

Effectiveness of an optimized mobile phone-based life skills training program for addiction prevention among adolescents

Submission date 16/08/2023	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☒ Prospectively registered ☐ Protocol
Registration date 18/08/2023	Overall study status Completed	☐ Statistical analysis plan ☒ Results
Last Edited 20/07/2026	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The results of an already completed study showed the effectiveness of a mobile phone-based life skills training program for addiction prevention. However, socially stratifying factors like educational level or migration background were associated with lower program use and participation. Taking into account these differences, we subsequently optimized and tailored program elements, particularly for subgroups with low program engagement using qualitative interview data. This study aims to test whether the optimized program version is superior to the original one in terms of effectiveness and program use.

Who can participate?

Secondary and upper secondary school students, typically aged between 14 and 17, who own a mobile phone.

What does the study involve?

Participants will be randomly allocated to either the optimized program version with advanced tailoring or the original version. Both groups will receive mobile phone-based life skills training, where they receive up to 4 weekly individually tailored text messages over 4 months, designed to improve their social skills, and their ability to cope with stress and resist social pressure. There will also be interactive features, such as quiz questions, message and picture contests, and a friendly competition between users to collect credits.

Participants in both groups will be asked to complete questionnaires relating to substance use, perceived stress, and social skills at the beginning of the study as well as after 6 months.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The possible benefit to participants is that the intervention will improve their life skills and prevent substance use. There are no known risks to participants taking part in this study.

Where is the study run from?

Swiss Research Institute for Public Health and Addiction (Switzerland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
April 2022 to April 2025

Who is funding the study?
Swiss National Science Foundation (Switzerland)

Who is the main contact?
Dr. Severin Haug, severin.haug@isgf.uzh.ch (Switzerland)

Contact information

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

10001C_204412/1

Study information

Scientific Title

Effectiveness of a mobile phone-based life skills training program for addiction prevention among adolescents optimized with regard to social inequalities: a cluster randomized controlled trial

Acronym

SmartCoach

Study objectives

We hypothesize that the optimized program version, including advanced tailoring, will result in increased program effectiveness, indicated by lower substance use at 6-month follow-up and increased program engagement.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 17/04/2022, Ethics Committee of the Faculty of Arts and Sciences at the University of Zurich (Andreasstrasse 15, P.O. Box 12, Zurich, 8050, Switzerland; +41 44 635 71 81; chair.ethics.committee@phil.uzh.ch), ref: 22.2.15

Primary study design

Interventional

Study design

Interventional two-arm single-blind cluster-randomized controlled trial

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Substance use prevention

Interventions

Participants will be cluster-randomized, using school class as a randomization unit. Due to the heterogeneity of students in the different secondary schools, we will use a separate randomization list for each school (stratified randomization). Furthermore, to approximate the equality of sample sizes in the study groups, we will use block randomization with computer generated randomly permuted blocks of 4 cases.

School classes will be randomized into two groups: (1) an intervention group receiving the optimized program version with advanced tailoring or (2) the original program version. Research assistants supervising the baseline and follow-up assessments will be blinded to the group allocation of the participants.

Participants in both intervention groups will receive up to 4 weekly text messages over 4 months in order to stimulate:

1. Positive outcome expectations, such as using self-management skills to cope with stress
2. Self-efficacy, i.e., to resist social pressure
3. Observational learning, for example of interpersonal competences
4. Facilitation of strategies to cope with negative emotions
5. Self-regulation, for example, by self-monitoring of stress and emotions

These texts will include interactive features to stimulate active program engagement, such as quiz questions, message and picture contests, and integration of a friendly competition with prizes, in which program users collect credits with each interaction.

The optimized program version will include additional tailoring for participants with personal or parental backgrounds from non-German-speaking countries, who will receive shorter video clips. Furthermore, other stressors, including acculturation and quarrel with the family, will be addressed and the weekly text messages are not always sent on Tuesdays but on different days of the week. Finally, the contest's time was extended, and a reminder was integrated into the optimized program version.

There will be a follow-up assessment 6 months after study inclusion, which will include program evaluations as well as questionnaires addressing life skills (stress, social skills) and substance use (alcohol, nicotine, and cannabis use).

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

The following primary outcome measures will be assessed at the baseline and at the 6-month follow-up:

1. Alcohol use in the preceding 30 days measured using the Alcohol Use Disorders Identification Test (AUDIT-C)
2. Number of days that nicotine-containing products are smoked in the preceding 30 days measured using a questionnaire
3. Cannabis use days in the preceding 30 days measured using a questionnaire

Key secondary outcome(s)

The following secondary outcome measures will be assessed at the baseline and at the 6-month follow-up:

1. Perceived stress measured using a single item from the Swiss Juvenir study: "How often have you had the feeling of being overstressed or overwhelmed in the last month?"
2. Interpersonal competencies measured using the brief version of the Interpersonal Competence Questionnaire (ICQ-10)

The following secondary outcome measure concerning program use will be measured from the server protocol:

Total number of interactions with the program (replying to quizzes, retrieving media objects like videos or web links, and participating in self-challenges or contests)

Completion date

30/04/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Secondary or upper secondary school student
2. Minimum age of 14 years
3. Possession of a mobile phone

Participant type(s)

Learner/student

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

14 Years

Upper age limit

17 Years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

890

Key exclusion criteria

Not meeting the participant inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2023

Date of final enrolment

01/12/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Switzerland

Study participating centre
Swiss Research Institute for Public Health and Addiction
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Sponsor information

Organisation
Swiss Research Institute for Public Health and Addiction

Funder(s)

Funder type
Research organisation

Funder Name
Schweizerischer Nationalfonds zur Förderung der Wissenschaftlichen Forschung

Alternative Name(s)
Schweizerischer Nationalfonds, Swiss National Science Foundation, Fonds National Suisse de la Recherche Scientifique, Fondo Nazionale Svizzero per la Ricerca Scientifica, Fonds National Suisse, Fondo Nazionale Svizzero, Schweizerische Nationalfonds, The Swiss National Science Foundation (SNSF), SNF, SNSF, FNS

Funding Body Type
Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype
Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location
Switzerland

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a publically available repository (SwissUbase) at <https://www.swissubase.ch/en/>. SWISSUbase is a research data service that provides a technical environment and services for the management of research projects and the archiving, dissemination, and promotion of research data and metadata. SWISSUbase fulfils the FAIR data principles and is compliant with international data and metadata standards. The data are open access to provide unrestricted access to research results and to promote collective knowledge.

The researchers obtained consent from all participants that their data are available anonymously via this publicly available repository. All data for the outcome analyses, syntax and documentation are available via SwissUbase.

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		15/07/2026	20/07/2026	Yes	No
Study website		11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes