Subclinical cerebellar dysfunction in patients with migraine

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
02/05/2007	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
02/05/2007	Completed	☐ Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
22/09/2021	Nervous System Diseases	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

NL914 (NTR938)

Study information

Scientific Title

Subclinical cerebellar dysfunction in patients with migraine

Study objectives

Migraine patients, compared with healthy volunteers, have more subclinical cerebellar dysfunctions, measured by the eye-blinker.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Observational, parallel group, case-control study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Case-control study

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Migraine with aura

Interventions

The difference in the conditioning, between migraineurs and healthy volunteers, is measured by using the eyeblinker. The technique is called the chip-MDMT (Magnetic Distant Measurement Technique). A magnet will be placed on the right eyelid. A sensor will be placed below the right eye. So the length, the power and the time of each blink is measured. The test will consist of eight trials of six minutes. A conditioned response will be generated by using airpuffs and tones.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

The conditioning as measured with eyeblink between migraine patients and controls.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. The sensitivity of the trigeminus system by migraine patients compared with controls: do the results of the disturbed conditioned corresponds to a coordination disorder measured by the sway-test?
- 2. The relations between the controls, the migraine patients and the patients with a degenerative disease

Overall study start date

01/03/2007

Completion date

10/06/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with migraine and aura with minimal six attacks a year (two with aura)
- 2. Healthy volunteers without migraine
- 3. Patients with a cerebellar degenerative disease

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

60

Key exclusion criteria

For the migraine patients and healthy controls:

- 1. Neurological diseases in which the function of cerebellum is disturbed
- 2. The use of medicines/drugs which have influence on the coordination 24 hours before taking part of this examination

Date of first enrolment

01/03/2007

Date of final enrolment

10/06/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre Leiden University Medical Centre (LUMC) Leiden Netherlands 2300 RC

Sponsor information

Organisation

Leiden University Medical Centre (LUMC) (The Netherlands)

Sponsor details

Department of Neurology P.O. Box 9600 Leiden Netherlands 2300 RC

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.lumc.nl/

ROR

https://ror.org/027bh9e22

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Leiden University Medical Centre (LUMC) (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration