

# Effects of winter exercise and the healing climate of caves on people with allergies and asthma

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<b>Registration date</b> 06/02/2019	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 22/03/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Respiratory	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

The prevalence of allergic rhinitis (hay fever) and asthma has increased during the last decades. Therefore, allergies have become an enormous economic burden. Allergic diseases influence the quality of life of patients negatively, and in particular quality of sleep is impaired, which is leading to daytime sleepiness, reduced work productivity and worse school performance. The conservative treatment of allergic includes several drugs like antihistamines, bronchodilators and glucocorticoids. Next to this, travels to and/or stays at high altitude have a long tradition in the therapy of asthma and have been described to have positive long-term effects. Another natural treatment method for allergies and asthma is the so-called speleotherapy. Speleotherapy uses the specific microclimate of old mines and caves to treat respiratory diseases. Although, physicians very often recommend regular exercise for patients with allergies and asthma, scientific evidence and evidence-based guidelines are lacking about recreational winter exercise. The aim of this study is to assess the effects of winter exercise and of speleotherapy in combination with winter exercise on patients with allergies and asthma.

### Who can participate?

Men and women aged 18-55 with a house dust mite allergy and controlled allergic rhinitis and/or allergic asthma, and moderate skiing skills to meet the demands of the winter exercise program.

### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated into three groups: a control group and two intervention groups (speleo- and exercise group). The intervention groups spent a 10-day winter holiday in the holiday region National Park Hohe Tauern (Austria). The exercise group participated in a whole-day winter sports program and the speleo group spent 1.5 hours every day in a mine and participated in half-day winter sports program. Medical examinations (lung function, blood tests, endurance etc) are performed at the beginning of the study, after the 10-day holiday and after 2 months.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The direct benefit for the participants is a ten-day winter holiday with exercise and/or speleo

therapy. A vacation improves mood and quality of life. As a negative side effect of physical activity, exercise-induced bronchoconstriction (constriction of the airways) may occur.

Where is the study run from?

The Paracelsus Medical University of Salzburg performed this study. All medical examinations were performed by members of the Institute of Ecomedicine from the Paracelsus Medical University of Salzburg. The speleo and exercise program took place in region National Park Hohe Tauern (Austria), the control group receive no intervention and stay at home (Austria).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

Intervention group with winter exercise and speleotherapy & control group: March-May 2013

Intervention group with winter exercise: December 2013- February 2014

Who is funding the study?

This research was funded by Lighthouse projects in tourism award 2011 "Year-round destination Hohe Tauern Health", Winner of the 1st price, Austrian Federal Ministry of Economic Affairs, Family and Youth

Who is the main contact?

Dr Arnulf Hartl

## Contact information

**Type(s)**

Scientific

**Contact name**

Dr Arnulf Hartl

**Contact details**

Strubergasse 22  
Salzburg  
Austria  
5020

## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**

415-E/1553/2-2012

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

Winter exercise and speleotherapy for allergy and asthma - the WESPAA study

**Acronym**

WESPAA

**Study objectives**

Winter exercise and winter exercise in combination with the healing climate of mines/caves (speleotherapy) improve allergic airway inflammation in adults suffering from allergic rhinitis and/or allergic asthma.

Winter exercise and winter exercise in combination the healing climate of mines/caves improve health related quality of life in adults suffering from allergic rhinitis and/or allergic asthma.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Ethics Committee of Salzburg, Amt der Salzburger Landesregierung, Postfach 527, 5010 Salzburg, Tel: +43 (0)662 8042 2375, Email: ethikkommission@salzburg.gv.at, 15/11/2012, ref: E1987/5-2016

## **Study design**

Randomized controlled trial

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Allergy, asthma, respiratory allergies, house dust mite allergy

## **Interventions**

The intervention groups spent a 10-day winter holiday in the Holiday region National Park Hohe Tauern (Austria). The exercise group participated in a whole-day winter sports program and the speleotherapy group spent every day 1.5h in a mine and participated in half-day winter sports program. The control group did not received any intervention.

## **Intervention Type**

Mixed

## **Primary outcome(s)**

Measured at baseline (day 0), day 10 and day 60:

1. Allergic airway inflammation assessed using exhaled nitric oxide
2. Health related quality of life assessed using RhinAsthma Quality of Life Scale

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

Measured at baseline (day 0), day 10 and day 60:

1. Inflammation/allergic inflammation assessed using differential blood count
2. Cardiorespiratory fitness assessed using the 6-Minute Walk Test
3. Lung function assessed using spirometry
4. Allergic inflammation in the upper airways assessed using eosinophilic cell count from nasal lavage
5. Cleaning rate of the upper airways assessed using mucociliary clearance (saccharin test)
6. Allergic symptoms and health status assessed using the Visual Analogue Scale
7. Chronic stress level assessed using the Trierer Inventory for chronic stress (TICS)

8. General health/health-related quality of life assessed using SF-36
9. Asthma control status assessed using Asthma Control Test
10. Health related quality of life for asthma assessed using Asthma Quality of Life Questionnaire
11. Disease-specific health related quality of life assessed using Sinonasale Outcome Test

**Completion date**

28/02/2014

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Age between 18-55 years
2. House dust mite sensitization (RAST > 2; positive PRICK-Test or total IgE > 0.7 kU/l)
3. Controlled allergic rhinitis and/or allergic asthma
4. Physical ability, including moderate skiing skills, to meet the demands of the exercise program

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Upper age limit**

55 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Uncontrolled asthma (Asthma Control Test < 20)
2. Malignant neoplastic disorders
3. Exercise induced bronchoconstriction
4. Cardiovascular diseases
5. Orthopedic diseases
6. Lung function disorder
7. Acute infection or fever
8. Uncontrolled metabolic diseases
9. Pregnancy

**Date of first enrolment**

19/11/2012

**Date of final enrolment**

15/02/2013

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Austria

Germany

## Study participating centre

**Paracelsus Medical University Salzburg**

Institute of Ecomedicine

Strubergasse 22

Salzburg

Austria

5020

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Paracelsus Medical University

## ROR

<https://ror.org/03z3mg085>

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Government

## Funder Name

Austrian Federal Ministry of Economic Affairs, Family and Youth

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Dr Arnulf Hartl (arnulf.hartl@pmu.ac.at). Data will be shared after publication; data will be shared for meta-analysis, data will be shared upon request via e-mail; data will be shared only for research purpose; consent from participants was obtained; no ethical or legal restrictions.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Interim results article</a>	Subsection of data	08/06/2019	22/03/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes