

Investigating the regulation of male fertility

Submission date 15/01/2017	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 15/03/2017	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 22/01/2024	Condition category Urological and Genital Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Infertility is when a couple cannot get pregnant (conceive), despite having regular unprotected sex. The underlying cause of infertility is unclear in most men who suffer from the condition. The aim of this study is to find out whether male infertility can be caused by particular changes in DNA (the genetic material) and by unusual levels of reproductive hormones.

Who can participate?

Infertile men aged 18-65.

What does the study involve?

Participants are asked to complete a questionnaire and undergo blood sampling and clinical examination. A semen sample is also tested. Some participants have testicular biopsies (tissue samples from the testicles) as part of their treatment for infertility and a small amount of testicular tissue is stored. Participants are followed up over the telephone by a study investigator (clinician or nurse) on up to two occasions during the 3 years after the study.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The results of this study will advance the understanding of infertility in men, and may improve diagnostic methods and treatments for couples affected by infertility in the future. The results of the tests performed during this study could lead to incidental findings which are likely to require further medical assessment. In this case, participants are referred for the appropriate medical care that would be offered to an NHS patient. Some participants may experience pain or mild discomfort from giving a blood sample which involves inserting a needle into their arm to take blood. However, blood samples are collected by a trained member of the research team who is experienced in taking blood. All information and results from the study are kept strictly confidential and only used by researchers involved in the study.

Where is the study run from?

Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

July 2014 to March 2023

Who is funding the study?
Imperial College Trust (UK)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Channa N. Jayasena
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Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
156160

Study information

Scientific Title
Investigating the regulation of male fertility: an observational cohort study

Study objectives
The study aims to identify factors that may be causing male infertility. These factors will provide better understanding of male infertility and its underlying pathophysiology.

Ethics approval required
Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)
West London Research & Gene Therapy Advisory Committee, 15/07/2014, ref: 14/LO/1038

Study design

Observational cohort study.

Primary study design

Observational

Study type(s)

Diagnostic

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Male infertility

Interventions

Patients will be recruited via the Andrology department at Hammersmith Hospital, London. The aim is to recruit approximately 2000 men. Participants will be asked to complete a questionnaire, undergo blood sampling and clinical examination. A semen sample will also be analysed. Some participants have testicular biopsies as part of their treatment for infertility and a small amount of testicular tissue will be stored. Data will be processed statistically and used to highlight the key mechanisms underlying male infertility. Participants will be followed up over the telephone by a study investigator (clinician or nurse), on up to two occasions during the 3 years following study recruitment.

Intervention Type

Genetic

Primary outcome(s)

Genetic/molecular abnormalities, assessed using state-of-the-art techniques at the time including Sanger sequencing, next generation sequencing, array comparative genomic hybridisation (CGH), polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and enzyme assays and/or immunoassays, at baseline

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Sperm parameters, measured using routine semen analysis at baseline
2. Smoking status, measured using a questionnaire at baseline
3. Weight, measured using scales at baseline
4. Sperm count abnormalities, measured using routine semen analysis at baseline

Completion date

01/03/2023

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Infertile men
2. 18-65 years of age

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

65 years

Sex

Male

Key exclusion criteria

1. History of anaemia
2. Needle phobia
3. Impaired ability to provide full consent to take part in the study

Date of first enrolment

29/09/2014

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2022

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust

London

United Kingdom

W12 0HS

Sponsor information

Organisation

AHSC Joint Research Compliance Office

ROR

<https://ror.org/041kmwe10>

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

Imperial College Trust (ref: P52570)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The current data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		01/01/2019	22/01/2024	Yes	No
Results article		06/10/2022	22/01/2024	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No