# Effect of treatment with low-dose hydrocortisone on cirrhotic patients presenting with septic shock to the intensive care unit

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered	
18/07/2005	Stopped	☐ Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
08/09/2005	Stopped  Condition category	[X] Results	
Last Edited		Individual participant data	
25/01/2011	Infections and Infestations	Record updated in last year	

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### Study objectives

The use of hydrocortisone improves the survival of cirrhotics presenting with septic shock.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Not specified

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Septic shock in cirrhotics

#### **Interventions**

This a placebo-controlled double blind randomized controlled trial. The intervention is to give hydrocortisone versus palcebo. Ethic Committee approval date: 26/10/2003.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Hydrocortisone

#### Primary outcome measure

#### 28-all cause mortality

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Intensive care unit (ICU) mortality
- 2. Hospital mortality
- 3. Reversal of shock
- 4. Vasopressor-free days
- 5. Mechanical ventilation-free days
- 6. Renal replacement free days
- 7. ICU length of stay
- 8. ICU acquired infection
- 9. Requirment and duration of vasopressor therapy

#### Overall study start date

01/04/2004

#### Completion date

01/04/2006

#### Reason abandoned (if study stopped)

Objectives no longer viable

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Cirrhotic patients admitted to the Intensive Care Unit with septic shock

# Participant type(s)

Patient

# Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

150

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Pure hypovolemia
- 2. Hemorrhagic shock
- 3. Known adrenal insufficiency
- 4. Prior steroid use
- 5. Do not resuscitate (DNR) order
- 6. Patients in terminal condition
- 7. Contraindication to steroids
- 8. Refused consent
- 9. Post-cardiac arrest
- 10. Patient unexpected to survive 24 hours

#### Date of first enrolment

01/04/2004

#### Date of final enrolment

01/04/2006

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Saudi Arabia

# Study participating centre

P.O. Box 22490

Riyadh Saudi Arabia 11426

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

King Abdul Aziz City For Science and Technology (Saudi Arabia)

# Sponsor details

P.O Box 6086 Riyadh Saudi Arabia 11442 +966 1 4883444 gdrgp@kacst.edu.sa

#### Sponsor type

Research organisation

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/05tdz6m39

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Research organisation

#### **Funder Name**

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs** 

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	14/12/2010		Yes	No