# The use of erythropoietin in cardiac surgery to protect against ischaemia-related injury in kidney and other organ systems

| Submission date   | Recruitment status   | [X] Prospectively registered |
|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| 08/05/2006        | No longer recruiting | ☐ Protocol                   |
| Registration date | Overall study status | Statistical analysis plan    |
| 02/06/2006        | Completed            | Results                      |
| Last Edited       | Condition category   | Individual participant data  |
| 16/12/2013        | Circulatory System   | Record updated in last year  |

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Mr Andrew Murday

## Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number** ajmepo1

# Study information

Scientific Title

## **Acronym**

**EPOCARD** 

# **Study objectives**

To investigate whether pre-treatment with erythropoietin (EPO) reduces the incidence of renal injury associated with surgery under cardiopulmonary bypass.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval details not yet received as of 02/06/06.

## Study design

Prospective, randomised, double-blind, placebo controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Prevention

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Ischaemic heart disease

#### Interventions

Erytropoietin versus placebo in coronary artery bypass graft surgery

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

# Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Erythropoietin

## Primary outcome(s)

Change in creatine calculated clearance between preoperative baseline and postoperative day one

# Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Oliguria
- 2. Acute renal failure requiring dialysis
- 3. Urinary analysis of N-acetyl-BD-glucosaminidase and alpha-1 microglobulin/creatinine ratio
- 4. Evidence of cardiac injury (troponin I)
- 5. Neurological injury S-100
- 6. Evidence of type I neurological outcome (stroke, transient ischaemic attack [TIA])
- 7. Type II neurological outcome (new deterioration in intellectual function, confusion, agitation, disorientation, memory deficit or seizure)

# Completion date

01/10/2007

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

- 1. First-time coronary artery bypass surgery
- 2. Age >70
- 3. Serum creatinine >120 µmol/l
- 4. Diabetes mellitus (diet or medication controlled)

# Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

## Age group

Senior

#### Sex

All

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Hypersensitiviy to mammalian cell-derived products to (human) albumin, to EPO or any of the ingredients of EPO
- 2. Hypercoagulability
- 3. Significant psychiatric or neurological disease that would prevent adherence to the requirements of the protocol
- 4. Immunosuppression immunocompromised (including, but not limited to aquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) and immunosuppressive therapy)
- 5. Significant hepatic disturbance
- 6. Chronic renal impairment (requiring haemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis)
- 7. Pregnant or breast feeding
- 8. Current treatment with human recombitant erythropoietin
- 9. Previous cardiac surgery

## Date of first enrolment

01/10/2006

#### Date of final enrolment

01/10/2007

# Locations

### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Scotland

Study participating centre
Scottish Cardiopulmonary Transplant Unit
Glasgow
United Kingdom
G31 2ER

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde (UK)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/05kdz4d87

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

## Funder Name

Roche Products Limited (NEO 029)

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration