# Cognitive behaviour therapy for depersonalisation-derealisation disorder

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
25/05/2022		[X] Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
05/01/2023	Completed	[X] Results	
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data	
28/07/2025	Mental and Behavioural Disorders		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Depersonalisation-Derealisation Disorder (DDD) is a distressing condition where people feel a profound sense of unreality and disconnection from the world around them. Around 1% of the population have DDD, but there has been almost no research and there is limited information about effective treatments. Cognitive Behaviour Therapy (CBT) is helpful in treating other mental health conditions and CBT has been specifically adapted for people with DDD (CBT-f-DDD). The best way to investigate whether CBT-f-DDD is helpful for people with DDD symptoms would be through a randomised controlled trial comparing two groups (those who receive CBT-f-DDD and those who do not) across a range of factors at set time periods. In this study, the researchers plan to see how feasible this research is to conduct, refine the treatment and subsequently set up a large-scale clinical trial. They have two aims: (1) to investigate the feasibility of using CBT-for-DDD in a small study where people with DDD are randomly divided into either having CBT or not, and (2) to try this within a typical NHS setting. The researchers have previously carried out two small studies which showed that CBT-for-DDD can reduce people's symptoms of DDD, and also anxiety and depression, as well as improve their work and relationships. However, these studies did not compare those offered CBT to those who weren't, so it is not certain whether it was the CBT that helped. Also, both these studies were from the same specialist clinic and so the researchers want to know if it is possible to train general CBT therapists to deliver CBT-for-DDD so that it can be widely available in standard NHS mental health services.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 16-75 years who have current symptoms of DDD

#### What does the study involve?

The researchers will design a CBT-for-DDD manual and train NHS therapists in this. They will then recruit people with DDD from routine NHS services and randomly split these people into two groups where one is given CBT-f-DDD and the other group has standard care. After 6 months of treatment these groups will be compared to see if their symptoms have changed. The researchers will assess the practicalities of delivering the treatment and patients' experience so we can better design a future larger study.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participation will allow the researchers to understand if CBT-f-DDD is an effective and acceptable treatment option for DDD and if this can be delivered easily in a typical NHS setting. Participants will be contributing to research which could inform future treatment and raise awareness around DDD. Upon completion of the study, participants will also receive £10 for their participation in the study.

This is not a high-risk study, and the researchers are not expecting there to be any harmful effects. However, they are aware that within any therapy there is the potential that discussion of past difficult events may cause some distress and that there is a potential to feel a little worse before feeling better, as discussing difficult life events could temporarily cause some negative feelings. However, all interventions will be carried out by qualified and trained NHS clinicians, and there will be opportunities to discuss any issues or concerns with the research team as well.

Where is the study run from? Camden and Islington NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? December 2021 to June 2024

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research (NIHR)

Who is the main contact? Dr Elaine Hunter e.hunter@ucl.ac.uk

#### Contact information

#### Type(s)

Principal investigator

#### Contact name

Dr Elaine Hunter

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#### Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

#### Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

314923

#### ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

#### Protocol serial number

IRAS 314923, Sponsor number H-1809b, CPMS 52687

## Study information

#### Scientific Title

Cognitive behaviour therapy for depersonalisation-derealisation disorder (CBT-f-DDD): a feasibility study

#### **Acronym**

**CBT-f-DDD** 

#### Study objectives

This project has four aims:

- 1. To fill the demonstrable gap in effective treatments for depersonalisation-derealisation disorder (DDD) by undertaking a feasibility randomised controlled trial (RCT) of cognitive behaviour therapy (CBT) for depersonalisation-derealisation disorder (CBT-f-DDD) to define the parameters to inform a future efficacy trial (RCT)
- 2. To disseminate specialist CBT f-DDD skills to generic NHS clinicians
- 3. To evaluate a manualised protocol, training workshop and clinical supervision
- 4. To determine whether CBT-f-DDD can be conducted within a typical NHS setting with generic CBT therapists given a brief training in DDD.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 05/05/2022, London Bridge Research Ethics Committee (Skipton House, 80 London Road, London, SE1 6LH, UK; +44 (0)207 1048202, +44 (0)207 1048124; londonbridge.rec@hra.nhs. uk), ref: 22/LO/0318

#### Study design

Multicenter interventional single-blinded randomized controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Depersonalisation-Derealisation Disorder (DDD)

#### **Interventions**

Participants with symptoms meeting the clinical threshold for Depersonalisation-Derealisation Disorder (DDD) who consent to enter the study will be randomly allocated to either the Cognitive Behaviour Therapy for DDD (CBT-f-DDD) group or the standard care/treatment as usual (TAU) group. Those allocated to the CBT-f-DDD group will receive 6 months of weekly individual CBT-f-DDD sessions (min. 12 and max. 24 sessions of 1 hour each) delivered by trained NHS clinicians. Those allocated to TAU will receive the standard care they would be offered normally within the NHS service. Randomisation will take place via the sealed envelope method, and the randomisation lists have been created by an independent statistician prior to participants entering the study, to ensure an unbiased approach.

There is a 6-month recruitment period, followed by a 6-month intervention period, and a follow-up 6 months after that. The researchers assess participants at Time 0 (eligibility), Time 1 (baseline), Time 2 (post-intervention), and Time 3 (6-month follow-up from the end of intervention).

#### Updated 31/01/2023:

There is an 11-month recruitment period, followed by a 6-month intervention period, and a follow-up 3 months after that. The researchers assess participants at Time 0 (eligibility), Time 1 (baseline), Time 2 (post-intervention), and Time 3 (3-month follow-up from the end of intervention).

