# Investigating the impact of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on children presenting to emergency departments across Europe

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
06/07/2020		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
14/07/2020	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
03/09/2024	Other			

### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

COVID-19 is a condition caused by the coronavirus (called SARS-CoV-2) that was first identified in late 2019. This virus can infect the respiratory (breathing) system. Ever since the first cases of SARS-CoV-2 were reported in Europe, and since the initial outbreak in Italy in February 2020, the pandemic has caused significant challenges for health care systems and the societies at large across Europe.

One of the few reassuring aspects of this pandemic might be that children don't appear to get infected as often as adults, that severe disease in children is rare, and that children appear to play a limited role in the transmission of the virus. As a result, numbers of children attending hospital emergency departments have been reported to have fallen drastically. However, the reduced numbers appear to be out of keeping with what was to be expected as a result of the government 'lockdown' policies. It is thought that, as a result of the imposed restrictions on free movements by governments, children are not cross-infecting one another with other common childhood diseases with the closure of daycare facilities and schools, that they are less exposed to air pollution triggering the respiratory disease, and that they are less often involved in high velocity, traffic-related trauma.

Also, as an unwanted effect of the pandemic, frontline clinicians are noticing an increase in delayed presentations of children with serious illness. Furthermore, cases of children presenting with an emerging Paediatric Inflammatory Multisystem Syndrome - temporally associated with Sars-Cov-2 (PIMS-TS) have been reported, with some of these children testing positive and some testing negative for SARS-CoV-2. At present, no there is no evidence to confirm these findings across multiple European countries. Therefore, it is important to describe current patterns of children presenting to paediatric emergency departments across Europe and compare these with historical data. The aim of this is to provide evidence for changes to attendance to emergency departments for children; to monitor for possible new diseases; and to understand the timeliness of their presentations in relation to the disease severity, to confirm if children are attending emergency departments later than normal during the pandemic and therefore have more severe symptoms by the time they are first seen by healthcare staff.

This study will be performed by the EPISODES study steering group, in collaboration with the European Society of Emergency Medicine and the Research in European Paediatric Emergency Medicine network.

### Who can participate?

The collective data of all children presenting to the emergency departments of the participating centres during the period between January 1st, 2018 and May 1st, 2020 will be included in this trial.

### What does the study involve?

This study will involve analysis of routinely collected clinical data of all children presenting to emergency departments across Europe over a 2 and half year period. The data will not be identifiable and will be collected on a monthly basis for each individual participating centre during the period spanning the COVID-19 pandemic (beginning February 2020). The historical data (from January 2018 and prior to February 2020) will be collected to serve as a comparison.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

As this study does not involve any change to the care of the children whose data is included and that no individual patient data or identifiable data will be collected, there are not thought to be any risks involved in this study. It is hoped that data will show the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the numbers of children presenting to emergency departments across Europe and may, therefore, be used to provide advice on emergency department attendance for children, and to respond rapidly to a potential second wave of the pandemic.

### Where is the study run from?

Imperial College London (UK). There are currently 40 confirmed participating sites (1-4 centres per European country) providing data for the study.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? From June to December 2021

Who is funding the study? The study is investigator-initiated and funded.

Who is the main contact? Dr Ruud Nijman r.nijman@imperial.ac.uk

### Study website

https://www.eusem.org/news/564-help-research-in-paediatric-emergency-medicine-moving-forward

### Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Ruud Nijman

#### ORCID ID

#### Contact details

St Marys Campus, Medical School Building Room 235 Norfolk Place London United Kingdom W2 1PG +44 (0)7442360730 r.nijman@imperial.ac.uk

### Additional identifiers

### **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### **IRAS** number

284008

### ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

### Secondary identifying numbers

**IRAS 284008** 

### Study information

#### Scientific Title

The epidemiology, severity, and outcomes of children presenting to emergency departments across Europe during the SARS-COV-2 pandemic: the EPISODES study

### Acronym

**EPISODES** 

### Study objectives

This study aims to describe current patterns of children presenting to paediatric emergency departments across Europe during the SARS-CoV-2 pandemic and compare these with historical data, to understand the timeliness of their presentations in relation to the disease severity, and to monitor for emerging disease entities.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 18/06/2020, UK HRA, Imperial College Research Governance and Integrity Team (Joint Research Compliance Office Office Room 221, Medical School Building, St Mary's Campus, Imperial College London W2 1NY; n.shaikh@imperial.ac.uk; +44 (0)20 7594 9484), ref: 20SM6003

### Study design

Retrospective analysis of routinely collected clinical data

### Primary study design

Observational

### Secondary study design

Epidemiological study

### Study setting(s)

Hospital

### Study type(s)

Diagnostic

### Participant information sheet

No participant information sheet available

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Paediatric emergency department presentation

### **Interventions**

Current interventions as of 01/04/2021:

