

# COVID-19 social study: the effects of quarantine on mental health

<b>Submission date</b> 28/04/2020	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 04/05/2020	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 09/11/2022	<b>Condition category</b> Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

COVID-19 is a condition caused by the coronavirus (called SARS-CoV-2) that was first identified in late 2019. This virus can infect the respiratory (breathing) system. Some people do not have symptoms but can carry the virus and pass it on to others. People who have developed the condition may develop a fever and/or a continuous cough among other symptoms. This can develop into pneumonia. Pneumonia is a chest infection where the small air pockets of the lungs, called alveoli, fill with liquid and make it more difficult to breathe.

In 2020, the virus has spread to many countries around the world and neither a vaccine against the virus or specific treatment for COVID-19 has yet been developed. As of March 2020, it is advised that people minimize travel and social contact, and regularly wash their hands to reduce the spread of the virus.

Groups who are at a higher risk from infection with the virus, and therefore of developing COVID-19, include people aged over 70 years, people who have long-term health conditions (such as asthma or diabetes), people who have a weakened immune system and people who are pregnant. People in these groups, and people who might come into contact with them, can reduce this risk by following the up-to-date advice to reduce the spread of the virus.

Due to COVID-19, large numbers of people across the UK are going into isolation for potentially significant periods of time. It remain unknown how this will affect the mental health and social functioning of individuals. Further, it is unclear whether socio-demographic factors or individual characteristics might make some individuals more at risk of deteriorating mental health, or whether certain home-based activities could buffer against adverse effects.

This study aims to identify how the news about coronavirus is affecting people, whether people are having to isolate, and their experiences of isolating. It aims to inform understanding about the effects of social isolation measures on people's mental health. The findings will be used to help develop ways to support people psychologically and socially during this outbreak.

### Who can participate?

Adults (18+ years) residing in the UK

What does the study involve?

Participants answer an online weekly survey and the researchers plan to use longitudinal statistical methods to track changes in their experiences over time. The study will be ongoing for the duration of this pandemic in the UK. The researchers are supplementing this with a qualitative study involving telephone interviews with those groups the researchers expect to be under-represented in the quantitative study.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Large numbers of people may be feeling bored or 'inactive' during their isolation and may be wishing they could do things to help. Engagement in this research study may help them feel they are supporting efforts relating to COVID-19 as the study aims to inform understanding about the effects of social isolation measures on people's mental health and the findings will be used to help develop ways to support people psychologically and socially during this outbreak. At the end of the survey, we point people to the NHS advice page on coronavirus and also to a web page with lots of ideas for activities to do in isolation, so these may help individuals' experiences.

It is possible that participants may become more aware of their mental health as a result of taking this questionnaire. However, we have provided the link to the NHS website and the Samaritans on any page that contains questions about mental health.

Where is the study run from?

University College London, Research Department of Behavioural Science and Health (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

March 2020 to March 2022 (updated 24/03/2021, previously: December 2020)

Who is funding the study?

Nuffield Foundation (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Vas James, [v.james@ucl.ac.uk](mailto:v.james@ucl.ac.uk)

### **Study website**

<http://www.covid19study.org>

## **Contact information**

### **Type(s)**

Public

### **Contact name**

Dr Elise Paul

### **ORCID ID**

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### **Contact details**

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## Additional identifiers

### EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

### IRAS number

### ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

### Secondary identifying numbers

Project ID/Title: 12467/005

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Enforced social isolation and mental health: an observational study of the psychosocial effects of quarantine during COVID-19

### Study objectives

1. What are the psychosocial experiences of people in isolation? What is the new social reality for people, and how is it affecting their identity and wellbeing?
2. How do trajectories of mental health and loneliness change over time for people in isolation? Is there a critical pivot point (e.g. 5 weeks into isolating) at which mental health starts to decline fast?
3. Which groups are greater risk of experiencing adverse effects of isolation than others? Do certain socio-demographic characteristics, work roles, or psychological traits predispose some people to poorer psychosocial experiences during from this pandemic?
4. How are individuals' health behaviours being affected? What are the barriers that mean some individuals are not adhering to official advice?
5. Which activities help to buffer potential adverse effects of isolation? Could we be providing more specific guidance on how people spend their time in isolation?

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 23/03/2020, University College London Research Ethics Committee (Office for the Vice Provost Research, University College London, 2 Taviton Street, London, UK; +44 (0)20 7679 8717; ethics@ucl.ac.uk), ref: Project ID/Title: 12467/005

### Study design

Observational longitudinal quantitative study with qualitative sub study.

**Primary study design**

Observational

**Secondary study design**

Longitudinal study

**Study setting(s)**

Other

**Study type(s)**

Quality of life

**Participant information sheet**

<https://redcap.idhs.ucl.ac.uk/surveys/?s=TTXKND8JMK>

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Mental Health during the COVID-19 epidemic and during the UK lockdown

**Interventions**

Participants answer an online weekly survey and the researchers plan to use longitudinal statistical methods to track changes in their experiences over time. The study will be ongoing for the duration of this pandemic in the UK.

The researchers are supplementing this with a qualitative study involving telephone interviews with those groups the researchers expect to be under-represented in the quantitative study, including adolescents, healthy adults not adhering to the social distancing advice, high-risk adults with existing health conditions, adults with existing mental illness, adults who are pregnant, and older adults. These interviews will draw on psychological and behavioural frameworks including the COM-B behaviour change model and the social networks framework and data will be coded thematically to gain a richer understanding of how these particular groups are being affected.

**Intervention Type**

Other

**Primary outcome measure**

Measured weekly:

1. Depression (using the patient health questionnaire PHQ-9)
2. Anxiety (using the generalised anxiety disorder assessment GAD-7)

**Secondary outcome measures**

Measured weekly:

1. Wellbeing (using the ONS Wellbeing measures of happiness, life satisfaction, and meaning)
2. Loneliness (using both the 3-item UCLA loneliness scale)
3. Isolation (using a question on frequency of contact with family or friends)

Weekly reports can be found here: <https://www.marchnetwork.org/research>

**Overall study start date**

23/03/2020

**Completion date**

23/03/2022

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

Adults (18+ years) residing in the UK

**Participant type(s)**

All

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 Years

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

1,000,000+; we are aiming to recruit a large cohort

**Total final enrolment**

73217

**Key exclusion criteria**

Does not meet inclusion criteria

**Date of first enrolment**

23/03/2020

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2020

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**University College London**

Research Department of Behavioural Science and Health

Institute of Epidemiology & Health Care

University College London

1-19 Torrington Place

London  
United Kingdom  
WC1E 7HB

## Sponsor information

### Organisation

University College London

### Sponsor details

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University College London  
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+44 (0)20 7679 8717  
ethics@ucl.ac.uk

### Sponsor type

University/education

### Website

<http://www.ucl.ac.uk/>

### ROR

<https://ror.org/02jx3x895>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Charity

### Funder Name

Nuffield Foundation

### Alternative Name(s)

### Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

### Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

## Location

United Kingdom

# Results and Publications

## Publication and dissemination plan

The research team will provide a publicly-available weekly summary of supportive descriptive findings (e.g. showing protective activities people could be doing at home). They will also be providing data on more sensitive topics (e.g. trajectories of mental illness in the country) to key stakeholders within public health, the NHS, and government.

## Intention to publish date

23/03/2022

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a publically available repository.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Other publications</a>	link to live results data at		24/03/2021	Yes	No
<a href="#">Preprint results</a>		25/05/2022	09/11/2022	No	No