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome(s)

The primary outcomes relate to the feasibility and acceptability measures (see below). The researchers will use a traffic light system to establish the success of the trial based on each measure.

- 1. Recruitment/eligibility data: collected throughout the recruitment period (6-month window, includes Time 0 and Time 1)
- 2. Participant attrition rates: collected throughout participant journey (12 months), and reviewed at each timepoint (Time 0-3)
- 3. Therapist attrition rates and reasons for withdrawing throughout the study: collected throughout the recruitment and intervention period (Time 0-2)
- 4. Resources needed to complete CBT-f-DDD:
- 4.1. Length of time required for RAs to complete assessments and collect and analyse data (from research assistant time sheets collected at each time point, Time 0-3, throughout the study), CBT attendance rates (from electronic patient records Time 1-2), and the amount and nature of supervision required (from Co-PI supervision notes Time 1-2)
- 4.2. A minimum of 12 sessions and a maximum of 24 weekly sessions are established for the 6-month window, allowing for 50% attendance rates (Time 1-2, 6 months)
- 5. Therapist adherence to CBT-f-DDD (fidelity) (Time 1-2): Records of session content, participants' engagement with CBT-f-DDD, and homework tasks completed (all from therapist post-session checklists). A random sample of 10% of audio-recorded therapy sessions will be evaluated using standardised CBT protocols for adherence to the CBT model as well as an adapted CBT-f-DDD checklist
- 6. Participant acceptability (Time 2 and 3):
- 6.1. Acceptability of assessment procedures and measures (Time 2 and 3)
- 6.2. Acceptability of CBT-f-DDD including aspects of the treatment found helpful and unhelpful, perceived impact of the intervention, and satisfaction with the intervention and therapists (from

thematic analysis of the qualitative interviews [Time 3]; and as measured by items on the end-of-treatment questionnaire "CBT-f-DDD brief outcomes and experiences questionnaire" [Time 2])

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Health data and demographics: Health economic outcomes measured using the Client Service Receipt Inventory (CSRI) at Time 0, 2 and 3
- 2. Clinical data:
- 2.1. Depersonalisation-Derealisation Disorder measured using the Cambridge Depersonalization Scale (CDS) at Time 0-3
- 2.2. Dissociation measured using the Dissociative Experiences Scale (DES) at Time 0-3
- 2.3. Depression measured using Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ)-9 at Time 0-3
- 2.4. Anxiety measured using Generalised Anxiety Disorder Assessment (GAD-7) at Time 0-3
- 2.5. Co-morbidity measured using Clinical Interview Schedule Revised (CIS-R) at Time 0 and 3
- 2.6. Functioning measured using the Work and Social Adjustment scale (WASA) at Time 0-3
- 2.7. Global rating of change question (i.e., "do you feel better?") at Time 2
- 2.8. Quality of life measured using EQ-5D-5L at Time 0, 2 and 3
- 2.9. Clinical characteristics including the age of onset of DDD, duration, co-morbid diagnoses, previous treatments for DDD, type and dosage of current medication; measured using semi-structured interview of DDD experiences (Time 0-3) and CSRI (Time 0, 2 and 3)

#### Completion date

30/06/2024

## Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 16-75 years
- 2. Have current symptoms of DDD meeting Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-5) diagnostic criteria

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

All

#### Total final enrolment

30

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. People having previously had CBT specifically for DDD
- 2. Where there are co-morbid current diagnoses of:
- 2.1. Psychosis spectrum disorder
- 2.2. Substance dependence

- 2.3. Intellectual disability
- 2.4. Cognitive impairment due to head injury or organic disorder
- 2.5. Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)
- 3. Participants lacking the capacity to consent to take part in the study
- 4. Insufficient proficiency in the English language to engage in CBT
- 5. Requiring special communication needs arrangements.
- 6. People who are not registered with a GP
- 7. Those with depersonalisation and/or derealisation symptoms which score below clinical severity (i.e., a total score of 0-2) in response to the diagnostic questions
- 8. Participants involved in other research studies involving mental or physical health research (including drug trials)

#### Date of first enrolment

13/05/2022

#### Date of final enrolment

01/05/2023

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

# Study participating centre Camden and Islington NHS Foundation Trust

St Pancras Hospital 4 St Pancras Way London United Kingdom NW1 0PE

# Study participating centre Barnet, Enfield and Haringey Mental Health NHS Trust

Trust Headquarters Block B2 St Ann's Hospital St Ann's Road London

United Kingdom N15 3TH

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Camden and Islington NHS Foundation Trust

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03ekq2173

## Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research

#### Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### Funding Body Subtype

National government

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

#### **Results and Publications**

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Access to the final study dataset will be limited to the minimum number of individuals necessary for quality control, audit, and analysis, which will be members of the research team only and members of the Research Steering committee and Independent Data Monitoring and Ethics Committee. However, access will also be permitted to site investigators if a formal request describing their plans is approved by the steering group. Given these data could have potential for identification of participants the final study dataset will not be available to others beyond the immediate research team and committees. However, the details of the statistical analysis and the analysis of transcripts will be made more widely available

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

#### Study outputs

Output type
Protocol article

Details

**Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?** 09/08/2024 12/08/2024 Yes No

Basic results			28/07/2025 No	No
HRA research summary			26/07/2023 No	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025 No	Yes
Protocol file	version 6.4	27/10/2022	31/01/2023 No	No
Protocol file	version 6.5	20/02/2023	21/03/2023 No	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025 No	Yes