

Can patching be improved in lazy eye treatment?

Submission date 01/04/2008	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 16/05/2008	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 17/03/2014	Condition category Eye Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Prof Irene Gottlob

Contact details
University of Leicester
Ophthalmology
Leicester
United Kingdom
LE2 7LX

Additional identifiers

Study information

Scientific Title
Can patching be improved in amblyopia treatment?

Study objectives
Educational/motivational material would improve the compliance with patching treatment.

As of 30/11/2011 the anticipated end date for this trial has been updated. The original date was 31/05/2008.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

1. Leicestershire, Northamptonshire & Rutland Research Ethics Committee (LREC), 03/06/2004, ref: 04/Q2501/32
2. Multi-centre Research Ethics Committee (MREC), 03/06/2004, ref: 04/Q2501/32

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Amblyopia

Interventions

After wearing optimal glasses for 6 weeks children will be asked to patch for all waking hours for 6 out of 7 days a week for 12 weeks.

Group 1: The participants will receive educational materials. We have designed information booklets which explains the condition (amblyopia) for parents, teachers, brothers/sisters and classmates, advice on patching, a motivational story book for the patient and a quotation booklet. We also have a DVD.

Group 2: No intervention

Update as of 30/11/2011: An amendment was made to also include monitoring of glasses wear.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Compliance measured by Occlusion Dose Monitor (ODM) for the entire period of patching (3 months).

Key secondary outcome(s)

Difference in percentage increase of VA between Group 1 and 2 at the end of 12 weeks treatment period.

Completion date

31/05/2012

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Children, both males and females, able to perform Glasgow visual acuity test (age 3 - 8 years)
2. Newly detected strabismic, mixed or anisometropic amblyopia (anisometropia = difference >0.5 spherical equivalent or >1.5 diopters for astigmatism) with 0.3 or more logmar difference in visual acuity (VA) between the amblyopic and dominant eye

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

3 Years

Upper age limit

8 Years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Children who have other ophthalmic or neurological diseases
2. Premature children

Date of first enrolment

02/08/2004

Date of final enrolment

31/05/2012

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

University of Leicester

Leicester

United Kingdom

LE2 7LX

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospitals of Leicester NHS trust (UHL) (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/02fha3693>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

National Eye Research Centre (NERC) (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

National Eye Research Centre, SightResearchUK, SRUK, NERC

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Universities (academic only)

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/07/2014		Yes	No