# Testosterone therapy as an adjunct to exercise rehabilitation: effects on exercise capacity, inflammatory markers and quality of life in hypogonadal males with chronic heart failure

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
21/08/2006		[X] Protocol		
Registration date 13/09/2006	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 18/02/2013	Condition category Circulatory System	[] Individual participant data		

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr John Saxton

#### Contact details

Centre for Sport and Exercise Science Sheffield Hallam University Collegiate Crescent Campus Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2BP

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### Acronym

TEST-EX

#### **Study objectives**

Exercise rehabilitation and adjunctive testosterone therapy will evoke greater improvements in exercise capacity, circulating inflammatory markers, cardiac and skeletal muscle function, indices of psychological health status and quality of life than exercise alone in hypogonadal males with chronic heart failure.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval granted by the South Sheffield Research Ethics Committee (REC reference number: 06/Q2308/73), date of approval: June 2nd, 2006.

## Study design

Randomised double-blind placebo-controlled trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Not specified

# Study type(s)

Treatment

# Participant information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Hypogonadal males with chronic heart failure

#### **Interventions**

Exercise alone versus exercise and adjunctive testosterone therapy.

# Intervention Type

Drug

#### **Phase**

# Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Testosterone

#### Primary outcome measure

Exercise capacity at the 12 week time point in relation to baseline.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Inflammatory markers
- 2. Tests of cardiac and skeletal muscle function
- 3. Indices of psychological health status
- 4. Quality of life

#### Overall study start date

01/09/2006

## Completion date

31/08/2007

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Ambulant males
- 2. Over 18 years
- 3. Stable chronic heart failure
- 4. Blood testosterone level of less than 12 nmol/l
- 5. Symptoms of hypogonadism

## Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Male

## Target number of participants

36

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Unstable agina
- 2. Recent acute myocardial infarction
- 3. Decompensated heart failure
- 4. Haemodyamically significant valvular heart disease
- 5. Uncontrolled hypertension

- 6. Renal insufficiency
- 7. Urologic disorders
- 8. Orthopedic/neurologic illness limiting the ability to exercise

#### Date of first enrolment

01/09/2006

#### Date of final enrolment

31/08/2007

# **Locations**

# Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

Study participating centre Centre for Sport and Exercise Science Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2BP

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

Heart Research (UK)

#### Sponsor details

Suite 12D Joseph's Well Leeds United Kingdom LS3 1AB

#### Sponsor type

Charity

#### Website

http://www.heartresearch.org.uk

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/04j68sw28

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Not defined

#### Funder Name

Heart Research (UK) (reference number: RG2511/06/07)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>	protocol	30/11/2006		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/12/2012		Yes	No