

# Face-to-face versus self-interview methods in sexual health clinics (CASHI - Computer Assisted Sexual Health Interviewing)

<b>Submission date</b> 03/05/2005	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 21/06/2005	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 29/07/2010	<b>Condition category</b> Infections and Infestations	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Dr John Richens

### Contact details

Centre for Sexual Health & HIV Research  
The Mortimer Market Centre  
Mortimer Market  
London  
United Kingdom  
WC1E 6AU  
jrichens@gum.ucl.ac.uk

## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

G0300707

# Study information

## Scientific Title

## Acronym

CASHI

## Study objectives

To measure the effect of alternative interviewing methods for sexual health clinic attenders on health outcomes

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

## Study design

Three armed randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Other

## Study type(s)

Screening

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Sexual Health

## Interventions

1. Computer Assisted Self-Interview (CASI)
2. Computer Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI)
3. Pen and paper face-to-face interview

## Intervention Type

Other

## Phase

Not Specified

**Primary outcome measure**

1. The proportion of patients having:
  - 1.1. The standard Sexual Transmitted Infection (STI) screen
  - 1.2. Standard plus Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) testing
  - 1.3. Enhanced screening. Enhanced screening will be defined to be the standard screen plus either pharyngeal or rectal samples, or screening for hepatitis infections
2. The proportion of patients diagnosed with any STI

**Secondary outcome measures**

Not provided at time of registration

**Overall study start date**

01/06/2005

**Completion date**

03/08/2006

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

Male and female sexual health clinic attendees aged over 16

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

2292

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Under 16
2. Victim of sexual assault
3. Unable to understand English

**Date of first enrolment**

01/06/2005

**Date of final enrolment**

03/08/2006

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**  
**Centre for Sexual Health & HIV Research**  
London  
United Kingdom  
WC1E 6AU

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**  
University College London (UK)

**Sponsor details**  
Gower Street  
London  
England  
United Kingdom  
WC1E 6BT  
jrichens@ucl.ac.uk

**Sponsor type**  
University/education

**ROR**  
<https://ror.org/02jx3x895>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**  
Research council

**Funder Name**  
Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK) G0300707

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**  
Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date**

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/08/2010		Yes	No