

Micropulse diode vs conventional green laser treatment in clinically significant diabetic macular oedema

Submission date 25/07/2007	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 30/08/2007	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 28/09/2009	Condition category Eye Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
MP1

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Micropulse diode laser has been used for patients with clinically significant diabetic macular oedema. It has not been directly compared with the standard treatment with green laser. In this study, we are going to perform a prospective randomised double-masked controlled trial to compare these two treatment modalities.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

South East London Ethical Committee, approved on 14 August 2003(ref: 07-03-159)

Study design

Prospective randomised double-masked controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Diabetic macular oedema

Interventions

Micropulse diode vs conventional green laser treatment

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Visual acuity at 12 months.

Secondary outcome measures

The following will be assessed at 12 months:

1. Contrast sensitivity
2. Central retinal thickness
3. Visible laser scars in macula

Overall study start date

01/01/2005

Completion date

01/01/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Patients with clinically significant macular edema due to diabetes in at least one eye
2. Able to understand and consent to the study
3. Vision acuity on study eye better than 20/200

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

100

Key exclusion criteria

1. Ocular surgery within the past 6 months
2. Any laser surgery in the study eye
3. Any other ocular diseases in the study eye that can alter vision during the study period
4. Poor diabetic control with HBA1c >12

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2005

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
Laser and Retinal Research Unit
London
United Kingdom
SE5 9RS

Sponsor information

Organisation
King's College Hospital (UK)

Sponsor details
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Sponsor type
University/education

ROR
<https://ror.org/01qz4yx77>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name
Ophthalmic Fund within the King's College Hospital NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan
Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/10/2009		Yes	No