

Feasibility of using mobile phone AI-assisted dietary assessment and nudging to improve diets in female youth aged 18-24 years in urban Ghana

Submission date 02/02/2023	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 08/02/2023	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 08/02/2023	Condition category Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Unhealthy diets are a critical global concern while dietary measurement methods are time-consuming and expensive. There is limited evidence that phone-based interventions can improve nutrition data collection as well as dietary quality, especially for youth and adolescents in low and middle income countries. We developed an artificial-intelligence-based phone application called Food Recognition Assistance and Nudging Insights (FRANI) to tackle these problems. The objectives of this study are to measure the acceptability, adherence, and likeability of FRANI, as well as its effects on the food choices of female youth in Accra, Ghana.

Who can participate?

Female youth aged 18-24 years

What does the study involve?

In each setting, we randomly allocate participants into two groups: The intervention group with the full version of FRANI including the gamified nudges to encourage healthier food choices. The control group will receive FRANI without the gamified nudges. Both groups will have their food choices tracked for 8 weeks.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Evidence generated from this study will assess the potential for new technology to improve scalable data collection in nutrition, and healthier food choices for a population at risk of malnutrition.

No risks are involved.

Where is the study run from?

International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI) (USA)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

September 2022 to April 2023

Who is funding the study?

Consortium of International Agricultural Research Centers (CGIAR) (France)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Aulo Gelli, a.gelli@cgiar.org

Contact information

Type(s)

Principal Investigator

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

Assessing the feasibility of using innovative AI mobile technology that provides real-time diagnostics and tailored "nudging" on dietary intake as a strategy to improve diets of female students aged 18-24 years at the University of Ghana

Acronym

FRANI

Study objectives

The FRANI mobile app is designed to improve diets by increasing the consumption of healthy foods and beverages, whilst crowding out the consumption of unhealthy foods.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 20/11/2022, International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI) ethics board (1201 Eye Street NW, Washington DC, USA; +1 2028125611; IFPRI-IRB@cgiar.org), ref: #00007490

Study design

Randomized controlled pilot study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Community, Home

Study type(s)

Other

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Improving the quality of diets in women 18-24 years

Interventions

The intervention group with the full version of FRANI including the gamified nudges to encourage healthier food choices. The control group will receive FRANI without the gamified nudges. Participants in both groups will have their food choices tracked for 8 weeks. The intervention group will be able to take pictures of their meals, set dietary goals, and will receive personalized medals and badges according to the dietary quality of the foods they ate. They will be able to see the scores and statistics about the quality of their diet. They will receive a daily report summarizing everything they ate and notifications reminding them to take pictures. In contrast, the participants in the control group will have access to a mobile phone with a limited version of FRANI, without possibility of setting dietary goals, nor a home screen, daily reports, scores and statistics. They also will not receive medals and badges. Both groups will see the same notifications, except daily report reminders for the control group. A computer-generated sequence will be used to randomly allocate participants to the intervention and control groups at a 1:1 ratio for each country separately.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome measure

The feasibility of the FRANI will be assessed by measuring outcomes related to adherence and acceptability:

1. Adherence is defined as the number of days the participants completed dietary recalls on the FRANI divided by the total number of days of the pilot test. Participants will be considered adherent if this is equal to 70% or higher, starting to count from the first and ending on the last day of the pilot.

2. Acceptability summarizes likeability, satisfaction, intent to use, and intent to continue using the FRANI, while usability summarizes what affects the use of the FRANI.

Acceptability and usability are measured according to answers from structured questionnaires. If participants grade the acceptability or usability of the FRANI as 30 or more points in their respective structured questionnaires, the app will be considered accepted or usable.

Secondary outcome measures

Measured using data captured by FRANI over the entire duration of the pilot:

1. Percentage of total meals recorded in FRANI
2. Quality of dietary choices measured using the Individual Dietary Diversity Score
3. Quality of dietary choices measured using the EAT-Lancet Diet Score
4. Quality of dietary choices measured using the Global Diet Quality Score (GDQS)

Overall study start date

01/09/2022

Completion date

30/04/2023

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Female youth aged 18-24 years living in the targeted communities.

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Upper age limit

24 Years

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

60

Key exclusion criteria

Participant not providing consent.

Date of first enrolment

03/02/2023

Date of final enrolment

15/02/2023

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Ghana

Study participating centre

Noguchi Memorial Institute for Medical Research, University of Ghana

S Legon Dr

Accra

Ghana

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Sponsor information

Organisation

International Food Policy Research Institute

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Sponsor type

Charity

Website

<http://www.ifpri.org/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/03pxz9p87>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Consortium of International Agricultural Research Centers

Alternative Name(s)

CGIAR

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

France

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in high-impact peer reviewed journals

Intention to publish date

01/09/2023

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data will be shared on the IFPRI dataverse 1 year after the completion of the study

<https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataverse/IFPRI>

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository