

Preoperative Acute Normovolaemic Haemodilution (ANH) in combination with Hypotensive Epidural Anaesthesia (HEA)

Submission date 12/04/2002	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 12/04/2002	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 06/09/2007	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Not provided at time of registration

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Knee arthroplasty surgery

Interventions

Patients were consecutive and blindly randomised to hypotensive epidural anaesthesia with or without acute normovolaemic haemodilution.

A mean of 877 ml blood was predonated (19.7% of the total blood volume). Blood loss was, except from the intraoperative loss, significantly higher in the ANH group. The total loss was 1306 mL (ANH) versus 1026 mL (non-ANH), $P < 0.05$. Except from the first hour postoperatively, haematocrit was identical in between groups postoperatively. The amount of blood transfusion was identical 386 ml (ANH) versus 343 ml (non-ANH) (NS). 50% went through surgery without receiving blood (ANH) versus 58% (non-ANH). No renal, neurological or cardiopulmonary complications were registered.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Not provided at time of registration

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

01/01/2000

Completion date

01/01/2001

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients scheduled for primary cemented Total Knee Replacement (TKR) surgery

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

28

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2000

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2001

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Denmark

Study participating centre

Department of Anaesthesia

Aarhus Amtssygehus

Denmark
DK-8000

Sponsor information

Organisation

Aarhus University Hospital (Denmark)

Sponsor details

Department of Anaesthesia
Aarhus Amtssygehus
Denmark
DK-8000

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

<https://ror.org/040r8fr65>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Not defined

Funder Name

Not provided at time of registration

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results	18/04/2002		Yes	No