

An alternative method to evaluate dental implant placement accuracy

Submission date 24/05/2022	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 07/06/2022	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 18/10/2022	Condition category Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Normally, to evaluate how accurately oral implants are placed in patients, after placing the implant, a second X-ray scan (cone-beam computed tomography [CBCT]) is obtained and this second scan is compared with the first preoperative scan to determine how accurately the implant is placed. This means a patient is exposed to radiation two times, once before and once after implant placement. The aim of this study is to determine if an intraoral scan (IOS) is also valid to evaluate oral implant placement accuracy. This would mean that a second X-ray can be avoided, lowering the radiation dosage for those patients.

Who can participate?

Patients who need to have a tooth/teeth replaced using oral implants

What does the study involve?

Patients do not need to undergo additional steps, since both preoperative scans are needed anyway to plan the ideal implant location, the postoperative CBCT is normally used to evaluate the implant location and the postoperative IOS is needed to manufacture the prosthetic device which is later placed on top of the implant (e.g. a dental crown or bridge).

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefit of this study is that, if the intraoral scan is a valid alternative, there is no need to obtain a second, postoperative CBCT to evaluate the accuracy of implant placement. This results in halving (since a preoperative CBCT is necessary for treatment) the patient's radiation load. There are no risks involved in this study since the postoperative CBCT is a standard procedure to evaluate implant placement accuracy and the postoperative intraoral scan also needs to be obtained to manufacture the prosthetic device on the dental implant.

Where is the study run from?

The department of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery at Radboudumc Nijmegen (The Netherlands)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

May 2019 to December 2020

Who is funding the study?
Investigator initiated and funded

Who is the main contact?
Jan van Hooft, Jan.cm.vanhooft@Radboudumc.nl

Contact information

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

Mr Jan van Hooft

ORCID ID

<http://orcid.org/0000-0003-3157-5061>

Contact details

Philips van Leydenlaan 25
Nijmegen
Netherlands
6525EX
+31 6 46330476
jan.cm.vanhooft@radboudumc.nl

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Mr Jan van Hooft

Contact details

Philips van Leydenlaan 25
Nijmegen
Netherlands
6525EX
+31 6 46330476
jan.cm.vanhooft@Radboudumc.nl

Type(s)

Principal Investigator

Contact name

Dr Luc Verhamme

Contact details

Geert Grooteplein Zuid 10
Nijmegen
Netherlands
6525GA

+31 24-3614292
Luc.verhamme@radboudumc.nl

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

Intraoral scanning as an alternative to cone-beam computed tomographies to evaluate the accuracy of dental implant placement: a prospective clinical trial

Study objectives

Intraoral scans are a valid alternative to cone-beam computed tomographies to evaluate the accuracy of oral implant placement

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 07/05/2019, METC Oost-Nederland (6500 HB Nijmegen, the Netherlands; +31 (0)24 361 3154; metcoost-en-cmo@radboudumc.nl) ref: 2020-6449

Study design

Prospective clinical trial

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cross sectional study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Other

Participant information sheet

No participant information sheet available

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Replacement of missing teeth using oral implant

Interventions

All patients underwent the same treatment; a 3D X-ray (cone-beam computed tomography [CBCT]) and intraoral scan (IOS) were obtained both before and after implantation of the oral implants. These steps are part of the regular treatment protocol and as such, did not differ from patients that underwent the same treatment but were not participating in the study. After these steps, the researchers compared those scans and so no follow-up is necessary, since the researchers only needed the data from the pre- and post-operative scans. The scans are matched using the 3DMedX software, manufactured by the Radboudumc 3D lab. This matching procedure is automated. No randomisation took place.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

The discrepancy between planned and placed implant: The matched preoperative IOS and CBCT including the planned implant is matched automatically with either the postoperative CBCT or IOS, in which the actual implant location is visible. The 3DMedX software produces a set of XYZ coordinates for both the planned and placed implant and the discrepancy between the location of the planned and the actually placed implant are calculated in millimeters.

Secondary outcome measures

There are no secondary outcome measures

Overall study start date

07/05/2019

Completion date

01/12/2020

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

Partially dentate patients referred to the department of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery at Radboudumc Nijmegen tot install at least one dental implant.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

22

Total final enrolment

16

Key exclusion criteria

1. Severe periodontal disease
2. Severe bruxism
3. Usage of intravenous bisphosphonates

Date of first enrolment

01/03/2020

Date of final enrolment

01/10/2020

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Netherlands

Study participating centre**Radboudumc**

Geert Grooteplein Zuid 10

Nijmegen

Netherlands

6525GA

Sponsor information**Organisation**

Radboud Institute for Health Sciences

Sponsor details

Geert Grooteplein 27

Nijmegen

Netherlands

6525EZ

+31 (0)24 361 46 39

RIHS@radboudumc.nl

Sponsor type

Research organisation

Website

<https://www.radboudumc.nl/en/radboud-institute-for-health-sciences/organization>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Other

Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

01/11/2022

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The plan is to share the IPD in the DANS Easy repository after publishing of the study results

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		05/10/2022	18/10/2022	Yes	No