Reduction of surgical stress by prevention of perioperative starvation

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
30/09/2005		Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
30/09/2005	Completed	[X] Results	
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data	
28/03/2012	Surgery		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr S Lewis

Contact details

level 09 Derriford Hospital Plymouth United Kingdom PL6 8DH

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

N0185146353

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Does feeding surgical patients improve intestinal permeability and insulin resistance? The purpose of this study is to examine the effect of maintaining patients nutritional intake in the pre and postoperative period on insulin resistance, nitrogen turnover and intestinal permeability.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgery

Interventions

The day before the operation study patients will be encouraged to take clear liquid dietary supplements during the day before their operation and on the day of their operation. Patients in group A will receive a placebo supplement of flavoured water. Patients in groups B and C will receive Fortisip. The amount of supplements will be measured to meet the patients calculated daily energy requirement. On the operative day patients will take 200ml of supplement drink at 8am then another 200ml 4 hours before their operations. In the postoperative period patient will be encouraged to take the liquid supplements as tolerated from the period immediately after their operation until normal diet is resumed. Patients in groups A and B will receive placebo supplement drinks whilst those in group C will receive Fortijuice. Insulin resistance will be measured using the HOMA method and by using a short insulin tolerance test. Intestinal permeability will be measured using a duel sugar test.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Key secondary outcome(s))

Not provided at time of registration

Completion date

09/02/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

60 participants in total - 40 experimental group, 20 control.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

<18 years, diabetic, pregnant or lactating, receiving tube delivered nutrition, participating in another study.

Date of first enrolment

12/09/2002

Date of final enrolment

09/02/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

level 09

Plymouth United Kingdom PL6 8DH

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Plymouth Hospitals NHS Trust

Funder Name

NHS R&D Support Funding

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created Date adde	d Peer reviewed	? Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/06/2010	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025 11/11/202	5 No	Yes