# BiRmingham Early Detection In untREated psyChosis Trial

<b>Submission date</b> 30/09/2004	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul> <li>Prospectively registered</li> <li>[X] Protocol</li> </ul>
<b>Registration date</b> 30/09/2004	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<ul> <li>Statistical analysis plan</li> <li>[X] Results</li> </ul>
Last Edited 30/06/2009	<b>Condition category</b> Mental and Behavioural Disorders	Individual participant data

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

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#### **Contact details**

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS number** 

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N0138126546

## Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### Acronym

REDIRECT

#### **Study objectives**

The Redirect Trial is a stratified-cluster randomised controlled trial to evaluate the effect of a multifaceted, evidence-based educational intervention to assist general practitioners (GPs) to recognise first episode psychosis (FEP) in young people. We hypothesised that training GPs to recognise FEP would increase referrals to specialist secondary care services and improve clinical outcomes in young people with FEP.

Can duration of untreated psychosis (DUP) be reduced by a primary care training programme in early recognition of psychosis and adherence to guidelines?

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)** Not provided at time of registration

**Study design** Stratified-cluster randomised controlled trial

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

**Study type(s)** Treatment

Participant information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Mental and Behavioural Disorders: Psychosis

#### Interventions

The study is a cluster randomisation trial with consenting GP practices randomly allocated to early detection training or 'detection as usual'.

## Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Not Specified

#### Primary outcome measure

 Rate of patient referral
 Assessment of the difference in the number of referrals of young people with FEP to secondary care services between study groups

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Use of the Mental Health Act
- 2. GP consultation rate
- 3. Duration of untreated psychosis
- 4. Time to recovery

Overall study start date 01/01/2003

Completion date

31/12/2006

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria** 160 new patients in 78 GP practices (39 intervention, 39 control) over a 2 year period.

Participant type(s) Patient

**Age group** Other

**Sex** Both

**Target number of participants** 160

**Key exclusion criteria** Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment 01/01/2003

Date of final enrolment 31/12/2006

## Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre Dept of Primary Care and General Practice** Birmingham United Kingdom B15 2TT

## Sponsor information

**Organisation** Department of Health

**Sponsor details** Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

**Sponsor type** Government

Website http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en

## Funder(s)

**Funder type** Government

**Funder Name** Midland Research Practices Consortium (MidReC) (UK)

## **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan** Not provided at time of registration

### Intention to publish date

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

**IPD sharing plan summary** Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs					
Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	08/03/2005		Yes	Νο
Results article	results	01/06/2009		Yes	No