

# Preterm Premature Rupture Of Membranes between 34 and 37 weeks: EXpectant management versus Induction of Labour 2

<b>Submission date</b> 31/01/2010	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 07/06/2010	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 29/12/2020	<b>Condition category</b> Pregnancy and Childbirth	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

## Study information

### Scientific Title

The effectiveness of immediate delivery after preterm prelabour rupture of membranes between 34 and 37 weeks compared to expectant management in a multicentre randomised controlled trial

**Acronym**

**Study objectives**

Induction of labour in patients with preterm premature rupture of membranes (PPROM) between 34 and 37 weeks' gestation will reduce the incidence of neonatal sepsis. This advantage may outweigh the effects of prematurity (e.g. respiratory distress syndrome and hypoglycaemia)

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

Ethics committee of the University Hospital Maastricht

**Study design**

Multicentre randomised controlled trial

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Preterm prelabour rupture of membranes

**Interventions**

Participants will be randomised to induction of labour or expectant management. If randomised for induction: same day or the day after. If randomised for expectant management: induction at 37 weeks' gestation. Duration of treatment: Maximum 3 weeks. The follow-up will be done after 6 weeks, 6 months and 2 years.

The analysis will be done by intention to treat. Relative risks and 95% confidence intervals will be calculated for the relevant outcome measures. The analysis will be stratified for centre and parity. In case of equivalence between outcomes, the analysis will be repeated on a per protocol basis. Quality of life as well as pain scores will be analysed using repeated measures analysis of variance. Also a cost-effectiveness analysis will be done.

**Intervention Type**

Other

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Primary outcome(s)**

Neonatal sepsis, measured immediately on discharge from hospital

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Respiratory distress syndrome (RDS)
2. Transient tachypnoea of the newborn
3. Asphyxia

4. Pneumothorax/pneumomediastinum
5. Late onset sepsis
6. Hypoglycaemia
7. Meconium aspiration syndrome
8. Necrotising enterocolitis (NEC)
9. Hyperbilirubinaemia
10. Intraventricular haemorrhage
11. Periventricular leucomalacia
12. Convulsions
13. Other neurological abnormalities and congenital abnormalities

Secondary maternal outcome measures:

1. Antepartum haemorrhage
2. Umbilical cord prolapse
3. Signs of chorioamnionitis
4. Maternal sepsis
5. Thrombo-embolic complications
6. Urinary tract infection treated with antibiotics
7. Signs of endometritis
8. Pneumonia
9. Anaphylactic shock
10. Haemolysis, Elevated Liver Enzymes, Low Platelets (HELLP) syndrome
11. Death
12. Incidence of instrumental deliveries
13. Maternal quality of life
14. Maternal intervention reference
15. Costs

Other outcomes:

Direct medical and non-medical costs, generated by maternal and neonatal resource utilisation during admission and post-discharge follow-up until 6 weeks after randomisation. The economic evaluation will integrate the primary clinical outcome and costs in a cost effectiveness analysis.

All outcomes will be measured immediately on discharge from hospital, and also 6 weeks and 6 months post-partum.

**Completion date**

31/12/2010

## **Eligibility**

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Women presenting with preterm prelabour rupture of the foetal membranes between 34+0 and 37+0 weeks' gestation and have not delivered within 24 hours after rupture of the foetal membranes
3. Women presenting with preterm prelabour rupture of foetal membranes after 26+0 weeks gestation who have not delivered at 34+0 weeks of gestation
4. Single and multiple gestations
5. Women with child in breech presentation can also be included

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Female

**Total final enrolment**

195

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Monochorionic multiple pregnancies
2. Abnormal (non-reassuring) cardiotocogram (CTG)
3. Meconium stained amniotic fluid
4. Signs of intrauterine infection
5. Major foetal anomalies
6. Being in labour
7. Hemolytic anaemia, elevated liver enzymes and low platelet count (HELLP) syndrome
8. Severe pre-eclampsia

**Date of first enrolment**

01/01/2010

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2010

**Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

Netherlands

**Study participating centre**

**De Run 4600**

Veldhoven

Netherlands

5500 MB

**Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

Academic Medical Centre (AMC) (Netherlands)

ROR

<https://ror.org/03t4gr691>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

The Netherlands Organisation for Health Research and Development (ZonMw) (Netherlands)

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/10/2012	29/12/2020	Yes	No
<a href="#">Other publications</a>	secondary analysis	01/09/2014		Yes	No
<a href="#">Other publications</a>	prediction model development	01/05/2014	29/12/2020	Yes	No
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes