# Identifying biomarkers to predict clinical benefit in patients with colorectal cancer treated with bevacizumab

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
19/01/2010		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
31/08/2010	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
04/07/2019	Cancer			

## Plain English summary of protocol

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-study-looking-at-new-types-of-mri-scans-see-how-chemotherapy-affects-bowel-cancer-cells

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Gordon Jayson

#### Contact details

Consultant Medical Oncologist
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Wilmslow Road
Manchester
United Kingdom
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# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

08\_CLPHA\_55

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

An assessment of imaging and circulating biomarkers in patients with metastatic colorectal carcinoma treated with the anti-vascular endothelial growth factor (anti-VEGF) antibody, bevacizumab

#### Acronym

**TRAVASTIN-1** 

#### **Study objectives**

The purpose of the study is to identify biomarkers that can predict clinical benefit in patients treated with bevacizumab and chemotherapy for metastatic colorectal cancer. Our hypotheses are:

- 1. That a circulating biomarker at baseline or the percentage change in a parameter after single agent treatment will predict benefit in terms of progression-free survival (PFS)
- 2. That a circulating biomarker will correlate with stable disease or progression on maintenance therapy
- 3. That bevacizumab improves response rate and PFS in patients with recurrent colorectal cancer who have already been treated with induction and maintenance bevacizumab

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Central Manchester Ethics Committee, 15/06/2009, ref: 09/H1008/99

#### Study design

Single-centre phase II therapeutic exploratory study

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Non randomised study

# Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Metastatic colorectal cancer

#### **Interventions**

All patients will be treated initially with first line chemotherapy and bevacizumab. They will undergo imaging (dynamic contrast-enhanced magnetic resonance imaging [DCE MRI] and fluorothymidine positron emission tomography [FLT PET]), circulating (circulating endothelial cells, circulating angiomodulatory biomarkers, deoxyribonucleic acid [DNA] analysis) and tissue biomarker investigations.

The treatment will continue until disease progression at which point they will be randomised to receive second line chemotherapy with or without bevacizumab. The treatment will continue until further disease progression.

#### **Intervention Type**

Drug

#### Phase

Phase II

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Bevacizumab

#### Primary outcome measure

To identify a biomarker or suite of biomarkers that predict clinical benefit in terms of PFS, in patients treated with bevacizumab for metastatic colorectal cancer.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. To define biomarker(s) that detect progressive disease in patients treated with bevacizumabcontaining regimens for metastatic colorectal cancer
- 2. To obtain preliminary data on the utility of biomarkers in patients who have been treated with cytotoxic chemotherapy and bevacizumab, followed by maintenance therapy who are then treated, at progression, with chemotherapy with or without bevacizumab

## Overall study start date

01/11/2009

#### Completion date

01/09/2016

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged greater than or equal to 18 years old, either sex
- 2. Signed informed consent and ability to comply with study protocol
- 3. Histologically confirmed colorectal cancer.
- 4. Previously untreated metastatic disease
- 5. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status 0 2
- 6. Life expectancy greater than 12 weeks
- 7. Adequate bone marrow function: absolute neutrophil count (ANC) more than 1.5 x  $10^9/L$ ; platelets more than or equal to  $100 \times 10^9/L$ ; haemoglobin (Hb) more than or equal to 9 g/dL (can be post-transfusion)
- 8. International normalised ratio (INR) less than or equal to 1.5 and activited partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) less than or equal to 1.5 x upper limit of normal (ULN) within 7 days

prior to starting study treatment

- 9. Adequate liver function: serum bilirubin less than or equal to 1.5 x ULN except in case of known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to 2.5 x ULN in the absence of liver metastases or less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to  $5 \times 100$  known Gilbert syndrome; transaminases less than or equal to
- 10. Adequate renal function: estimated glomerular filtration rate greater than or equal to 50 ml/min by the Wright Formula
- 11. Urine dipstick for proteinuria less than or equal to 2+. If urine dipstick is more than or equal to 2+, a 24-hour urine must demonstrate less than 1 g of protein in 24 hours
- 12. At least one metastatic deposit in the abdomen (including inguinal lymphadenopathy) liver, retroperitoneum, pelvis or thorax greater than or equal to 3 cm diameter
- 13. No contraindications to magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scanning or allergy to gadolininum-containing contrast media

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

70 (out of this, 25 will be entered into the FLT PET protocol)

