Overcoming your child's fears and worries: a self-help guide for childhood anxiety disorders

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
06/10/2011	No longer recruiting	∐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
22/11/2011		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
03/12/2013	Mental and Behavioural Disorders			

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Anxiety problems in childhood are common and can cause problems at home, in school and with friendships. Talking treatments based on cognitive-behaviour therapy (CBT) for childhood anxiety problems are known to work well in many cases, but accessing trained therapists can be difficult. We aim to investigate results obtained following two forms of guided CBT self-help, delivered via parents, in comparison to results of a wait list control group (the control group does not receive CBT).

Who can participate?

Participants are children aged 7-12 years referred to Berkshire Child Anxiety Clinic from across Berkshire (UK), who are experiencing significant anxiety problems (and meet criteria for an anxiety disorder) and their parent(s)/carer(s).

What does the study involve?

We are comparing two versions of the guided CBT self-help intervention (full and less intense) to a wait-list control group. The full version involves four face to face sessions with a therapist and four telephone review sessions; the less intense version involves two face to face and two telephone review sessions. The content of the sessions focuses in helping parents to help their child overcome their fears and worries using cognitive-behavioural principles.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Many children are expected to make significant gains in relation to their anxiety difficulties. No side-effects from treatment are anticipated.

Where is the study run from?

The Berkshire Child Anxiety Clinic, a joint service delivered across Berkshire (UK), by Berkshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust and the University of Reading.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? The study started in April 2008 and the anticipated end date is December 2012.

Who is funding the study? National Institute of Health Research, Research for Patient Benefit (UK).

Who is the main contact? Professor Peter Cooper p.j.cooper@reading.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Peter Cooper

Contact details

School of Psychology and Clinical Language Sciences University of Reading Reading Berkshire United Kingdom RG6 6AL

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

v06.02.2008

Study information

Scientific Title

Overcoming your child's fears and worries: a randomised controlled trial of guided self-help for childhood anxiety disorders

Acronym

Overcoming

Study objectives

In a randomised controlled trial of childhood anxiety (in the absence of a current maternal anxiety disorder) the principal research questions are:

- 1. Does full guided self-help CBT lead to a reduction in anxiety disorder diagnoses, in comparison to a wait-list control?
- 2. Does less intense guided self-help CBT lead to a reduction in anxiety disorder diagnoses, in comparison to a wait-list control?

Secondary research questions:

- 3. Does full guided self-help Cognitive behaviour therapy (CBT) lead to a reduction in anxiety symptoms, in comparison to a wait-list control?
- 4. Does less intense guided self-help CBT lead to a reduction in anxiety symptoms, in comparison to a wait-list control?
- 5. Are specific parenting practices (over involvement, fear expression) and thinking styles (expectations about child competency) associated with child treatment outcome (symptoms/diagnosis)?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Berkshire Research Ethics Committee approved on 16 November 2007, ref: 07/H0505/157

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Child anxiety disorder

Interventions

Guided Cognitive Behaviour Therapy (CBT) self-help delivered via parents:

- 1. 8 sessions (4 face to face, 4 telephone)
- 2. 4 sessions (2 face to face, 2 telephone)

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Clinical Global Impressions of Improvement (CGI-I) (Much / Very much improved or not)
- 2. Anxiety Disorders Interview Schedule for DSM IV (child and parent versions) (ADIS-C/P) (Child free of primary anxiety disorder or not)

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Child anxiety symptoms and impact (SCAS, Spence, 1998-child/parent/teacher report; CAIS, Langley et al., 2004 child/parent report)
- 2. Parental interactive behaviours and cognitions as assessed by interview and observations

Overall study start date

25/04/2008

Completion date

30/12/2011

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 7 to 12 years
- 2. Primary diagnosis of Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 4th Edition (DSM-IV) generalised anxiety disorder, social phobia, separation anxiety disorder, panic disorder /agoraphobia or specific phobia
- 3. Parent / primary carer attends treatment

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

7 Years

Upper age limit

12 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

195

Key exclusion criteria

Child:

- 1. Significant physical or intellectual impairment (including autistic spectrum disorders)
- 2. Current prescription of psychotropic medication (or, if psychotropic medication is prescribed, it should have been at a stable dose for at least one month with agreement to maintain that dose throughout the study)

Parent(s):

- 1. Current maternal DSM-IV anxiety disorder
- 2. Significant intellectual impairment
- 3. Severe comorbid disorder (e.g. severe major depressive disorder, psychosis, substance /alcohol dependence)
- 4. Prescription of psychotropic medication (or, if psychotropic medication is prescribed, it should have been at a stable dose for at least one month with agreement to maintain that dose throughout the study)

Date of first enrolment

25/04/2008

Date of final enrolment

30/12/2011

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre School of Psychology and Clinical Language Sciences

Berkshire United Kingdom RG6 6AL

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Reading (UK)

Sponsor details

c/o Dr M J Proven Research and Enterprise Services Reading Berkshire United Kingdom RG6 6AL

Sponsor type

Research organisation

Website

http://www.reading.ac.uk

ROR

https://ror.org/05v62cm79

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK) (ref: G0802326)

Alternative Name(s)

Medical Research Council (United Kingdom), UK Medical Research Council, MRC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/12/2013		Yes	No