Physical Activity in Rheumatoid Arthritis: a randomised controlled multi-centre study

Submission date [] Prospectively registered Recruitment status 21/12/2006 No longer recruiting [] Protocol [] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 28/12/2006 Completed [X] Results [] Individual participant data **Last Edited** Condition category 25/09/2019 Musculoskeletal Diseases

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Christina Opava

Contact details

Department Of NSV
Division of Physiotherapy
ANA 23100
Huddinge
Sweden
SE-14183
+46 (0)85 24 88 880
christina.opava@ki.se

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Physical Activity in Rheumatoid Arthritis: a randomised controlled multi-centre study

Acronym

PARA study

Study objectives

- 1. A one-year support program for healthy physical activity will:
- a. increase/maintain physical activity levels
- b. improve health-related quality of life and functioning
- c. be cost-effective
- 2. Improvements will sustain one year after end of intervention.
- 3. Clusters of characteristics (demographic, disease-related, cognitive-behavioural and body functions) can be distinguished and related to health-related quality of life and physical activity behavior respectively.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Regional Research Ethics committee, Karolinska Institutet (ref: d.nr. 00-010).

Study design

Single blind randomised controlled trial with intervention group and control group.

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Rheumatoid arthritis according to American College of Rheumatology criteria

Interventions

All participants in both groups had access to, but were not specifically encouraged to participate in, 'ordinary physical therapy treatment' including patient education, treatment with physical modalities, and organised exercise a maximum of twice per week. This was the treatment generally offered to patients with RA, which seldom resulted in regular physical activity in daily life.

Those randomised to intervention furthermore underwent a one-year program aiming at implementing healthy physical activity (moderately intensive, 30 minutes/day, more than four days/week). They were individually coached by a physical therapist and were informed about the benefits of physical activity. Their thoughts about their body function and their possibilities for physical activity were discussed. Goal setting for their physical activity behaviours were formulated and documented according to a structured manual based on the principles of graded activity training.

Perceived obstacles to a successful implementation were discussed and problem-solving strategies to help overcome present and future barriers were discussed and documented. Continuous telephone support was given after one week and then once monthly by the physical therapist. Tests of body functions were performed every third month as part of the intervention and oral and written feedback given about the test results. Activity logs were used two weeks prior to each test occasion to support adherence. Goals related to physical activity behaviour were systematically evaluated and adjusted whenever required.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

The EuroQoL 5 dimensions (EQ-5D)

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. The Grippit for maximum grip strength
- 2. The Timed Stands Test for lower extremity function

Overall study start date

01/01/2000

Completion date

31/12/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Rheumatoid arthritis according to American College of Rheumatology criteria
- 2. Less than two years since diagnosis
- 3. Ability to undergo body function testing and answer questionnaires

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

91 per group (beta=0.2, alfa=0.05)

Key exclusion criteria

Not applicable

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2000

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Sweden

Study participating centre Department Of NSV

Huddinge Sweden SE-14183

Sponsor information

Organisation

Karolinska Institutet (Sweden)

Sponsor details

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Stockholm Sweden SE-17177 +46 (0)852 480 000 admin@ki.se

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://ki.se/ki/jsp/polopoly.jsp?d=130&l=sv

ROR

https://ror.org/056d84691

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research council

Funder Name

The Swedish Research Council (Sweden)

Funder Name

The Vårdal Foundation (Sweden)

Funder Name

The Swedish Rheumatism Association (Sweden)

Funder Name

The Västerbotten County Council Research Fund (Sweden)

Funder Name

The Stockholm County Council (EXPO) (Sweden)

Funder Name

The Health Care Science Postgraduate School at Karolinska Institutet (Sweden)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	sub-study results	01/12/2018	25/09/2019	Yes	No