

Therapeutic drug monitoring in children with cancer

Submission date 09/05/2019	Recruitment status Recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 10/05/2019	Overall study status Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 19/12/2025	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

<https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-study-measuring-the-levels-of-chemotherapy-in-the-blood-nccpg-tdm-2018> (added 23/04/2020)

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

NCCPG TDM 2018

Study information

Scientific Title

A clinical pharmacology study to investigate the utility of therapeutic drug monitoring in challenging childhood cancer patient populations

Study objectives

The use of therapeutic drug monitoring relates to the measurement of drug levels in biological samples to individualise patient treatment through changing drug doses. This is conducted with a view to improving how effective the drug is and/or reducing side effects.

Over several years we have identified childhood cancer patients who clearly benefit from this treatment approach with commonly used cancer drugs. These 'hard to treat' patients include pre-term infants and newborn children, patients with no or poorly functioning kidneys, obese children and patients receiving high dose chemotherapy. The current study will allow us to maximise the information that is generated from treating patients in this way, with information relating to individual patient exposure and clinical outcome collected from a significant number of patients.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 23/01/2019, North East - Newcastle and North Tyneside 2 Research Ethics Committee (NHSBT Newcastle Blood Donor Centre, Holland Dr, Newcastle upon Tyne NE2 4NQ; 0207 104 8019; nrescommittee.northeast-newcastleandnorthtyneside2@nhs.net), ref: 18/NE/0384

Study design

Multi-centre basic science study

Primary study design

Observational

Study type(s)

Other

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cancer

Interventions

The trial will recruit an estimated 150 patients within defined 'hard to treat' categories. These include pre-term infants and newborns, patients with impaired kidney function or no kidneys, patients receiving high dose chemotherapy, obese patients, and those receiving chemotherapy where the drug is injected directly into the tumour.

Patients will be referred to the study following decisions made by their treating clinician to use Therapeutic Drug Monitoring as part of the patient's standard treatment.

Clinical and response data will be collected following each cycle of treatment and all relevant clinical information and data generated will be entered into a patient registry in an anonymised form available only to registered medical staff with individual password-protected user accounts. Clinicians will then be able to use this information when treating future patients within these 'hard to treat' groups.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome(s)

Definition of the pharmacokinetics of widely used anti-cancer drugs in defined 'hard to treat' patient populations; assessment of factors associated with pharmacokinetic variability in defined 'hard to treat' patient populations.

Measured by analysis of samples from patients.

Time point - end of study.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Establishment of a national registry to provide access to data relating to the dosing of a comprehensive library of chemotherapeutic in defined 'hard to treat' patient populations.

Measured by analysis of samples from patients - data published on trial website.

Time point - ongoing throughout study as data become available.

2. Development of national treatment guidelines supporting the use of Therapeutic Drug Monitoring treatment strategies for patients treated in the UK and more widely.

Measured by analysis of samples from patients.

Time point - end of study.

Completion date

01/06/2029

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Age <18 years.
2. Confirmed diagnosis of cancer.
3. Patient receiving a 'non-standard' strategy of chemotherapy delivery (see below for examples of patient groups that fall into this category).*
4. Appropriate venous access.
5. Request from the treating clinician for therapeutic drug monitoring approach to treatment.
6. Willingness to participate and written informed parental/patient consent (signed and dated).

* Patients receiving non-standard chemotherapy dosing regimens will include the following groups: pre-term infants and neonates, anephric patients, patients receiving high dose myeloablative chemotherapy, patients undergoing chemoembolisation procedures, obese patients (BMI at or above the 95th percentile for children of the same age and sex).

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

0 years

Upper age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

168

Key exclusion criteria

Failure to meet the inclusion criteria.

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2019

Date of final enrolment

30/11/2028

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

Scotland

Wales

Study participating centre

Royal Aberdeen Children's Hospital

Westburn Road

Aberdeen

Scotland

AB25 2ZG

Study participating centre

Birmingham Children's Hospital

Steelhouse Lane

Birmingham

England

B4 6NH

Study participating centre

Bristol Royal Hospital for Children
Upper Maudlin Street
Bristol
England
BS2 8BJ

Study participating centre
Addenbrooke's Hospital
Hills Road
Cambridge
England
CB2 2QQ

Study participating centre
Children's Hospital of Wales
Heath Park
Cardiff
Wales
CF14 4XW

Study participating centre
Royal Hospital for Sick Children, Edinburgh
Sciennes Road
Edinburgh
Scotland
EH9 1LF

Study participating centre
Royal Hospital for Sick Children, Glasgow
1345 Govan Road
Glasgow
Scotland
G51 4TF

Study participating centre
Great Ormond Street Hospital
Great Ormond Street
London
England
WC1N 3JH

Study participating centre
Leeds General Infirmary,
Great George St
Leeds
England
LS1 3EX

Study participating centre
Alder Hey Children's Hospital
Eaton Road
Liverpool
England
L12 2AP

Study participating centre
Royal Manchester Children's Hospital
Oxford Road
Manchester
England
M13 9WL

Study participating centre
Royal Victoria Infirmary
Queen Victoria Road
Newcastle upon Tyne
England
NE1 4LP

Study participating centre
Queens Medical Centre
Derby Rd
Nottingham
England
NG7 2UH

Study participating centre
John Radcliffe Hospital
Headley Way
Headington

Oxford
England
OX3 9DU

Study participating centre
Sheffield Children's Hospital
Western Bank
Sheffield
England
S10 2TH

Study participating centre
Southampton General Hospital
Tremona Road
Southampton
England
SO16 6YD

Study participating centre
University College Hospital London
250 Euston Road
London
England
NW1 2PG

Sponsor information

Organisation
Newcastle upon Tyne Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

ROR
<https://ror.org/05p40t847>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research

Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a non-publicly available repository.

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in non-publicly available repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		16/11/2024	19/11/2024	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No