This study will involve retrospective analysis of routinely collected clinical data of all children presenting to emergency departments across Europe over a 2 and half year period. Aggregated, anonymous data will be entered on a monthly basis for each individual participating centre during the period spanning the COVID-19 pandemic (beginning February 2020). All data will be extracted from electronic health care records by the local clinical teams. Monthly aggregated data will be entered on a validated and secure online platform (RedCap). Aggregated, anonymous data will be presented on a weekly/monthly basis where each week period will start on the first Monday (00:00 am) of that time period, through to the last Sunday (11:59 pm) of that time period. The total time period of interest will be January 1st, 2018 to May 17th, 2020 to allow for the collection of historical data (prior to February 2020) for comparison. Once the data is collected it will be analysed after the end of the period of interest.

A quota sampling design will be used to select from which 1-4 institutions from each participating European countries data will be collected. Every site lead will complete a site-specific survey to inform on hospital-specific factors and local changes to healthcare pathways induced by the SARS-CoV-2 pandemic. No data with personally identifiable data will be collected, nor any data on a patient individual level. Data will be analysed by comparing absolute numbers and percentages of children presenting to emergency departments, the severity of their presenting problems, their working diagnoses, and the patient outcomes, over time during the study period.

We will use historic datasets to calibrate time series auto-regressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) forecasting models, in order to predict the expected number of ED attendances for different conditions using national-level and local data pre- and during the COVID-19 pandemic. We will compare the forecasted trends to the observed data for the same periods of time. Site-specific surveys detailing local health care pathways, and COVID-19 related changes to these pathways, will allow for unique local mediation analysis, and the ARIMA models will be adjusted for local policy interventions on social distancing and other lockdown measures.

An extension of the study period will allow data until May 2021 to be collected.

#### Previous interventions:

This study will involve retrospective analysis of routinely collected clinical data of all children presenting to emergency departments across Europe over a 2 and half year period. Aggregated, anonymous data will be entered on a monthly basis for each individual participating centre during the period spanning the COVID-19 pandemic (beginning February 2020). All data will be extracted from electronic health care records by the local clinical teams. Monthly aggregated data will be entered on a validated and secure online platform (RedCap). Aggregated, anonymous data will be presented on a weekly basis where each month or each week period will start at the first Monday (00:00 am) of that time period, through to the last Sunday (11:59 pm) of that time period. The total time period of interest will be January 1st, 2018 to May 1st, 2020 to allow for the collection of historical data (prior to February 2020) for comparison. Once the data is collected it will be analysed after the end of the period of interest.

A quota sampling design will be used to select from which 1-4 institutions from each participating European countries data will be collected. Every site lead will complete a site-specific survey to inform on hospital-specific factors and local changes to healthcare pathways induced by the SARS-CoV-2 pandemic. No data with personally identifiable data will be collected, nor any data on a patient individual level. Data will be analysed by comparing absolute numbers and percentages of children presenting to emergency departments, the severity of their presenting problems, their working diagnoses, and the patient outcomes, over time during the study period.

### **Intervention Type**

Other

### Primary outcome measure

Absolute numbers of children presenting to the paediatric emergency department over the period of interest; for all children and children with different typologies (i.e. working diagnosis, age)

### Secondary outcome measures

1. The severity of illness of children presenting to the paediatric emergency department over the period of interest as defined by the following criteria: percentage of children with abnormal vital parameters; high triage urgency; a composite outcome of the need for emergency medications, the need for hospital admission for >24 h, the need for PICU admission, and death 2. Change of relative incidence of children with specific diagnoses of interest and the severity of their presentation as a proxy for timeliness of presentations. Calculated from: absolute numbers of children presenting to the paediatric emergency department; the percentage of children with abnormal vital parameters; the number of cases with high triage urgency; a composite outcome of the need for emergency medications, the need for hospital admission for >24 h, the need for PICU admission, and death; over the period of interest and over an equivalent historical time period for comparison

Overall study start date 14/06/2020

Completion date 31/12/2021

### **Eligibility**

### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. All children presenting to the emergency department during the period of interest for unscheduled health care
- 2. Aged between 0 and 18 years (upper age limit determined by the upper age bracket for children being assessed at the local participating centre)
- 3. Undergo a formal clinical assessment by advanced nurse practitioner (or equivalent) or clinician in the emergency department
- 4. All or part of the data of the triaging process (including vital signs), consultation, management (including diagnostics and treatment) and outcomes (including working diagnosis and disposition) routinely documented in the electronic patient record

### Participant type(s)

Patient

### Age group

Child

### Upper age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

### Target number of participants

Between 6,000 and 60,000 per participating centre, 40 confirmed participating centres at the time of submission

### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Children visiting the emergency department who are then streamed to a primary care service for the initial consultation.
- 2. Children presenting to the emergency department for scheduled health care or a planned follow-up visit (children who have an unscheduled re-visit to the emergency department within one disease episode are not excluded)

#### Date of first enrolment

01/01/2018

#### Date of final enrolment

01/05/2021

### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Austria

England

France

Iceland			
Ireland			
Italy			
Latvia			
Lithuania			
Malta			
Netherlands			
Portugal			
Slovenia			
Spain			
Sweden			
Türkiye			
United Kingdom			

### Study participating centre Medical University Vienna

Study participating centre

Imperial College

United Kingdom

London

W2 1NY

Germany

Hungary

Paediatric Emergency Outpatient Clinic
Clinical Division of Pediatric Pulmonology, Allergology and Endocrinology
Department of Pediatrics and Adolescent Medicine
Währinger Gürtel 18-20
Vienna
Austria
1090

### Study participating centre Paracelsus Medical University

Paediatric Emergency Department and Paediatric surgery Department Müllner Hauptstrasse 48 Salzburg Austria 5020

### Study participating centre Medical University of Graz

Department of General Paediatrics Auenbruggerplatz 2 Graz Austria 8036

### Study participating centre Hopital Universitaire Robert-Debre

Paediatric Emergency Department Bd Sérurier Paris France 75019

### Study participating centre Louis Mourier Hospital

Paediatric Emergency Department 178 Rue des Renouillers Colombes France 92700

### Study participating centre Armand Trousseau Hospital

Paediatric Emergency Department 26 avenue du Dr-Arnold-Netter Paris France 75012

### Study participating centre

### Jean Verdier Hospital

Paediatric Emergency Department 3 Rue Arthur Groussier Bondy France 93140

### Study participating centre Dr. von Hauner Children's Hospital

Paediatric emergency department Ludwig-Maximilians-University Munich Lindwurmstraße 4 Munich Germany 80337

### Study participating centre Heim Pal National Paediatric Institute

Paediatric Emergency Department Ulloi ut 86 Budapest Hungary 1089

### Study participating centre Szent Gyorgy University Teaching Hospital of Fejer County

Paediatric Emergency Department Szekesfehervar Hungary 8000

### Study participating centre Barnaspitali Hringsins

Hringbraut 101 Reykjavík Iceland 101

## Study participating centre Children's Health Ireland at Crumlin Paediatric Emergency Department

Cooley Rd Crumlin Dublin Ireland D12 N512

### Study participating centre Children's Health Ireland at Temple Street

Paediatric Emergency Department Temple St Rotunda Dublin Ireland D01 XD99

### Study participating centre Children's Health Ireland at Tallaght

Paediatric Emergency Department Tallaght Dublin Ireland D24 NR0A

### Study participating centre University Hospital of Padova

Division of Paediatric Emergency Medicine
Department of Women's and Children's Health
Via Giustiniani, 3
Padova
Italy
35128

### Study participating centre

ondazione Policlinico Universitario A. Gemelli IRCCS

Department of Woman and Child Health and Public Health Via della Pineta Sacchetti, 217 Rome Italy 00168

### Children's Clinical University Hospital

Paediatric emergency department Riga Stradins University Vienības gatve 45 Riga Latvia

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### Study participating centre Hospital of Lithuanian University of Health Sciences Kauno Klinikos

Eivenių g. 2 Kaunas Lithuania 50161

### Study participating centre Mater Dei Hospital

Department of Child and Adolescent Health Msida Malta MSD 2090

### Study participating centre Erasmus MC Sophia

Department General Paediatrics Dr. Molewaterplein 40 Rotterdam Netherlands 3015 GD

### Study participating centre Medisch Centrum Alkmaar, Noordwest Ziekenhuisgroep

Emergency department Wilhelminalaan 12 Alkmaar Netherlands 1815 JD

# Study participating centre Hospital Pediátrico, Centro Hospitalar e Universitário de Coimbra Pediatric Emergency Service

Avenida, R. Dr. Afonso Romão Coimbra Portugal 3000-602

### Study participating centre Centro Hospitalar e Universitário de São João

Alameda Prof. Hernâni Monteiro Porto Portugal 4200-319

### Study participating centre Hospital Dona Estefania

Centro Hospitalar de Lisboa Central Alameda Santo António dos Capuchos Lisboa Portugal 1169-050

### Study participating centre Hospital Prof. Doutor Fernando da Fonseca

Departamento da Criança e do Jovem- Urgencia Pediatrica IC19 Amadora Portugal 2720-276

### Study participating centre Centro Hospitalar Tondela-Viseu

Paediatric Department Av. Rei Dom Duarte Viseu Portugal 3504-509

### Study participating centre University Medical Centre Ljubljana

Univerzitetni Klinični Center Department of Infectious Diseases Zaloška cesta 7 Ljubljana Slovenia 1000

