The efficacy and safety of a short course of miltefosine and liposomal amphotericin B for visceral leishmaniasis in India

Submission date Recruitment status Prospectively registered 01/10/2007 No longer recruiting [] Protocol [] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 01/10/2007 Completed [X] Results [] Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category Infections and Infestations 05/08/2021

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number NCT00371995

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

The efficacy and safety of a short course of miltefosine and liposomal amphotericin B for visceral leishmaniasis in India

Study objectives

Visceral Leishmaniasis (VL) is a parasitological infection caused by Leishmania parasites that infect the reticulo-endothelial system and cause hepato-splenomegaly with pancytopenia. if untreated, there is a mortality rate of almost 100%. Most patients die from intercurrent infections.

Hypothesis:

To evaluate the efficacy and safety of a short course of liposomal amphotericin B in combination with miltefosine for the treatment of visceral leishmaniasis in India.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from:

- 1. World Health Organization research Ethics Review Committee (WHO ERC) on the 13th July 2007 (ref: RPC 209)
- 2. Ethics Committee of Rajendra Memorial Research Institute of Medical Sciences (RMRI-ICMR) on the 14th August 2007
- 3. Ethics Committee of Kala Azar Medical Research centre-Muzzaffarpur on the 18th August 2007

Study design

Open multicentre clinical trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Non randomised study

Study setting(s)

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Visceral leishmaniasis

Interventions

Liposomal amphotericin B (one injection of 5 mg/kg) then miltefosine for 14 days.

Contact information for Principal Investigators:

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Joint Sponsor information:

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Switzerland

Tel: + 41 (0)22 791 3725 Fax: + 41 (0)22 791 4854 Email: tdr@who.int

Wabsite: http://www.who.int/tdr

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Miltefosine, liposomal amphotericin B

Primary outcome measure

1. Final cure rate (initial parasitological cure rate based on splenic or bone marrow aspirate and clinical assessment at 6 months after end of treatment)

- 2. Initial cure rate (initial parasitological cure rate based on splenic or bone marrow aspirate, and clinical response at end of treatment)
- 3. Adverse events

Secondary outcome measures

No secondary outcome measures

Overall study start date

12/09/2007

Completion date

30/06/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Male and female of age between 2 and 65 years (inclusive)
- 2. Clinical signs and symptoms compatible with Kala Azar (e.g., fever, splenomegaly, anaemia, leucopenia)
- 3. Confirmed diagnosis of VL by visualisation of parasites on splenic/bone marrow aspirate
- 4. Written informed consent from the patient/or from parent or guardian if under 18 years old

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

150

Total final enrolment

135

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Haemoglobin less than 6 g/dl
- 2. White blood cell count less than 1000/mm³
- 3. Platelets less than 50,000
- 4. Prothrombin time greater than 5 seconds above control
- 5. Aspartate Aminotransferase (ASAT) greater than three times the upper limit of normal
- 6. Serum creatinine or Blood-Urea Nitrogen (BUN) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal
- 7. Malaria
- 8. Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) positive serology
- 9. Tuberculosis
- 10. Lactation, pregnancy
- 11. Refusing contraception method during treatment period plus 3 months

- 12. Any concomitant drug that is nephrotoxic
- 13. Previous treatment with amphotericin B or miltefosine. Previous treatment with antimony or paramomycin, if the treatment ended at least 2 months prior and the patient is clinically worsening, is permitted
- 14. Post Kala-azar Dermal Leishmaniasis (PKDL)
- 15. Concomitant treatment with other anti-leishmanial drugs
- 16. Any condition which compromises ability to comply with the study procedures

Date of first enrolment

12/09/2007

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

India

Switzerland

Study participating centre World Health Organization

Geneva-27 Switzerland CH-1211

Sponsor information

Organisation

Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) (India)

Sponsor details

V. Ramalingaswami Bhawan Ansari Nagar New Delhi India 110029

Sponsor type

Research council

Website

http://www.icmr.nic.in/

ROR

https://ror.org/0492wrx28

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) (India)

Alternative Name(s)

Indian Council of Medical Research, Government of India, Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR), New Delhi, ICMROrganisation, , Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi,, ICMR, ICMRDELHI, ...

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

India

Funder Name

Zentaris GmbH (Germany)

Funder Name

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)/United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) /World Bank/World Health Organization (WHO) - Special Programme for Research and Training in Tropical Diseases (TDR) (ref: LEI PDE 0603)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Study outputs

Output typeDetailsDate createdDate addedPeer reviewed?Patient-facing?Results article03/12/201005/08/2021YesNo