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Surgery (including open biopsy) within 4 weeks prior to anticipated first dose of bevacizumab
- 2. Significant traumatic injury or radiotherapy during 4 weeks preceding potential first dose of bevacizumab
- 3. Adjuvant therapy within the previous 12 months
- 4. Patients with previous adjuvant exposure to oxaliplatin can only take part if it is more than 12 months since their last exposure to oxaliplatin and they have grade I or less, residual peripheral neuropathy
- 5. No previous exposure to VEGF inhibitors in the adjuvant setting
- 6. History or evidence upon physical examination of brain metastases. Evidence of spinal cord compression. Computed tomography (CT)/MRI of the brain is mandatory (within 4 weeks prior to randomisation) in case of clinical evidence of brain metastases.
- 7. Pregnant or breast-feeding women. Positive pregnancy test (serum or urine beta-human chorionic gonadotropin [ß-HCG]) for women of reproductive potential
- 8. Fertile woman of childbearing potential not using adequate contraception (oral contraceptives, intrauterine device or barrier method of contraception in conjunction with spermicidal jelly or surgically sterile)
- 9. Other malignancies within 5 years prior to randomisation, except for adequately treated carcinoma in situ of the cervix and/or basal cell skin cancer
- 10. Treatment with any other investigational agent, or participation in another clinical trial within 30 days prior to entering this trial
- 11. Known hypersensitivity to bevacizumab, 5-fluorouracil, capecitabine, oxaliplatin or irinotecan
- 12. Known dihydro-pyrimidine dehydrogenase deficiency

- 13. Non-healing wound, ulcer or bone fracture
- 14. Patients cannot enter the trial if they have developed a deep venous thrombosis (DVT) or commenced therapeutic anticoagulation for any other reason, e.g., atrial fibrillation (AF) within the 4 weeks preceding the trial. Patients with a known DVT or AF on stable therapeutic doses of low molecular weight heparin for greater than 4 weeks duration, can enter the trial.
- 15. Patients with haemorrhagic disorders
- 16. Poorly controlled hypertension (sustained blood pressure [BP] greater than 150/100 mmHg despite antihypertensive therapy
- 17. Previous cerebrovascular accident (CVA), transient ischaemic attack (TIA) or subarachnoid haemorrhage (SAH) within six months before trial entry
- 18. Clinically significant cardiovascular disease, for example:
- 18.1. Myocardial infarction or unstable angina within 6 months of trial entry
- 18.2. New York Heart Association (NYHA) grade 2 or worse congestive heart failure (CHF)
- 18.3. Poorly controlled cardiac arrhythmia despite medication
- 19. Current or recent (within 10 days prior to first dose of trial treatment) use of aspirin greater than or equal to 325 mg/day
- 20. Pre-existing sensory or motor neuropathy greater than or equal to grade 2, uncontrolled spinal cord compression, or
- 21. Carcinomatous meningitis or new evidence of brain or leptomeningeal disease
- 22. Predisposing colonic or small bowel disorders in which the symptoms are uncontrolled as indicated by baseline of greater than 3 loose stools daily
- 23. Prior history of chronic enteropathy, inflammatory enteropathy, chronic diarrhoea, unresolved bowel obstruction/sub-obstruction, extensive small intestine resection with chronic diarrhoea
- 24. History of anaphylaxis or known intolerance to atropine sulphate or loperamide or appropriate antiemetics to be administered in conjunction with chemotherapy
- 25. Patients with a colonic stent
- 26. Evidence of any other disease, metabolic dysfunction, physical examination finding or laboratory finding giving reasonable suspicion of a disease or condition that contra-indicates the use of an investigational drug or puts the patient at high risk for treatment-related complications

# Date of first enrolment

01/11/2009

Date of final enrolment

01/09/2015

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
The Christie NHS Foundation Trust
Manchester
United Kingdom
M20 4BX

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

The Christie NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

#### Sponsor details

Wilmslow Road Withington Manchester England United Kingdom M20 4BX

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### Website

http://www.christie.nhs.uk/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03v9efr22

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Industry

#### **Funder Name**

Roche

#### Alternative Name(s)

F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd, F. Hoffmann-La Roche & Co, F. Hoffmann-La Roche AG, Roche Holding AG, Roche Holding Ltd, Roche Holding, Roche Holding A.G., Roche Holding, Limited, F. Hoffmann-La Roche & Co.

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

For-profit companies (industry)

#### Location

Switzerland

# **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

The manuscript will be submitted to a journal for publication by December 2016.

## Intention to publish date

31/12/2016

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Patient data will be anonymised and will be provided as subject number and as data in the manuscript.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Other

# **Study outputs**

Output type	<b>Details</b> results	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		07/11/2018	31/01/2019	Yes	No
Plain English results			04/07/2019	No	Yes
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No