

# Metformin for Romanian patients with autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

<b>Submission date</b> 16/02/2019	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 25/02/2019	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 25/07/2019	<b>Condition category</b> Genetic Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD) is the most common genetic disease that affects the kidneys. In Europe, there are approximately 3 cases per 10,000 people. It is characterized by bilateral renal cysts (fluid filled sacs) that grow in number and size over time and produce loss of kidney function. Metformin is a drug that has been used to treat high blood sugar levels in patients with diabetes mellitus for many years, but research has shown that it could also slow the growth of renal cysts. Also, it has been demonstrated that Metformin could produce weight loss in overweight and obese patients. Apart from the direct effect on renal cysts growth, Metformin could have an additional beneficial effect in controlling kidney damage by producing weight loss in ADPKD patients. Based on these considerations, our aim was to evaluate how Metformin is tolerated in ADPKD patients and if these patients could have benefits on kidney function and weight loss.

### Who can participate?

Adult patients with diagnosis of ADPKD with any stage CKD stages between G1-G5 not on dialysis.

### What does the study involve?

Patients received an initial dose of Metformin of 500 mg/day within the first month, that was increased to 1000 mg/day (500 mg twice daily), depending on tolerance and adverse events. The dose of Metformin in patients with CKD stage G5 was limited to 500 mg/day throughout the duration of the study. The study follow-up period was of 24 months. In the first year, visits were established at 1, 4 and 12 months, and after this period, at 18 and 24 months. At baseline, data regarding personal medical history, family history of ADPKD, demographic, smoking status and antihypertensive drugs were collected. Also, at baseline and at each study visit, patients were questioned about drug tolerability, underwent physical examination, including BMI assessment and laboratory tests were performed, including: glycemic and lipid profiles, liver tests, renal function tests, lactic acid levels, complete blood count and urinary tests. After 24 months of treatment tolerability, safety and efficacy outcomes were analyzed.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

All participants will have the opportunity to receive a regular general evaluation and possible

benefits regarding kidney function and weight loss on those overweight or obese. Possible side effects of the treatment with Metformin include nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, bloating, dizziness, skin rash or, more rarely, issues regarding decrease in blood glucose level or increase of lactate level.

Where is the study run from?

Fundeni Clinical Institute, Department of Nephrology, Bucharest, Romania, Fundeni Street No. 258, District no. 2.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

Between April 2016 and December 2018

Who is funding the study?

Fundeni Clinical Institute

Who is the main contact?

Dr. Gener Ismail, gener732000@yahoo.com

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Dr Gener Ismail

### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

### EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

### IRAS number

### ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

### Secondary identifying numbers

39436

## Study information

**Scientific Title**

A preliminary, single-center, prospective, interventional, single-arm study investigating the safety, tolerability and efficacy of Metformin in Romanian adult patients with autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease

**Acronym**

METROP

**Study objectives**

Metformin has shown promising results regarding cystogenesis inhibition in autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD) in preclinical studies and also it was shown that it can lead to weight loss in overweight and obese patients. Apart from the direct effect on cystogenesis, Metformin could have a beneficial additional effect in controlling the decline of renal function by producing a decrease in body mass index.

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

Approved 28/11/2016, local ethical board of Fundeni Clinical Institute (Fundeni Street no. 258, 022328, Bucharest, Romania; +40 724545131; secretariat@icfundeni.ro), ref: 39436

**Study design**

Prospective, Interventional, Single-arm, Single-center study

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Secondary study design**

Non randomised study

**Study setting(s)**

Hospital

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Participant information sheet**

Not available in web format. Please use contact details to request PIS.

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Autosomal Dominant Polycystic Kidney Disease

**Interventions**

Patients received an initial dose of Metformin of 500 mg/day within the first month, that was increased to 1000 mg/day (500 mg twice daily), depending on tolerance and adverse events. Patients with CKD stage G5 received only 500 mg/day throughout the duration of the study. The study follow-up period was of 24 months.

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Specified

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Metformin

**Primary outcome measure**

Assessment of the tolerability and safety of Metformin in patients with ADPKD, which included an evaluation of the number and type of gastrointestinal and non-gastrointestinal symptoms and the evaluation of hypoglycemia, lactic acidosis, death and other adverse events, measured at baseline, 1 month, 4 months, 12 months, 18 months and 24 months using patient interviews, physical exam and laboratory tests (glycemic profile, lactate levels, complete blood count, renal ultrasound).

**Secondary outcome measures**

1. Change in kidney function from baseline is evaluated based on serum creatinine, estimated with CKD-EPI formula and expressed as eGFR after 1, 4, 12, and 24 months of treatment
2. The number/ percentage of patients that needed renal replacement therapy is measured using patient interviews, physical exam, laboratory tests (electrolytes, acid-base, creatinine, urea) at every visit or whenever is necessary
3. Change in body mass index from baseline is evaluated based on anthropometric measurements of weight and height after 1, 4, 12, and 24 months of treatment

**Overall study start date**

01/11/2015

**Completion date**

31/12/2018

## **Eligibility**

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Age  $\geq$  18 years
2. Diagnosis of ADPKD based on unified ultrasonographic Pei-Ravine criteria
3. CKD G1-G5 not on dialysis.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 Years

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

34

**Total final enrolment**

34

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Diabetes mellitus
2. Active infections
3. Pregnant or breastfeeding patients,
4. Known contraindication or allergy to Metformin
5. Receiving renal replacement therapy

**Date of first enrolment**

01/04/2016

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2016

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

Romania

**Study participating centre**

**Fundeni Clinical institute, Department of Nephrology**

Fundeni Street no. 258

District no. 2

Bucharest

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022328

**Sponsor information****Organisation**

Fundeni Clinical institute

**Sponsor details**

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**Sponsor type**

Not defined

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/05w6fx554>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Hospital/treatment centre

**Funder Name**

Fundeni Clinical Institute

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Planned publication in a high-impact open-access, peer-reviewed journal.

**Intention to publish date**

31/03/2019

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Available on request

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	23/07/2019	25/07/2019	Yes	No