A Simplified Goal-directed Protocol Improves Clinical Outcomes in Patients with Septic Shock: A Randomized Controlled Trial

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
24/11/2005		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
28/11/2005		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
15/05/2007	Infections and Infestations			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

We sought to evaluate whether a goal-directed protocol, without measurement of central venous oxygen saturation (ScVO2), would improve survival in patients with septic shock.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The institutional review board approved this study

Study design

A Randomized Controlled Trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Septic shock

Interventions

The patients with septic shock were randomly assigned to receive therapy with or without a written protocol utilizing central venous pressure, mean arterial pressure and urine output as therapeutic goals.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

ICU and in-hospital mortality

Key secondary outcome(s))

Length of ICU stay, length of hospital stay, and duration of mechanical ventilation.

Completion date

28/02/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients admitted to intensive care unit (ICU) with diagnosis of septic shock were included in this study.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Exclusion criteria included age less than 18 years, pregnancy, or the presence of an acute cerebral vascular event, acute coronary syndrome, acute pulmonary edema, status asthmaticus, cardiac dysrhythmias (as a primary diagnosis), active gastrointestinal hemorrhage, seizure, drug overdose, burn injury, trauma, a requirement for immediate surgery, uncured cancer, immunosuppression, do-not-resuscitate status, or patient or family refusal to participate.

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2003

Date of final enrolment

28/02/2004

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Taiwan

Study participating centre 199 Tun Hwa N. Road

Taipei Taiwan 105

Sponsor information

Organisation

Chang Gung Memorial Hospital (Taiwan)

ROR

https://ror.org/02verss31

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NSC-92-2314-B-182A-069, National Science Council, Taiwan, R.O.C

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results	01/12/2006		Yes	No