# A Controlled Evaluation of Benefits of Discharge Planning after Hospitalisation for Acute Asthma.

Submission date Recruitment status Prospectively registered 23/01/2004 No longer recruiting [ ] Protocol Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 23/01/2004 Completed [X] Results [ ] Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category 10/04/2012 Respiratory

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** AM1/08/007

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

## **Study objectives**

Respiratory liaison nurses are being increasingly used in hospital management of asthma patients, but there has been little evaluation of discharge planning by controlled randomised studies. This controlled study will be carried out in all medical ward (respiratory and non respiratory) in a major teaching hospital, to assess whether a protocol for discharge planning enacted by a trained respiratory nurse can improve clinical management, patient outcomes and GP-hospital exchange of information.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration.

## Study design

Controlled study

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Not specified

## Study type(s)

Not Specified

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Respiratory tract diseases: Asthma

#### **Interventions**

- 1. Provision of discharge planning by respiratory liaison nurse
- 2. Standard care

## Intervention Type

Other

#### **Phase**

## **Not Specified**

#### Primary outcome measure

Assessment at 1 month and 12 months after discharge of symptom free days, quality of life, readmission and emergency attendances, attitudes and beliefs about asthma, self care and satisfaction with hospital care.

There will also be a telephone follow up assessing morbidity at 6 months. GP satisfaction with the information provided through discharge planning and its use in GP follow up is also assessed. Clinical outcomes, morbidity and patient resource use are used to estimate the cost effectiveness of discharge planning.

## Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration.

## Overall study start date

01/03/1998

#### Completion date

30/06/2001

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

## Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

**Not Specified** 

#### Sex

**Not Specified** 

#### Target number of participants

Not provided at time of registration

#### Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

#### Date of first enrolment

01/03/1998

#### Date of final enrolment

30/06/2001

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Scotland

#### **United Kingdom**

Study participating centre Chest Clinic Aberdeen United Kingdom AB24 5AU

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Record Provided by the NHS R&D 'Time-Limited' National Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

## Sponsor details

The Department of Health Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

#### Sponsor type

Government

#### Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

NHS Asthma National Research and Development Programme (UK)

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

# Intention to publish date

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/10/2002		Yes	No