

# A randomised controlled trial of a course of reflexology on irritable bowel syndrome (IBS) in a primary care setting

<b>Submission date</b> 23/01/2004	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 23/01/2004	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 01/04/2009	<b>Condition category</b> Digestive System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

# Study information

## Scientific Title

### Study objectives

The aim of this study is to provide the first systematic evidence on the potential of reflexology to improve symptoms for patients with irritable bowel syndrome (IBS). As a result the study provides evidence on:

1. The overall effectiveness of reflexology
2. Its impact on a range of physical and psychological symptoms
3. Potential cost-effectiveness
4. The extent to which benefits are dependent on the nature of touch

It contributes to more informed decision making for professionals and service users.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Received from Local Ethics Committee

### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

GP practice

### Study type(s)

Treatment

### Participant information sheet

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Inflammatory bowel disease

### Interventions

1. Experimental reflexology group
2. Control group

The reflexology experimental group were given six 30 minute treatment sessions over an eight week period conducted as closely as possible in line with 'normal practice'. The length of the

sessions and the total number of those sessions was agreed with the lead reflexologist. The treatment consisted of an initial 'whole foot' massage followed by localised attention to the areas of the foot considered - within reflexology theory - to be related to IBS. The indistinguishable control group was given the same number of contact sessions as the experimental group and those sessions were carried out in exactly the same way, following the same procedures, with the single exception that a non-reflexology foot massage was given. According to reflexology theory this should have no curative effect as no stimulation of healing has occurred.

**Intervention Type**

Other

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Primary outcome measure**

The study was designed to test the effectiveness of reflexology on the core defining symptoms of IBS and wider physical and psychological outcomes. The principal outcome measure was abdominal pain.

**Secondary outcome measures**

1. Constipation/diarrhoea
2. Bloating
3. Overall health
4. Personal well being
5. Tiredness
6. Anxiety

**Overall study start date**

05/01/1998

**Completion date**

06/01/2000

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

Inclusion criteria were tightly defined:

1. Patients currently under the care of a primary care physician following referral to a Gastroenterologist
2. The diagnosis of IBS in line with the Rome Criteria
3. Exclusion of other causes of symptoms

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

34

**Key exclusion criteria**

Previous use of reflexology

**Date of first enrolment**

05/01/1998

**Date of final enrolment**

06/01/2000

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**University of Leeds**

Leeds

United Kingdom

LS2 9LN

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

**Sponsor details**

The Department of Health

Richmond House

79 Whitehall

London

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SW1A 2NL

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dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

**Sponsor type**

Government

**Website**

http://www.doh.gov.uk

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

NHS Executive Northern and Yorkshire (UK)

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date****Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/01/2002		Yes	No