

# A placebo-controlled, double-blind, multicentre phase III trial to assess the efficacy and safety of miltefosine solution in the treatment of breast cancer where no other appropriate treatment is available

<b>Submission date</b> 19/08/2002	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 19/08/2002	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 04/01/2012	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number**  
C121

## Study information

## **Scientific Title**

### **Study objectives**

Not provided at time of registration

### **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

### **Ethics approval(s)**

Not provided at time of registration

### **Study design**

Multicentre randomised double blind placebo controlled trial

### **Primary study design**

Interventional

### **Study type(s)**

Treatment

### **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Breast cancer

### **Interventions**

Patients are randomised to receive either:

1. Treatment A: Miltefosine, a 6% solution
2. Treatment B: Placebo solution

The solution whether placebo or miltefosine is applied to the affected area initially once daily (two drops per 10 cm surface area, allowing for an approximately 3 cm margin around the visible lesion). Provided this has good tolerability the dose will be escalated to twice daily applications from week two onwards. In the absence of clear progression of skin lesions or dose-limiting adverse events a minimum treatment time of eight weeks is suggested.

Patients who have a complete response should continue at the same dosage, if possible, for at least a further four weeks after the complete response is observed.

Patients will be treated and/or followed-up until progression or occurrence of skin lesions within the treated area, treatment stop due to poor tolerability of the study medication, or necessity for a change in systemic therapy.

### **Intervention Type**

Drug

### **Phase**

Phase III

### **Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Miltefosine

**Primary outcome(s)**

Added 06/08/09:

Time to treatment failure

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

Added 06/08/09

1. Rate of response
2. Cutaneous reactions

**Completion date**

30/04/1998

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Female, aged more than 18 years
2. Histologically or cytologically confirmed breast cancer with inoperable lesions, unsuitable for radiotherapy, inadequately manageable by radiotherapy or systemic endocrine or chemotherapy
3. Superficial nodular or "flat" skin lesions including (estimated depth 1 cm), at least one bidimensionally measurable and progressive lesion
4. Patients should have had at least one prior systemic endocrine or chemotherapy. Patients may take concomitant endocrine therapy only (endocrine therapy must have been unchanged for the last 12 weeks if ongoing at the time of study entry)
5. Performance status World Health Organisation (WHO) grade two with life expectancy of at least three months
6. Satisfactory haematological and blood chemistry values

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

Female

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Patients with no measurable lesions, skin lesions with estimated depth over 1 cm, ulcerated skin lesions over 10% of the area to be treated or local infection within the treated area
2. Clinical evidence of brain metastases that would limit life expectancy to less than six months
3. Patients with progressive associated systemic metastases
4. Previous malignancies within the last five years, except treated and cured carcinoma in situ of the cervix, non-melanoma skin cancer or cutaneous lymphepithelioma
5. Radiotherapy to skin lesions or chemotherapy within the last four weeks

6. Major surgery within the last two weeks

7. Uncontrolled clinically significant illness not related to cancer

The only permissible concomitant therapies are irradiation of non-skin lesions for symptom relief and endocrine therapy if it has remained unchanged for at least 12 weeks

**Date of first enrolment**

01/01/1998

**Date of final enrolment**

30/04/1998

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

UKCCCR Register Co-ordinator

London

United Kingdom

NW1 2DA

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

Cancer Research UK (CRUK) (UK)

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/054225q67>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Charity

**Funder Name**

Cancer Research UK (CRUK) (UK)

**Alternative Name(s)**

CR\_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, Cancer Research UK (CRUK), CRUK

**Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

Other non-profit organizations

**Location**

United Kingdom

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary****Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/11/2001		Yes	No