A randomised controlled pilot study of weightbearing standing programmes on bone mineral density in non-ambulant cerebral palsy children.

Submission date	
23/01/2004	

Recruitment status No longer recruiting

Registration date 23/01/2004

Overall study status Completed

Last EditedCondition category08/12/2009Nervous System Diseases

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Dr Zulficar Mughal

Contact details

Department of Paediactrics St Mary's Hospital for Women and Children Hathersage Road Manchester United Kingdom M13 0JH +44 (0)161 276 6501

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers PCD2/A1/306

[] Prospectively registered

	Protoco
--	---------

[] Statistical analysis plan

[X] Results

[] Individual participant data

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

The overall objective of this randomised pilot intervention study is to determine whether participation in a weight-bearing standing programme (approximately 50% increase in vertical or prone standing for one year) will lead to an improvement in volumetric bone mineral density of non-ambulant children with cerebral palsy.

Please note that as of 26/11/09 this record has been updated. All updates can be found in the relevant field with the above update date. Updated information was taken from 2004 publication (link below).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) Not provided at time of registration

Study design Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Other

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Cerebral palsy

Interventions

Added 26/11/09

A heterogeneous group of 26 pre-pubertal children with CP (14 boys, 12 girls; age 4.3-10.8 years) participated in this randomised controlled trial. Subjects were matched into pairs using baseline vertebral vTBMD standard deviation scores. Children within the pairs were randomly allocated to either intervention (50% increase in the regular standing duration) or control (no increase in the regular standing duration) groups. Pre- and post-trial vertebral and proximal tibial vTBMD was measured by quantitative computed tomography (QCT)

Intervention Type

Other

Phase Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure Change in volumetric bone mineral density

Secondary outcome measures Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date 01/11/1997

Completion date 31/10/2001

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria Non-ambulant cerebral palsy children who are able to weight-bear in a standing frame.

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Child

Sex Both

Target number of participants 26

Key exclusion criteria Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment 01/11/1997

Date of final enrolment 31/10/2001

Locations

Countries of recruitment England **Study participating centre Department of Paediactrics** Manchester United Kingdom M13 0JH

Sponsor information

Organisation

Record Provided by the NHS R&D 'Time-Limited' National Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

The Department of Health Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type Government

Website http://www.doh.gov.uk

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name NHS National Physical and Complex Disabilities Programme (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Results article</u>	results	01/02/2004		Yes	No