

A phase III, randomised, multicentre, dose escalation, efficacy and safety study examining the effects of treatment with peginterferon alfa-2a with Child's A or B cirrhosis in Chronic Hepatitis C virus infection

Submission date 20/07/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 25/10/2005	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 06/02/2014	Condition category Digestive System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
RHM MED 0560/ML17066

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

PACIFIC

Study objectives

To investigate the incidence of mortality and morbidity amongst patients with cirrhosis (Child-Pugh Grade A and B) due to chronic hepatitis C treated with Pegylated Interferon (PEG-IFN).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Liver cirrhosis in Hepatitis C Virus infections.

Interventions

Intervention: PEG-IFN - 90 mg subcutaneously (sc) once weekly for one month, 135 mg sc once weekly for one month, rising to 180 mg thereafter as tolerated in 1 ml solution administered sc once weekly for a total of 48 weeks.

Control: conventional management.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase III

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Peginterferon alfa-2a (PEG-IFN)

Primary outcome(s)

1. Combined endpoint of non-detectable serum HCV-RNA (less than 100 copies/ml by the AMPLICOR[®] Polymerase Chain Reaction [PCR] assay) at the end of the 24 week treatment-free follow-up period
2. Death

3. Liver transplantation (or need for)
4. Hepatocellular cancer

Key secondary outcome(s))

1. End-of-treatment virological and biochemical responses
2. Bleeding varices
3. Ascites
4. Spontaneous bacterial peritonitis and other infections
5. Encephalopathy
6. Quality of life as measured by the SF 36 and Fatigue Severity Scale

Completion date

01/04/2007

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

To be eligible for this trial, patients must have documentation of the following:

1. Aged over 18 years
2. Serologic evidence of Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) infection by an anti-HCV antibody test
3. Qualitative evidence of infection with HCV Ribonucleic Acid (RNA)
4. Chronic liver disease consistent with chronic hepatitis C infection on a biopsy as judged by a local pathologist
5. Patients must have had an abdominal ultrasound, Computed Tomography (CT) scan, or Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) scan with evidence of cirrhosis, but without evidence of hepatocellular carcinoma (within two months of randomisation) and a serum alphafetoprotein (AFP) less than 100 ng/ml. Patients with elevated AFP should have evidence of no increase of more than 10 KIU/l for three months prior to entry
6. Negative urine pregnancy test (for women of childbearing potential) documented within the 24-hour period prior to the first dose of test drug. Additionally, all fertile male patients, male patients with female partners of childbearing age, and females must be using two reliable forms of effective contraception during the study

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Patients with any of the following will not be eligible for participation:

1. Patients who are expected to need systemic antiviral therapy at any time during their participation in the study are excluded. Exception: patients who have had a limited (seven day) course of acyclovir or alacyclovir for herpetic lesions more than one month prior to the first administration of test drug are not excluded
2. Positive test at screening for anti-Hepatitis A Virus (anti-HAV) Immunoglobulin M (IgM) antibody (Ab), Hepatitis B surface Antigen (HBsAg), anti-Hepatitis B core (anti-HBc) IgM Ab, or anti-Human Immunodeficiency Virus (anti-HIV) Ab
3. Documented serum concentrations of ceruloplasmin or α 1-antitrypsin consistent with an increased risk of metabolic liver disease
4. History or other evidence of a medical condition associated with chronic liver disease (e.g. hemochromatosis, autoimmune hepatitis, alcoholic liver disease, toxin exposures)
5. Women with ongoing pregnancy or breast feeding
6. Decompensated liver disease within the last three months
7. Neutrophil count less than 1500 cells/mm³, Hgb less than 12 g/dl in women or 13 g/dl in men, or platelet count less than 60,000 cells/mm³
8. Any patient with a baseline increased risk for anemia (e.g. thalassemia, spherocytosis, history of gastrointestinal [GI] bleeding etc.) or for whom anemia would be medically problematic
9. Serum creatinine level more than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal at screening
10. Patients unlikely to comply with the study schedule due to alcohol and/or drug abuse
11. History of severe psychiatric disease, especially depression. Severe psychiatric disease is defined as treatment with an antidepressant medication or a major tranquilizer at therapeutic doses for major depression or psychosis, respectively, for at least three months at any previous time or any history of the following: a suicidal attempt, hospitalisation for psychiatric disease, or a period of disability due to a psychiatric disease
12. History of immunologically mediated disease (e.g. inflammatory bowel disease, idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, lupus erythematosus, autoimmune hemolytic anemia, scleroderma, severe psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis requiring more than intermittent nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory medications for management etc.)
13. History or other evidence of chronic pulmonary disease associated with functional limitation
14. History of a severe seizure disorder or current anticonvulsant use
15. Evidence of an active or suspected cancer or a history of malignancy where the risk of recurrence is more than 20% within two years. Patients with a lesion suspicious for hepatic malignancy on the screening imaging study will only be eligible if the likelihood of carcinoma is less than 10% following an appropriate evaluation
16. History of having received any systemic anti-neoplastic or immunomodulatory treatment (including supraphysiologic doses of steroids and radiation) less than six months prior to the first dose of study drug or the expectation that such treatment will be needed at any time during the study
17. History of major organ transplantation with an existing functional graft
18. History of thyroid disease poorly controlled on prescribed medications. Patients with elevated thyroid stimulating hormone concentrations with elevation of antibodies to thyroid peroxidase and any clinical manifestations of thyroid disease are excluded
19. History or other evidence of severe retinopathy
20. Inability or unwillingness to provide informed consent or abide by the requirements of the study
21. History or other evidence of severe illness or any other conditions which would make the patient, in the opinion of the investigator, unsuitable for the study

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2004

Date of final enrolment

01/04/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Professor of Hepatology

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Sponsor information

Organisation

Southampton University Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/0485axj58>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Peginterferon supplied free of charge from Roche Pharmaceuticals.

Funder Name

Investigator-led study, funded from Southampton NHS R&D Levy.

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration