Comparing the effectiveness of two treatments for severe cubital tunnel syndrome

Submission date 23/11/2019	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered Protocol
Registration date 04/07/2020	Overall study status Completed	 Statistical analysis plan [X] Results
Last Edited 17/03/2022	Condition category Nervous System Diseases	[_] Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Cubital Tunnel Syndrome is a condition that involves pressure or stretching of the ulnar nerve (also known as the "funny bone" nerve), which can cause numbness or tingling in the ring and small fingers, pain in the forearm, and/or weakness in the hand. Surgery may be needed to relieve the pressure on the nerve. This can involve releasing the nerve, moving the nerve to the front of the elbow, and/or removing a part of the bone.

Supercharged end-to-side nerve transfer for severe cubital tunnel syndrome is a recently developed technique which involves attachment of an additional nerve to the damaged nerve in order to speed up recovery of the damaged nerve.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years or above with severe cubital tunnel syndrome.

What does the study involve?

Participants will be randomly allocated to receive standard treatment or standard treatment with additional nerve attachment (supercharged end-to-side nerve transfer). Patients will be followed up for two years.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Benefits: Each participant was given a free electromyographic examination Risks: The experimental group had one more incision

Where is the study run from? Third Hospital of Hebei Medical University, China

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2013 to October 2017

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded Who is the main contact? Qing Xie qxie710@sina.com

Contact information

Type(s) Public

Contact name Ms Qing Xie

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers THHMU20130178

Study information

Scientific Title

Conventional ulnar nerve decompression and transposition adding supercharged end-to-side pronator quadratus motor branch to motor branch of ulnar nerve transfer vs conventional ulnar nerve decompression and transposition alone for the treatment of advanced cubital tunnel syndrome: a comparison study

Acronym SEPQMBMBUNT

Study objectives

The hypothesis is that the efficiency of ulnar nerve decompression and transposition is improved by adding the supercharged end-to-side pronator quadratus motor branch to motor branch of ulnar nerve transfer (SEPQMBMBUNT) in patients with advanced cubital tunnel syndrome.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 01/02/2013, Institutional Review Board of the Third Hospital of Hebei Medical University (Ziqiang Road, Shijiazhuang, Hebei, 050051, China; +86 (0)31188603632; no email provided), ref: 20190391

Study design Interventional randomized controlled trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Advanced cubital tunnel syndrome

Interventions

Patients will be blinded and randomly allocated to the study group and control group. Patients in the study group will undergo the conventional ulnar nerve decompression and transposition adding supercharged end-to-side pronator quadratus motor branch to motor branch of ulnar nerve transfer. Patients in the control group will undergo conventional ulnar nerve decompression and transposition alone. Final assessments include pinch strength, 2-point discrimination of the little finger, and Disabilities of the Arm, Shoulder, and Hand Questionnaire.

Patients remained in hospital for 2 weeks and were followed up for 24 months.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome measure

Grip strength using a Jamar dynamometer (Sammons Preston Rolyan, Bolingbrook, Illinois), key pinch strength using a pinch gauge (B&L Engineering, Santa Ana, California), and tripod pinch strength (Baseline Hydraulic Pinch Meter, Fabrication Enterprises Inc., Irvington, NY, USA) at baseline and two years

Secondary outcome measures

1. 2-point discrimination of the little finger measured using Disk-Criminator (MackinnonDellon Partnership, Baltimore, MD) at baseline and two years

2. Disabilities of the Arm, Shoulder, and Hand measured using Gabel/Amadio score and disabilities of the arm, shoulder, and hand (DASH) questionnaire at baseline and two years

Overall study start date

01/01/2013

Completion date

11/10/2017

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Age >18 years
- 2. Severe cubital tunnel syndrome (Akahori's Classification grade III, IV, and V)
- 3. A history of cubital tunnel syndrome >6 months
- 4. Unilateral limb involvement
- 5. Atrophy of intrinsic hand muscles innervated by the ulnar nerve, which was defined as a sign of advanced disease, no matter manifestation of grip weakness
- 6. A conduction velocity of 40 m/s or greater
- 7. No improvement or worse symptoms in mild disease after 3 months of nonsurgical treatments

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants 100

Total final enrolment

90

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. An additional lesion, such as cervical neuropathy
- 2. Thoracic outlet syndrome, or Guyon's canal syndrome
- 3. Deformity or distortion of the cubital tunnel
- 4. Associated medical conditions capable of causing a non-compressive neuropathy, such as diabetes mellitus and rheumatism
- 5. Revision surgery for cubital tunnel syndrome

Date of first enrolment

20/01/2013

Date of final enrolment 20/10/2016

Locations

Countries of recruitment China

Study participating centre Third Hospital of Hebei Medical University Ziqiang Road Hebei Shijiazhuang China 050051

Sponsor information

Organisation Third Hospital of Hebei Medical University

Sponsor details Ziqiang Road Shijiazhuang China 050051 +86-13273148710 Zhikongban3610@163.com

Sponsor type Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.cthhmu.com/

ROR https://ror.org/004eknx63

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal.

Intention to publish date

01/12/2019

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The current data sharing plans for this study are unknown and will be available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Results article</u>		03/09/2021	17/03/2022	Yes	No