# A randomised controlled trial to determine the effectiveness of glass ionomer sealants in preschool children

Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li><li>Protocol</li></ul>	
No longer recruiting		
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
Completed	[X] Results	
<b>Condition category</b> Oral Health	[] Individual participant data	
	No longer recruiting  Overall study status  Completed  Condition category	

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Barbara Chadwick

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### **Study objectives**

A randomised control trial to determine the effectiveness of glass ionomer sealants in preschool children as a preventative measure designed to reduce the incidence of dental caries. The outcomes of this trial are:

- 1. Reduction of dental caries in pre-school children at high risk of disease by the use of glass ionomer sealants as a preventative measure.
- 2. Evidence of the cariostatic effect of glass ionomer sealants placed as fissure sealants in the primary dentition, a potentially cost effective technique.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Other

#### Study type(s)

Prevention

#### Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Dental caries

#### **Interventions**

Added 27/08/10:

All children (n = 508) received a standard package of dental health education. Children in the test group (n = 241) had their first primary molars sealed with glass ionomer. All the children were re-examined once at varying intervals between 12 and 30 months.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome measure

- 1. Caries incidence
- 2. Acceptability of the techniques to parents and children
- 3. Cost effectiveness

#### Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

#### Overall study start date

02/01/1999

#### Completion date

01/01/2003

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Infants and children 18 to 66 months in areas with high levels of disease (decayed, missing and filled teeth [dmft] status is 2.5 at five years) in South Wales.

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Child

#### Lower age limit

16 Months

# Upper age limit

66 Months

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

508

#### Key exclusion criteria

Children over 66 months.

#### Date of first enrolment

02/01/1999

#### Date of final enrolment

01/01/2003

# **Locations**

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Wales

Study participating centre
Division of Dental Health and Development
Cardiff
United Kingdom
CF4 4XY

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Record Provided by the NHS R&D 'Time-Limited' National Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

## Sponsor details

The Department of Health Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

#### Sponsor type

Government

#### Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

NHS National Programme for Primary Dental Care (UK)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

# Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	main results	01/01/2005	Yes	No
Results article	results on difficulties of patient recruitment	01/05/2005	Yes	No