### Study participating centre Cruces University Hospital

Paediatric emergency department Cruces Plaza, S/N Barakaldo Spain 48903

### Study participating centre Hospital Universitario Río Hortega

Paediatric emergency unit Calle Dulzaina, 2 Valladolid Spain 47012

### Study participating centre Astrid Lindgrens Children's hospital

Paediatric emergency department Karolinska University Anna Steckséns gata 35 Solna Sweden 171 64

### Study participating centre Sachs' Children and Youth Hospital

Paediatric emergency department Sjukhusbacken 10 Stockholm Sweden 118 83

# Study participating centre Faculty of Medicine, Ondokuz Mayıs University Paediatric Emergency Department Körfez

19 Mayıs University Samsun Türkiye 55270

### Study participating centre Hacettepe University School of Medicine

Division of Pediatric Emergency Medicine Department of Pediatrics Hacettepe A.Adnan Saygun Cd Ankara Türkiye 06230

### Study participating centre Mersin City Training and Research Hospital

Department of Pediatrics
Division of Emergency Medicine
Korukent Mah. 96015 Sok. Mersin Entegre Sağlık Kampüsü
Toroslar
Mersin
Türkiye
33240

### Study participating centre Leicester Children's Hospital

Paediatric Emergency Medicine Leicester Academic Group Children's Emergency Department Leicester Royal Infirmary Infirmary Square Leicester United Kingdom LE1 5UE

### Study participating centre St. Mary's Hospital

Department of Paediatric Emergency Medicine Division of Medicine Imperial College NHS Healthcare Trust Praed Street London United Kingdom W2 NY1

### Study participating centre St. Thomas' Hospital

Department of paediatric emergency medicine Guy's and St. Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust Westminster Bridge Rd South Bank London United Kingdom SE1 7EH

### Study participating centre Birmingham Children's Hospital

Paediatric emergency department Birmingham women's and children's NHS Foundation Trust Steelhouse Ln Birmingham United Kingdom B4 6NH

### Study participating centre Bristol Royal Hospital for Children

Emergency Department Upper Maudlin St Bristol United Kingdom BS2 8BJ

### Study participating centre Alder Hey Children's Hospital

Paediatric emergency department Alder Hey Children's NHS Foundation Trust E Prescot Rd Liverpool United Kingdom L12 2AP

### Sponsor information

### Organisation

Imperial College London

### Sponsor details

Joint Research Compliance Office Medical School building, Room 221 Norfolk Place London England United Kingdom W211PG +44 (0)207 594 9465 cheuk-fung.wong@imperial.ac.uk

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://www3.imperial.ac.uk/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/041kmwe10

### Funder(s)

### Funder type

Other

#### Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

### **Results and Publications**

### Publication and dissemination plan

Current publication and dissemination plan as of 01/04/2021:

Expect to publish the main manuscript in a leading international peer-reviewed journal and presentation at international conferences, planned for 01/06/2021 (i.e.: data from original EPISODES study, detailing period January 2018 - May 2020).

Anticipated additional production of short papers on both difficulties on harmonising routinely collected clinical data from European paediatric emergency departments, and changes in health care pathways across Europe amongst participants of the EPISODES study. Secondary analysis of the data may be performed with the approval of the EPISODES steering group after review of a

study proposal by any member of the EPISODES study group. Furthermore, the EPISODES study will position the trial group in a unique position to respond rapidly to a potential second wave of Sars-Cov-2 infections and to collect data on epidemiological issues in paediatric emergency medicine.

### Previous publication and dissemination plan:

Expect to publication of the main manuscript in a leading international peer-reviewed journal and presentation at international conferences. Anticipated production of short papers on both difficulties on harmonising routinely collected clinical data from European paediatric emergency departments, and changes in health care pathways across Europe amongst participants of the EPISODES study. Secondary analysis of the data may be performed with the approval of the EPISODES steering group after review of a study proposal by any member of the EPISODES study group. Furthermore, the EPISODES study will position the trial group in a unique position to respond rapidly to a potential second wave of Sars-Cov-2 infections and to collect data on epidemiological issues in paediatric emergency medicine.

### Intention to publish date

01/06/2021

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from r.nijman@imperial.ac.uk. Requests and study proposals will be reviewed by the steering committee. Any of the data needed for any (approved by the steering committee) proposed analysis will be shared. These data will not contain patient individual data and are only available in aggregated and fully anonymised form. UK HRA approval was obtained; no patient informed consent was needed. Data will become available after acceptance of first publication of the main study results. Data will be available for 10 years after study closure.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		26/08/2022	30/08/2022	Yes	No
<u>Protocol file</u>	version 3.0	13/05/2020	03/09/2024	No	No
Results article	paediatric emergency visits in Sweden	22/06/2021	03/09/2024	Yes	No