# Terbutaline tocolysis for external cephalic version: a randomised comparison of the 250 µg versus 500 µg bolus dose

Submission date 09/05/2009	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul> <li>Prospectively registered</li> <li>Protocol</li> </ul>
<b>Registration date</b> 13/05/2009	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<ul> <li>Statistical analysis plan</li> <li>Results</li> </ul>
Last Edited 13/05/2009	<b>Condition category</b> Pregnancy and Childbirth	<ul> <li>Individual participant data</li> <li>Record updated in last year</li> </ul>

### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

### **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

**Contact name** Prof Peng Chiong Tan

#### **Contact details**

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS number** 

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers 672.21

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A double-blind randomised trial of 250 µg versus 500 µg bolus dose of terbutaline as a tocolytic agent in external cephalic version

#### Acronym

TORSION STUDY

#### Study objectives

A larger terbutaline dose will provide more effective tocolysis resulting in a higher rate of successful external cephalic version.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)** University of Malaya Medical Centre Medical Ethics Committee gave approval on the 27th August 2008 (ref: 672.21)

**Study design** Double blind randomised trial

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Breech presentation at term

#### Interventions

Women are randomised to 250 µg or 500 µg of bolus subcutaneous terbutaline followed by external cephalic version 15 minutes later with a maximum of two attempts.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Terbutaline

#### Primary outcome measure

- 1. Immediate success rate of external cephalic version (ECV)
- 2. Caesarean delivery rate
- 3. Cephalic presentation at birth

All determined by no later than at the birth of the baby.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Post-ECV cardiotocograph abnormalities
- 2. Neonatal outcomes:
- 2.1. Neonatal nursery admission
- 2.2. Apgar score at 5 minutes
- 2.3. Umbilical cord arterial blood, pH
- 3. Adverse drug events
- 4. Visual Analog Scale (VAS) satisfaction score with ECV
- 5. Indication for operative delivery

Determined by no later than hospital discharge following birth.

### Overall study start date

27/08/2008

#### **Completion date**

28/02/2010

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Non-cephalic presentation
- 2. Singleton pregnancy
- 3. Gestation greater than or equal to 36 weeks (check for early confirmation of gestational age)
- 4. Intact membranes
- 5. Reassuring foetal status on cardiotocograph

Participant type(s) Patient

**Age group** Adult

**Sex** Female

Target number of participants

At least 104 women

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Known gross foetal anomaly
- 2. Severe hypertension (greater than or equal to 160/110 mmHg or confirmed pre-eclampsia)

3. Growth restricted foetus (estimated foetal weight less than 2 kg or ultrasound-derived foetal abdominal circumference less than 10 centile on our chart)

- 4. Oligohydramnios (amniotic fluid index [AFI] less than 5)
- 5. Antepartum haemorrhage within last 7 days
- 6. Uterine scar from any source
- 7. Known allergy to terbutaline
- 8. Other potential obstetric indication for caesarean delivery:
- 8.1. Placenta praevia
- 8.2. Suspected macrosomia greater than 4 kg
- 8.3. Uterine anomaly (small fibroids not causing obstruction are acceptable)
- 8.4. Obstructive pelvic tumour

#### Date of first enrolment

27/08/2008

#### Date of final enrolment

28/02/2010

### Locations

Countries of recruitment Malaysia

**Study participating centre Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology** Kuala Lumpur Malaysia 50603

### Sponsor information

**Organisation** University of Malaya Medical Centre (Malaysia)

#### **Sponsor details** Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Faculty of Medicine University of Malaya Lembah Pantai Kuala Lumpur

Malaysia 50603

**Sponsor type** University/education

Website http://www.ummc.edu.my/

ROR https://ror.org/00vkrxq08

# Funder(s)

**Funder type** University/education

**Funder Name** University of Malaya (Malaysia)

Alternative Name(s) University of Malaya, University Malaya, Malayan University, UM

**Funding Body Type** Government organisation

**Funding Body Subtype** Universities (academic only)

**Location** Malaysia

### **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan** Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

**IPD sharing plan summary** Not provided at time of registration