

OHIP study in edentulous population

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| Submission date 23/01/2018 | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | <input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol |
| Registration date 02/02/2018 | Overall study status Completed | <input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results |
| Last Edited 23/01/2023 | Condition category Oral Health | <input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data |

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

People who have lost teeth (edentulous) can be treated with false teeth (dentures). The process of making dentures is relatively quick and can take around one or two weeks. Patients also have to go through a process of adaptation to the dentures. During this period of adaptation, certain corrections need to be made. The corrections could be related to the base of the denture, to the artificial teeth in the dentures, or both. This study aims to recruit and observe about denture wearers to look at the improvement in their treatment and satisfaction with their dentures after adequate corrections.

Who could participate?

Patients over 60 years of age who require complete dentures

What does this study involve?

The participants are interviewed and observed immediately after receiving their dentures. After selected and appropriate interventions either on the base of the dentures or the surfaces of the artificial teeth, the patients are examined and interviewed again to complete a quality of life questionnaire after 90 days, 5 years and 9-10 years.

What are possible risks or benefits to the patients?

The study findings should show how to improve patients' satisfaction with their dentures. Generally, the patients are treated with conventional methods. There are no possible dangers and risks of the denture treatment, except when patients require insertion of implants into the jawbone.

Where is the study run from?

This study is run from towns and regional medical centers in central Bosnia

When is this study starting and how long it will last?

September 2016 to September 2019

Who is funding this study?

The Faculty of Pharmacy and Medicine and Dental Medical Center in Travnik (Bosnia)

Who is the main contact?
Associate Professor Srđan D. Poštić
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Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
03-67-1/14

Study information

Scientific Title
OHIP study in institutionalized and non-institutionalized terminally edentulous and edentulous complete denture wearers in Central Bosnia

Study objectives
The study hypothesis is that additional interventions on the acrylic complete dentures will provide benefit in oral quality of life and long-lasting treatment effects for denture wearers.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics Committee of the FZF-Pharmaceutical-Health Faculty in Travnik, B and H Federation, 03/03/2014, ref: 03-67-1/14

Study design

Multi-centre randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Quality of life and quality of oral condition

Interventions

The first study arm

The first study arm is related to small interventions on the base of the acrylic denture by removal of small amounts of polymerized acrylic within existing denturing bases towards opposing peak of edentulous ridges as well as small corrections of occlusion (occlusal corrections based on an intensity of the marks on occlusal surfaces of artificial teeth using 60 µm and 40 µm articulating papers) (Other: BK 09 Blue Bausch Thin Articulating Papers 40 microns and BK-17 Blue Bausch Thin Articulating Papers Item #/Vendor: 310098 / BK 17-0024"/60 microns, Bausch dental GmbH&Co, Koln, Germany, EU). The first study arm is expected to be applied not only for the great majority of a patients, but probably for all of the patients of this study (n=129). The randomization process will follow subjective remarks and objections of patients, as well as objective findings of the investigator-specialist of dental prosthetic. Follow-ups will be tracked immediately after the baseline (T=0), and in the initial beginning period of 1, 2, 3, 4, up to 9 months after delivery and positioning of the dentures in the mouth of the patients.

The second study arm

Initially corrected existing bases of the complete acrylic dentures will be either relined with soft silicone-based denture liner (Other: Major Total Soft, polyvinyl siloxane liner, Major Prodotti, Dentari S.p.A., Italy, EU) and then, after necessary period of adaptation (up to two months) rebased (Other: Rebasing material: Akrilat- R, self-curing acrylate for reparations, Laser Dental Products, Serbia, Europa) on selected area of the base of the dentures, or rebasing would have been primarily and only conducted using auto-curing acrylate (Other-. Active Comparator: Denture liner autopolymerizing resin-cooliner- rebasing material: Akrilat- R, self-curing acrylate for reparations, Laser Dental Products, Serbia, Europa), with chairside procedures. The randomization process will be based on subjective demands and objective findings respecting specific needs or conditions of edentulous patients. It is expected that more than 1/3 of patients (n=50) will go through this procedure in the period of 3 years. Follow ups will be initially after applying of the second study arm interventions, and then after 5 and after 9-10 years respecting baseline (T=0).

The third study arm

The third study arm is optional. It is related to additional positioning of endosseal implants (Other: Astra TECH Implant System or Ankylos Dentsply Friadent, DENTSPLY Implants Europa) in edentulous jaws – only the lower one, or only the upper ones, or the upper and the lower jaws, for selected patients. Procedure: Insertion of two screw type dental implants into jaw bone. Superstructure for these implants will be ball retainers for every solitary endosseal implant. The randomization process will follow subjective remarks and objections of a patients, as well as objective findings of the investigator-specialist of dental prosthetic and outcome accessor (expected number of a patients n=11). Randomization process will be ultimately by the presence or absence of osteopenia/osteoporosis in the jaws, bone quality, allergic propensity, and additional needs for local jaw-bone augmentation or other. Follow ups will be initially after applying of the third study arm interventions, and then after 9-10 years respecting baseline (T=0) i.e. at the end of this study. Patient satisfaction is assessed with the OHIP-EDENT questionnaire validated in Bosnian (Serbian version) language.

Intervention Type

Mixed

Primary outcome(s)

Oral health-related quality of life, assessed using the OHIP EDENT questionnaire at baseline, 90 days, 5 years and 9-10 years

Key secondary outcome(s)

Occlusal corrections measured using articulating paper immediately after the baseline, 1, 2, 3, 4, up to 9 months

Completion date

01/09/2019

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Edentulous in both jaws
2. Complete denture wearers
3. Clinically acceptable occlusal relationships
4. Healthy mucosa (with no signs of inflammation, traumatic lesions, candidiasis, hyperplasia or tumors)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Senior

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

117

Key exclusion criteria

1. Residual vertical bone height less than 10 mm
2. No attached mucosa in any region of mandible (type E)
3. Dentures with deteriorated intaglio surfaces
4. Dentures with large pre-existing fractures
5. Dentures with severely altered occlusal vertical dimension
6. Dentures with unsatisfactory occlusions
7. Neurological diseases
8. Lack of motor coordination
9. Difficulty of understanding instructions and the conditions of the study
10. Patients with residual roots, cysts or bone spicules
11. Patients with allergies to methyl methacrylate or silicone
12. Knife-edge mandibular ridges

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2017

Date of final enrolment

23/04/2018

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Study participating centre**Hospital in Travnik**

Travnik

Bosnia and Herzegovina

72270

Study participating centre**Hospital Zenica**

Zenica

Bosnia and Herzegovina

72000

Study participating centre**Hospital Vitez**

Vitez

Bosnia and Herzegovina

72250

Study participating centre
Federal Medical Ambulance in Bugojno
Bugojno
Bosnia and Herzegovina
70230

Sponsor information

Organisation
Medical Centar

Funder(s)

Funder type
University/education

Funder Name
Faculty of Pharmacy and Health, Travnik

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a publicly available repository

Preprint results in <https://doi.org/10.21203/rs.3.rs-117922/v1> (added 02/03/2021)

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in repository

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|---|---|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article | results | 20/09/2020 | 04/03/2021 | Yes | No |
| Results article | Psychometric properties of ohip-edent b&h for conventional complete denture wearers | 10/01/2023 | 23/01/2023 | Yes | No |
| Participant information sheet | Participant information sheet | 11/11/2025 | 11/11/2025 | No | Yes |

