Steroid Avoidance in Leeds with Alemtuzumab or Mycophenolate Mofetil (MMF) Immunosuppression

Submission date Recruitment status [X] Prospectively registered 28/02/2006 No longer recruiting [] Protocol Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 23/03/2006 Completed [X] Results [] Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category 25/09/2013 **Urological and Genital Diseases**

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS) 2006-000830-11

Protocol serial number RL05/7239

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

SALAMI

Study objectives

To compare the efficacy of two tacrolimus based steroid avoidance regimes. This is an equivalence study with no anticipated difference in major endpoints between the two arms.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the Leeds (East) Research Ethics Committee on the 26th July 2006 (ref: 06/Q1206/64, EudraCT No: 2006-000830-11).

Study design

Phase IV, open label, single centre, randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Renal transplant immunosuppression

Interventions

Comparing two immunosuppression regimes:

- 1. Control (standard regime) intra-operative Basiliximab and steroids followed by maintenance with Tacrolimus and MMF
- 2. Steroids intra-operative followed by Alemtuzumab then maintenence with Tacrolimus

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase IV

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Basiliximab, Tacrolimus, MMF, Alemtuzumab

Primary outcome(s)

Diethylene triamine pentaacetate (DTPA) isotopic glomerular filtration rate (GFR) at 12 months

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Patient and graft survival
- 2. Incidence and duration of delayed graft function

- 3. Incidence and severity of steroid-treated presumptive and biopsy-confirmed acute rejection
- 4. Comparison of blood pressure control between groups by clinic readings, number of agents used and 24 hour monitoring at 6 and 12 months
- 5. Comparison of groups by pulse wave analysis, a powerful surrogate marker for cardiovascular outcome, at baseline, 6 and 12 months
- 6. Incidence of impaired glucose tolerance, weight gain and diabetes at 6 weeks, 6 and 12 months
- 7. Assessment of quality of life by questionnaires at 6 and 12 months
- 8. Assessment of adherence, looking at trough tacrolimus level variations between two groups
- 9. Economic analysis of the cost-effectiveness of both regimes
- 10. Comprehensive assessment of clinically indicated, implantation and one year protocol biopsies by:
- 10.1. Morphological scoring by Banff/chronic allograft damage index (CADI) system
- 10.2. Assessment of fibrosis by specific stains
- 10.3. Genomic analysis for products associated with ischaemia reperfusion, immune activation, inflammation and fibrosis
- 11. Analysis of urine and blood by proteomics at baseline, 3 months, 6 months, 12 months and other clinically indicated time points
- 12. Analysis of T cells for development of regulatory T cells
- 13. Analysis of anti-donor antibody responses
- 14. Monitoring of B and T cell subsets by flow cytometry
- 15. Monitoring of infectious complications/pathogens including cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and infections with polyomaviruses
- 16. Incidence of post transplant malignancies including post-transplant lymphoproliferative disease (PTLD)
- 17. Biochemical and haematological monitoring

Completion date

01/05/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Male and female patients who must be over age 18 years
- 2. Patients must be recipients of heart-beating cadaveric, non-heart beating or living donors
- 3. Patients receiving a 2nd or subsequent grafts must have maintained their primary graft for a minimum of 6 months, except if graft failure was due to technical reasons
- 4. Written informed consent
- 5. Women at risk of pregnancy must have a negative pregnancy test before commencing the trial and agree to use a medically acceptable method of contraception throughout the treatment period and for 3 months after discontinuing the trial. The manufacturer of Alemtuzumab advises effective contraception for 6 months after administration to men or women. Advice will be given to patients to discuss with the transplant medical staff if a pregnancy is planned.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Regional patients from Hull Royal Infirmary (due to the logistical difficulties in following these patients up from Leeds)
- 2. High Risk Recipients defined as recipients who have one or more of the following: 2 human leukocyte antigen, type DR (HLA-DR) mismatch, previous immunologically mediated graft loss in less than 6 months, preoperative donor specific antibodies
- 3. Known hypersensitivity to the investigational medicinal product (IMP) including the standard drugs
- 4. Prohibited prior or concomitant medications
- 5. Pregnant women or nursing mothers
- 6. White blood cell count (WBC) count <3000/mm^3 or platelets <75,000/mm^3 at time of study entry
- 7. Any other concurrent cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, pulmonary or haematological conditions that would restrict the administration of study drugs in the opinion of the investigator

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2006

Date of final enrolment

01/05/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Renal Unit

Leeds United Kingdom LS9 7TF

Sponsor information

Organisation

Leeds Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

ROR

https://ror.org/00v4dac24

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Leeds Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust (UK) - research fund

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/04/2012	Yes	No
Results article	results	27/12/2013	Yes	No
Participant information shee	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025 11/11/2025	No	Yes