

Prophylactic Irradiation of Tracts in mesothelioma

Submission date 17/05/2012	Recruitment status Stopped	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 17/05/2012	Overall study status Stopped	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 21/06/2019	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

<http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/cancer-help/trials/a-trial-looking-type-radiotherapy-called-pit-people-tests-lung-cancer-called-mesothelioma-pit>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT01604005

Protocol serial number

12213

Study information

Scientific Title

A phase III randomised trial of prophylactic irradiation of tracts in patients with malignant pleural mesothelioma following invasive chest wall intervention

Acronym

PIT

Study objectives

The PIT (Prophylactic Irradiation of Tracts) trial will determine the efficacy, as assessed by the incidence of chest wall metastasis, of PIT following invasive chest wall intervention in malignant pleural mesothelioma compared to no prophylactic radiotherapy.

Patients will be randomised on a 1:1 basis to receive PIT or No PIT. The trial is a phase III multi-centre trial that aims to recruit 374 patients across the UK.

After randomisation PIT patients will receive 21 Gy over 3 fractions. All patients will be followed up for a total of 52 weeks with regular clinic visits and then followed up over the phone.

The primary endpoint is Incidence of chest wall tract metastasis 6 months from randomisation. The secondary endpoints are: time from randomisation to chest wall metastasis; position of metastasis in relation to radiation field for PIT patients; acute and late skin toxicity for PIT patients; and pain from chest wall metastasis evaluated using the Visual Analogue Scale (VAS) pain score

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Greater Manchester West Ethics Committee, 04/04/2012, ref: 12/NW/0249

Study design

Randomised interventional prevention trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Lung Cancer, Mesothelioma

Interventions

Patients who meet the eligibility criteria will be randomised to PIT or No PIT. The PIT patients will receive radiotherapy at 21 Gy in 3 fractions to the intervention (surgery) site. Chemotherapy on both arms is optional. Follow up is for 2 years on both arms (or until chest wall recurrence or death) and includes regular telephone follow up and for the first year patients coming in to the hospital regularly as outpatients.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Phase III

Primary outcome(s)

Efficacy as assessed by the incidence of chest wall metastasis

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Toxicity of PIT
2. Time to chest wall metastasis in patients undergoing PIT as compared to no radiotherapy
3. Pain from chest wall metastasis

Completion date

30/06/2015

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Either sex, age = 18 year
2. Diagnosis of mesothelioma by MDT
3. All histological subtypes. Where the histological diagnosis is unclear, a specialist thoracic pathologist should be consulted.
4. ECOG performance status 0-2.
5. Inoperable disease or operable disease in patients unsuitable for surgery as decided by a MDT.
6. Chest wall intervention with video-assisted thoracoscopy (VATS), open surgical biopsy, local anaesthetic thoracoscopy or chest drain.
7. Able to start radiotherapy within 42 days (6 weeks) from most recent chest wall intervention.
8. Chest wall intervention scar visible at time of randomisation.
9. No indwelling pleural catheters in-situ at the intervention site
10. RT target volume acceptable by the local radiotherapist.
11. No previous open thoracotomy.
12. No previous radiotherapy to the region of the chest wall intervention site.
13. Not currently receiving chemotherapy and not received chemotherapy for mesothelioma before randomisation
14. No other previous or concomitant illness or treatment which in the opinion of the clinician will interfere with the trial treatments or comparisons.
15. Patients enrolled on other clinical trials could be considered after discussion with the chief investigators.
16. Female patients must satisfy the investigator that they are not pregnant, or are not of childbearing potential, or are using adequate contraception.
17. Patients must not be breastfeeding
18. Absence of any psychological, familial, sociological or geographical condition potentially hampering compliance with the trial protocol and follow-up schedule; those conditions should be discussed with the patient before registration in the trial
19. Before patient registration/randomisation, written informed consent must be given according to ICH/GCP, and national/local regulations.
20. Patients can only be randomised in this trial once.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients who underwent a thoracotomy (as large thoracotomy scars may not be adequately covered by this radiotherapy technique)
2. Previous radiotherapy to the region of the chest wall intervention site
3. Patients currently receiving chemotherapy

Date of first enrolment

30/05/2012

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2015

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

The Christie NHS Foundation Trust

Manchester

United Kingdom

M20 4BX

Sponsor information**Organisation**

Christie Hospital NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/03v9efr22>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Research for Patient Benefit Programme

Alternative Name(s)

NIHR Research for Patient Benefit Programme, Research for Patient Benefit (RfPB), The NIHR Research for Patient Benefit (RfPB), RfPB

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	27/01/2016		Yes	No