 2. Age ≥18 years

UK Inclusion Criteria:

1. Patients with a cryptogenic stroke or large artery atherosclerosis or small vessel occlusion hospitalization between 2019-2020. If ischemic stroke sub-type classification proves to be difficult (i.e., small sample size), patients with an ischemic stroke from 2017-2019 will be included.

2. Age ≥18 years

Previous inclusion criteria from 20/05/2021 to 01/09/2022:

 Patients with a cryptogenic stroke or large artery atherosclerosis or small vessel occlusion hospitalization between 2017 – 2019
 Age ≥18 years

Z. Age 218 years

Previous inclusion criteria:

Patients with a cryptogenic stroke hospitalization defined by ICD-10 I63.9 between 2017 – 2019
 Age ≥18 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

The number of subjects enrolled in this retrospective study will be dependent on the number of subjects at the participating sites that meet the inclusion and exclusion criteria (estimate 7200)

Total final enrolment 6536

Key exclusion criteria Current exclusion criteria as of 20/05/2021:

Does not meet inclusion criteria

Previous exclusion criteria:

- 1. Any history of the following through index stroke:
- 1.1. Lacunar stroke
- 1.2. Large artery atherosclerosis
- 1.3. Diagnosis of AF or atrial flutter
- 1.4. Ablation for AF or atrial flutter
- 1.5. OAC use
- 1.6. Methamphetamines drug use
- 1.7. Mechanical heart valves
- 1.8. Rheumatic heart disease
- 1.9. Mitral stenosis
- 1.10. Ischemic cardiomyopathy
- 1.11. Dilated cardiomyopathy
- 1.12. ST-elevation MI
- 1.13. Vasculitis
- 1.14. End stage renal disease
- 1.15. ICM implant prior to index event
- 2. VT Ablation within 30 days of index event
- 3. Non-AF left atrial or ventricular ablation within 30 days of index event
- 4. Any of the following within 30 days pre to 90 days post index stroke:
- 4.1. Carotid artery stenting
- 4.2. Carotid endarterectomy
- 4.3. Carotid artery stenosis or occlusion
- 4.4. ASD closure device insertion

Date of first enrolment

19/02/2021

Date of final enrolment

20/12/2023

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

United States of America

Study participating centre

HCA Midwest 10500 Quivira Rd Overland Park United States of America 66215 **Study participating centre CHI Memorial** 2525 Desales Ave Chattanooga United States of America

37404

Study participating centre University of South Florida/Tampa General 2 Tampa General Circle Tampa United States of America 33606

Study participating centre St. David's 919 E 32nd St Austin United States of America 78705

Study participating centre TriStar Centennial

2300 Patterson St Nashville United States of America 37203

Study participating centre Trident

9330 Medical Plaza Dr Charleston United States of America 29406

Study participating centre

Franciscan Neurology Associates 1608 South J St Tacoma United States of America 98405

Study participating centre Franciscan Neurology Associates - Federal Way (St. Francis) 34503 9th Ave S, Suite 230 Federal Way United States of America 98003

Study participating centre

Franciscan Neurology Associates - Gig Harbor (St. Anthony) 6401 Kimball Drive, 2nd Floor Gig Harbor

Gig Harbor United States of America 98335

Study participating centre

Franciscan Neurology Associates - Silverdale (St. Michael) 1950 Northwest Myhre Road, 3rd floor Silverdale United States of America 98383

Study participating centre

Franciscan Neurology Associates - Burien (St. Anne) 16259 Sylvester Road SW, Suite 503 Burien United States of America 98166

Study participating centre Franciscan Neurology Associates - Lakewood (St. Clare) 11311 Bridgeport Way SW, Suite 100 Lakewood United States of America 98499

Study participating centre Northern Care Alliance NHS Foundation Trust Salford Royal Stott Lane Salford United Kingdom M6 8HD

Sponsor information

Organisation Medtronic (United States)

Sponsor details 8200 Coral Sea Street NE Mounds View United States of America 55112 +1 (0)612 219 7361 karah.neisen@medtronic.com

Sponsor type

Industry

Website http://www.medtronic.com/us-en/index.html

ROR https://ror.org/00grd1h17

Funder(s)

Funder type Industry

Funder Name Medtronic

Alternative Name(s) Medtronic Inc.

Funding Body Type Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype For-profit companies (industry)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Current publication and dissemination plan as of 29/12/2021:

1. The protocol and the statistical analysis plan will be publicly available at study completion, or earlier upon request

2. Primary study results will be submitted for publication after the primary objective is met

3. Planned publication targets include: high-impact peer-reviewed journals, neurology conferences, cardiology conferences

4. Planned publication types include but are not limited to: primary publications, ancillary publications, and design publications in the format of manuscripts, abstracts, and posters

Previous publication and dissemination plan:

1. Protocol can be sent and the statistical analysis plan will be sent upon completion of the document

2. Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

31/10/2024

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available as this is a retrospective data pull based on inclusion/exclusion criteria.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Basic results		10/07/2024	17/07/2024	No	No