

# Panitumumab to prevent the progression of eyeball elongation in adults with nearsightedness and macular degeneration

<b>Submission date</b> 24/10/2022	<b>Recruitment status</b> Recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 03/03/2023	<b>Overall study status</b> Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 12/12/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Eye Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

In experimental studies, antibodies injected into the back of the eye (intravitreal injections) against epidermal growth factor (EGF), EGF family members (amphiregulin, neuregulin-1, betacellulin, epigen, and epiregulin) and the EGF receptor (EGFR) were associated with a reduction in lens-induced axial elongation and in physiological eye elongation in guinea pigs and in non-human primates. Here we examined the intraocular tolerability and safety of a fully human monoclonal IgG2-antibody against EGFR, already in oncology in clinical use, as potential future therapy against axial elongation in adult eyes with pathological myopia. This study will evaluate the safety and tolerability of single and multiple intravitreal injections of panitumumab in adult highly myopic patients with myopic macular degeneration and characterize the pharmacokinetic and immunogenic potential.

### Who can participate?

Patients aged 50 years old and under with nearsightedness and macular degeneration

### What does the study involve?

Patients will receive intravitreal injections (into the back of the eye) of panitumumab (doses: 0.6 mg, 1.2 mg, or 1.6 mg) in intervals ranging between 1 month and several months. Patients will undergo repeated clinical and ophthalmological examinations.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefits of participating are the potential reduction in further axial elongation and thus a reduction of the risk of progression of myopic maculopathy. The risks are related to the injection, including the risk of infection which occurs after 1 in 3000 injections, and to the potential (yet unlikely) toxicity of panitumumab if applied intraocularly.

### Where is the study run from?

Medical Faculty Mannheim of Heidelberg University (Germany)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?  
November 2021 to December 2026

Who is funding the study?  
Medical Faculty Mannheim of Heidelberg University (Germany)  
Ufa Eye Research Institute (Russia)

Who is the main contact?  
Prof Jost Jonas, jost.jonas@medma.uni-heidelberg.de (Germany)

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Principal Investigator

**Contact name**  
Prof Jost Jonas

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**  
Nil known

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**  
Nil known

**Secondary identifying numbers**  
Nil known

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
Intravitreal panitumumab for prevention of myopic axial elongation in highly myopic adult eyes with myopic macular degeneration

## **Study objectives**

In experimental studies, intravitreally applied antibodies against epidermal growth factor (EGF), EGF family members (amphiregulin, neuregulin-1, betacellulin, epigen, epiregulin) and against the EGF receptor (EGFR) were associated with a reduction in lens-induced axial elongation and in physiological eye elongation in guinea pigs and in non-human primates. The hypothesis is that the EGFR antibody panitumumab, already in oncology in clinical use, may be a potential therapy against axial elongation in adult eyes with pathologic myopia, if applied intravitreally.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Approved 28/09/2021, the Ethics Committee of the Academic Council of the Ufa Eye Research Institute (Ufa Eye Research Institute, 90 Pushkin Street, Ufa 450077, Russia; +7 (347) 272 37 75; ufaeyenauka@mail.ru), ref: none available

## **Study design**

Single-center open-label multiple-dose phase I study

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Secondary study design**

Non randomised study

## **Study setting(s)**

Hospital

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Participant information sheet**

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Adult highly myopic patients with myopic macular degeneration

## **Interventions**

Any patient attending the Ufa Eye Research Institute and Hospital and fulfilling the inclusion criteria could be included in the study. The intervention will consist of intraocular injection of panitumumab (doses: 0.6 mg, 1.2 mg, or 1.6 mg) in intervals ranging between 1 month and several months. Re-injections will be performed every two months, under the condition (criteria) that the previous injections were well tolerated without observed intraocular or systemic side effects. Patients will be re-examined on the day of every injection and re-injection and at day 1 and day 7 after each injection. Follow-up is 6 months for each arm.

## **Intervention Type**

Biological/Vaccine

## **Phase**

Phase I

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Panitumumab

**Primary outcome measure**

Intraocular safety, defined by signs of intraocular inflammation, such as cells in the aqueous humour, increased Tyndall phenomenon, cells in the vitreous body, intraocular pressure, measured by slit lamp biomicroscopy of the anterior and posterior segment of the eye and applanation tonometry, at baseline and at every re-examination, i.e., at day 1 and 7 and at one and two months after each injection to search for signs of acute inflammation

**Secondary outcome measures**

Axial length, measured by laser interferometric biometry at baseline, at every re-injection, and at the study end at 6 months

**Overall study start date**

01/11/2021

**Completion date**

31/12/2026

## **Eligibility**

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Aged <50 years old
2. Axial length >26.0 mm
3. Myopic macular degeneration of stage 4 (foveal patchy atrophy)
4. Best corrected visual acuity >1.0 logMAR (logarithm of the minimal angle of resolution) (20 /200 Snellen equivalent)

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Upper age limit**

50 Years

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

20

**Key exclusion criteria**

Not meeting the inclusion criteria

**Date of first enrolment**

05/11/2021

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2025

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

Russian Federation

**Study participating centre**

**Ufa Eye Research Institute**

90 Pushkin Street, Ufa 450077

Ufa

Russian Federation

450077

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

Ufa Eye Research Institute

**Sponsor details**

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**Sponsor type**

University/education

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/04grwn689>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

University/education

**Funder Name**

Ufa Eye Research Institute

**Funder Name**

Universitätsmedizin Mannheim

**Alternative Name(s)**

University Medical Centre Mannheim, Mannheim Üniversitesi Hastanesi, Университетская клиника Мангейм, Universitätsklinikum Mannheim, UMM

**Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

Other non-profit organizations

**Location**

Germany

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Planned publication in a high-impact and peer-reviewed journal

**Intention to publish date**

31/12/2025

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be available from the principal investigator upon reasonable request, Prof. Jost B. Jonas, Jost.Jonas@medma.uni-heidelberg.de. All measured and assessed data will be shared, in an anonymized format and will be available starting from the study end. Consent was required and obtained from participants and data anonymization was carried out in a standard manner.

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Available on request